

Mental Health Annual Report 2014

Use of Mental Health Services: National Client-level Data

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

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ORIGINATING OFFICE

Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
5600 Fishers Lane, Room 15SEH03
Rockville, Maryland 20857

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HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents results from the Mental Health Client Level Data (MH-CLD) and Mental Health Treatment Episode Set (MH-TEDS) for individuals receiving mental health treatment services in 2014, as well as selected data collection trends for such individuals from 2011 to 2014. The report provides information on mental health diagnoses, mental health treatment services, and demographic and substance use characteristics of individuals in mental health treatment in facilities that reported to individual state administrative data systems. One chapter is also devoted to characteristics of admissions to and discharges from mental health treatment, which can feature the same individual on multiple occasions.

- Forty-seven states and jurisdictions submitted 5,704,764 records for individuals receiving mental health services in 2014. Alaska, American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Georgia, Guam, Maine, Marshall Islands, Michigan, New Hampshire, Palau, Virgin Islands, and West Virginia had submitted no data or incomplete data for 2014 as of May 08, 2015 [Table 1.1, Appendix B].
- Of the 5,704,764 eligible client-level records, 88 percent (or 4,999,556 records) had mental health diagnoses. These records form the basis for most tables in this report. However, individual records may not have data for all variables, so the analysis of specific variables may be based on a smaller number of individuals [Table 1.1].

State Client-Level Data Reporting: 2011-2014

For the 2011 reporting period, 19 states and jurisdictions reported that a total of 1,961,638 individuals had received mental health services; for the 2014 reporting period, seven states and jurisdictions reported that a total of 5,704,764 individuals had received mental health services [Table 1.1].

- More than 50 percent of the total individuals served were female in every reporting period between 2011 and 2014 [Table 1.2a].
- For the 2011 to 2014 reporting periods, Whites represented between 67 and 74 percent of the individuals served; Blacks or African Americans represented between 17 and 21 percent; and American Indians or Alaska Natives represented between 1 and 2 percent [Table 1.3].
- In every reporting period, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported any-mention mental health diagnoses, regardless of gender or ethnicity, and for every race except Blacks or African Americans in 2011-2012 and Asians in the 2012 reporting period. For these exceptions, schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported any-mention diagnoses [Tables 1.11a-1.14c].

Children and Adolescents Aged 17 and Younger Receiving Mental Health Services: 2014

A total of 1,514,755 children and adolescents were served in 2014 [Table 2.1a].

- Nineteen percent of females aged 17 and younger had reported diagnoses of depressive disorders [Table 2.1c].
- Twenty-nine percent of males aged 17 and younger had a diagnosis of ADD/ADHD, compared with only 15 percent of their female counterparts.

Young Adults Aged 18 to 25 Receiving Mental Health Services: 2014

A total of 576,361 young adults aged 18 to 25 were served in 2014 [Table 3.1a].

- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 of every racial and ethnic group [Table 3.1c].

Adults Aged 26 to 54 Receiving Mental Health Services: 2014

A total of 2,212,988 adults aged 26 to 54 were served in 2014 [Table 4.1a].

- In the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses among males served aged 26 to 54 were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (26 percent) [Table 4.1c].
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for all races served aged 26 to 54, except Asians, ranging from 30 percent among Blacks or African Americans to 32 percent among Whites and American Indians or Alaska Natives. Among Asians served aged 26 to 54, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (34 percent).

Older Adults Aged 55 and Older Receiving Mental Health Services: 2014

A total of 693,277 adults aged 55 and older were served in 2014 [Table 5.1a].

- Among females served aged 55 years and older in 2014, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (41 percent) and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (21 percent) [Table 5.1c].
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 55 and older of all races except Blacks or African Americans, ranging from 36 percent of American Indians or Alaska Natives to 49 percent of Asians. Among Black or African American individuals, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (40 percent).

Individuals with Co-occurring Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Receiving Mental Health Services: 2014

A total of 741,923 individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders were served in 2014 [Table 6.1a].

- During the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses among males served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (25 percent); for females, they were depressive disorders (32 percent) [Table 6.1c].
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring non-dependent opioid use (37 percent), alcohol dependence (35 percent), opioid dependence (34 percent), and non-dependent alcohol use (30 percent) [Table 6.3c].

MH-TEDS Admissions and Discharges: 2014

In the 2014 reporting period, six states (Connecticut [adults only], the District of Columbia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Puerto Rico) reported a total of 403,670 admissions to MH-TEDS [Table 7.1].

- Of those that were admitted to treatment prior to the 2014 reporting period, 59 percent received treatment in community programs, 42 percent received treatment in institutions under the justice system, and 32 percent received treatment in state psychiatric hospitals.
- More than half (53 percent) of admissions for individuals in treatment during the 2014 reporting period occurred prior to the reporting period [Table 7.2b].
- There were more male than female admissions for ADD/ADHD, conduct disorder, and oppositional defiant disorder. There were more female than male admissions for adjustment disorders, anxiety disorders, bipolar disorders, and depressive disorders [Table 7.3a and 7.10a].

BACKGROUND

Mental health services data are currently collected for and reported to the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration’s (SAMHSA’s) Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (CBHSQ). The State Mental Health Agencies (SMHAs) are the state entities with primary responsibility for reporting the data in accordance with the reporting terms and conditions of the Behavioral Health Services Information System (BHSIS) Agreements funded by SAMHSA. The BHSIS Agreement stipulates that states and jurisdictions submit Uniform Reporting System (URS) data and client-level data on the first of December each year, in compliance with Mental Health Block Grant reporting requirements (42 U.S.C. § 300x-6).

URS data reporting started in early 2000 in an effort spearheaded by SAMHSA’s Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) to collect both system performance measures and client outcomes at an aggregate level. Collection of client-level data came later.

In 2008, SAMHSA, through CMHS tested the feasibility of transitioning from aggregate reporting of SAMHSA’s mental health National Outcome Measures (NOMs)¹ to individual-level data reporting. This led to the development of the Mental Health Client-level Data (MH-CLD) reporting method. The development was supported by Data Infrastructure Grants (DIGs), which were a vehicle through which states and jurisdictions received financial and technical assistance from SAMHSA to assist in their capacity-building effort to meet the Block Grant reporting requirements.

The general framework for the MH-CLD involves a compilation of the demographic, clinical, and outcome data of individuals served by the SMHA within a state-defined 12-month reporting period. States may choose the calendar year or the state fiscal year for their reporting period. “Individuals served” is defined as all enrolled individuals who received mental health and support services, including screening, assessment, crisis services, and telemedicine from programs operated or funded by the SMHA during the reporting period.

Two data sets are submitted each reporting period: Basic Client Information (BCI) is due each December 1st and the State Hospital Readmission (SHR) is due March 1st of the following year. Data from these two data sets inform five mental health NOMs: Access to Services/Capacity, Stability in Housing/Residential Status, 30-day and 180-day Readmission to State Hospital, Adult Employment or Children’s School Attendance and Education Level, and Criminal Justice Involvement. Five additional NOMs—Social Connectedness, Decreased Mental Illness Symptomatology, Perception of Care, Cost Effectiveness, and Use of EBP Practices—have not been converted into client-level data reporting and continue to be captured in the URS. Data are reported in accordance with the HIPAA rules for non-Protected Health Information (non-PHI).

¹ National outcome measures can be found at http://www.dasis.samhsa.gov/dasis2/noms/noms_atth1.pdf.

In 2010, SAMHSA, through CBHSQ, began a parallel effort of testing the feasibility of building a national behavioral health database that integrates both mental health and substance use data using a uniform platform for data reporting. This effort led to the integration of mental health data into the well-established system of reporting for substance use client-level data, known as the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS).² To enable reporting of mental health client data to TEDS, the system was modified to incorporate data elements that capture the characteristics unique to the mental health services system and the individuals receiving mental health services. These characteristics include, among others, the extended period of time that an individual may be engaged in treatment, the recovery process, and the simultaneous receipt of different types of services from different service providers, etc. This method of reporting mental health data at the individual level is referred to as the Mental Health Treatment Episode Data Set (MH-TEDS).

Unlike MH-CLD, MH-TEDS is structured around treatment events, that is, admissions and discharges from specific service settings. Admission and discharge records can be linked to track treatment episodes and the treatment services received by individuals. Thus, with MH-TEDS, both the individual client and the treatment episode can serve as a unit of analysis, whereas with MH-CLD the client is the sole unit of analysis. The common TEDS platform in which both the substance use and mental health data are reported enhances the ability to report data on people with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders. It also offers optional data fields for individuals with mental illness that are not captured in MH-CLD, such as referral source, details on criminal justice referral, income sources, and health insurance.

MH-TEDS is a compilation of demographic, substance use, mental health, clinical, legal, and socioeconomic characteristics of individuals who are primarily receiving publicly-funded mental health and/or substance use services. MH-TEDS data support program performance measurement and management goals. The same set of mental health NOMs enumerated under MH-CLD is also supported by MH-TEDS. Thus, while both MH-TEDS and MH-CLD collect similar client-level data, the collection methodology differs.

National mental health client-level data reporting was launched in 2011, when MD-CLD was the only reporting method available. States, the District of Columbia, and U.S. jurisdictions including Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the six Pacific Jurisdictions (American Samoa, Guam, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Palau) with the capacity to report client-level data were encouraged to do so. The number of states reporting MH-CLD and MH-TEDS data increased from 19 in 2011 to 32 in 2012 and 46 in 2013 to 47 in 2014. See Appendix B for the number of states that used each reporting method. The Northern Mariana Islands was the first Pacific Jurisdiction to report data (for the 2012 reporting period), and it is the only Pacific jurisdiction to do so as of this report's publication date. While the number reporting client-level data has increased, it is also important

² See: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. *Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS): 2004-2014. National Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment Services*. BHSIS Series S-84, HHS Publication No. (SMA) 16-4986. Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 2016, and Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. *Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS): 2013. Discharges from Substance Abuse Treatment Services*. BHSIS Series S-86, HHS Publication No. (SMA) 16-4988. Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 2016.

to note that the level of reporting varies. Two states (New York and Tennessee) are able to submit data only for a subset of the total number of individuals that they served during a reporting period.

Beginning in the 2014 reporting period, states could choose which method to use for data reporting, either MH-CLD or MH-TEDS. Forty-two states chose MH-CLD, four states (Oklahoma, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Connecticut) and one jurisdiction (Puerto Rico) chose MH-TEDS, and Washington, DC, which was reporting client-level data for the first time, selected to use MH-TEDS. However, because Connecticut uses both methods (MH-CLD to report data for children and adolescents and MH-TEDS to report data for adults), a total of 47 states and jurisdictions reported client-level data for the 2014 reporting period.

In summary, this report presents the client-level data reported for the 2011 through 2014 reporting periods. Data from all four reporting periods are presented in Chapter 1; only 2014 data are used in succeeding chapters. Data for the 2011 through 2013 reporting periods were collected using the MH-CLD while the 2014 data are derived from a reconciliation of the two reporting methods (MH-TEDS and MH-CLD) using the individual as the unit of analysis.

See Appendix A for a crosswalk of data fields collected in MH-TEDS and MH-CLD.

INTRODUCTION

This report presents mental health client-level data submitted for the 2011 through 2014 reporting periods using the Mental Health Client-Level Data (MH-CLD) and the Mental Health Treatment Episode Data Set (MH-TEDS). This report provides information on the demographics, characteristics, and outcomes of individuals served by the State Mental Health Agencies (SMHAs) for these four reporting periods, with particular focus on the most recent reporting period. The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) has provided support to states to build capacity to collect and report client-level data.

Methodology

Reconciling data from MH-TEDS and MH-CLD

Both the MH-TEDS and MH-CLD include individuals served through the SMHA during the state-defined 12-month reporting period. Most states selected to use the state fiscal year, which, for the 2014 reporting period, usually ran from July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014, but some states define their fiscal year differently. (See Appendix B for details.)

MH-CLD contains one record for each individual served. Data items are populated by the states based on the status of the individual either at the start and end of the state's reporting period or the most recently available data. The MH-TEDS dataset contains one record for each admission to and discharge from a particular service type/setting (referred to as a treatment episode) within the client's treatment continuum during the reporting period. Data collected from MH-TEDS admission records and update/discharge records are stored as two separate datasets, which can be linked using a HIPAA-compliant, non-protected health information unique client identifier located in both files. Linking the records allows for the creation of a single client record comparable to the MH-CLD format.

The general MH-CLD framework was applied to the MH-TEDS dataset. An analytic file was developed by transposing the admission and discharge MH-TEDS records into a client-level file. The final step crosswalked MH-TEDS variables to MH-CLD variables. (See Appendix A for details).

The process of creating an individual record using the MH-TEDS data allowed for combined reporting of the individuals reported in the MH-TEDS and MH-CLD datasets. Tables in Chapters 1 through 6 of this report use individuals as the unit of analysis for the combined data from MH-TEDS and MH-CLD. Tables in Chapter 7 report on the MH-TEDS data at the treatment episode level.

Selection of reporting variables

MH-TEDS and MH-CLD collect a variety of data items including demographics (e.g., gender, race, and ethnicity); National Outcome Measures (NOMs) such as living arrangements and employment status; and other clinical measures (e.g., co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders).

The data collection protocol for the NOMS on criminal justice involvement and school attendance were introduced in client-level reporting in early 2013, and so were first submitted for the 2014 reporting period. However, because valid data were reported for only 40 percent of the individuals served, arrest data were excluded from this report. See Appendix C for a description of the variables and Appendix D for the federal definitions of serious mental illness (SMI) and serious emotional disturbance (SED) and for CGAS/GAF scale definitions.

Mental health diagnoses are reported in the MH-TEDS and MH-CLD as either ICD-9-CM or DSM-IV codes. Up to three mental health diagnostic codes may be reported for each client. For this report, diagnostic categories were categorized based on the Clinical Classification Software (CCS). The mental health section of the CCS has 15 diagnostic categories and 25 subcategories; in all, thirteen such categories or subcategories were selected for tabulation, with all other mental health diagnoses grouped to “other” mental health diagnoses for a given table. The frequency distribution of the reported diagnoses for all individuals served and the specific diagnoses included in the federal definition of SMI and SED informed the selection of the most appropriate CCS categories or subcategories used in this report. See Appendix E.

The full list of thirteen specific mental health diagnoses used in this report is: adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADD/ADHD); conduct disorder; delirium, dementia, and amnestic and other cognitive disorders (delirium/dementia); bipolar disorders; depressive disorders; oppositional defiant disorder; personality disorders; pervasive developmental disorders; schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; alcohol-related disorders; and substance-related disorders.

All other mental disorders are grouped together as “other mental health disorders.” There is also a category of no diagnosis or deferred diagnosis. The list of tabulated mental health diagnoses (and hence the diagnoses grouped together as “other”) varies somewhat by age group. For example, conduct disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, and pervasive developmental disorders, which are all typically identified in individuals aged 17 or younger, are only included on tables showing data for children and adolescents while delirium/dementia only appears in tables showing data for older adults.

Records with partially complete data have been retained in this report. For example, an entire client record is not removed from the report because a single data item is missing. When records include missing or invalid data for a specific variable, those records are excluded from tabulations of that variable. The total number of records on which a percentage distribution is based is reported in each table.

Stratification of reporting population and subgroups

In general, there are two levels of data reporting: (1) the entire population with each age category, and (2) the subgroup population of individuals with or at risk for serious emotional disturbance (SED) or serious mental illness (SMI). On select tables, regional breakdowns of the data using the four Census regions³ are also presented.

Because different stages of life are associated with distinct forms of mental and behavioral disorders and with distinctive treatment service utilization patterns, this report examines the characteristics of individuals receiving mental health services by the following age groups: children and adolescents (aged 17 and younger), young adults (aged 18 to 25), adults (aged 26 to 54), and older adults (aged 55 and older). Accordingly, Chapters 2 through 5, which focus on specific age groups, include age-specific sets of mental health diagnoses.⁴

Additionally, this report includes the subpopulation of individuals with co-occurring mental and substance use disorders. For this subpopulation, the report includes individuals aged 12 years and older to match the population used in the substance use TEDS reports. Determination of individuals with a co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder was based on state report of a dichotomous variable in the data set called “Co-occurring substance use and mental health problems.” In accordance with the guidelines for completing this field, an individual had to have either had a substance use diagnosis, been identified with a substance use disorder through the use of a screening or assessment tool, or been enrolled in a substance use treatment program.

Identification of individuals with a serious mental illness (SMI) or serious emotional disturbance (SED) is based on the state definition for SMI and SED and is reported as a single dichotomous variable—SMI/SED status. Individuals aged 17 and younger who are indicated as having SED or being at risk of SED in the dataset are included in the SED subpopulation while individuals aged 18 and older who are indicated as having an SMI are included in the SMI subpopulation. Exceptions may exist for a few states where young adults (ages 18 to 21) continue to receive mental health services from the state’s Child Mental Health System. They are included in the SED subpopulation as reported by the state.

Limitations

- For both MH-TEDS and MH-CLD, states report only individuals served through the SMHA during the state-defined 12-month reporting period. These data do not represent the total national demand for mental health treatment or describe the mental health status of the national

³ Northeast region: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont. Midwest region: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. South region: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. West region: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

⁴ For example, individuals with a Mental Health Diagnosis One of Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders are grouped with “Other” for persons aged 17 and younger in chapter 2. While this information is of recent interest, this diagnostic group is not reported separately for this age group. Only 0.7 percent of all individuals served in this age group reported Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders as a diagnosis.

population. In addition, New York and Tennessee report only a proportion of the total individuals served through their SMHAs.

- Up to three mental health diagnoses per individual can be reported to MH-TEDS or MH-CLD (Mental Health Diagnoses One, Two, and Three). These diagnoses may not represent a complete enumeration of all diagnoses for individuals served. Moreover, Florida has data collection protocols that limit reporting to only one or two diagnoses.
- Except for a few tables presented in Chapter 1, this report uses the “first-mention” mental health diagnosis as the individual grouping variable. About 90 percent of all individuals served in the 2014 data have at least one mental health diagnosis, while 27 percent have a second mental health diagnosis, and 20 percent have a third mental health diagnosis.

CHAPTER 1

SUMMARY OF ANNUAL DATA IN STATE CLIENT-LEVEL DATA REPORTING: 2011-2014

This chapter provides a brief background on state reporting of mental health client-level data and a summary of the data submitted for the 2011 through 2014 reporting periods.

In 2010, SAMHSA, through the Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), announced the availability of Data Infrastructure Grants (DIGs) to support the states, the District of Columbia, and other jurisdictions⁵ in building capacity to report client-level data. The client-level data encompass reporting of five mental health National Outcome Measures (NOMs): Access to Services/Capacity, Stability in Housing/Residential Status, Criminal Justice Involvement, Adult Employment/Children’s School Attendance and Education Level, and 30-day and 180-day Readmission to State Hospital. The number of states (which includes Washington, DC; Puerto Rico; and the Northern Mariana Islands) reporting client-level data has gradually increased: 19 states reported 2011 data, 32 reported 2012 data, 46 reported 2013 data, and 47 reported 2014 data.

For the 2011 through 2013 reporting periods, states could use only the Mental Health Client-Level Data (MH-CLD). As of the 2014 reporting period, states could choose to use either the MH-CLD or the Mental Health Treatment Episode Data Set (MH-TEDS). For this report, the MH-TEDS data reported by 6 states for the 2014 reporting period were reconciled with data collected from the 42 states using the MH-CLD. (Note: Connecticut used both methods, MH-CLD for reporting data on children and adolescents and MH-TEDS for reporting data on adults.)

Because of the changing number of states submitting data for each reporting period, caution must be used when comparing data over time. Apparent increases, changes, or other variations across reporting periods may be more a function of changes in the mix of states reporting than of actual changes in client characteristics over time.

All data tables represent individuals who received publicly-funded mental health services—individuals served—through the auspices of the State Mental Health Agencies (SMHAs).

Individuals Served

Table 1.1. For the 2011 reporting period, 19 states reported that a total of 1,961,638 individuals had received mental health services; for the 2014 reporting period, 47 states reported that a total of 5,704,764 individuals had received mental health services.⁶

⁵ Henceforth, “states” will refer to the 50 states, Washington, DC, and other jurisdictions, which include Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the six Pacific Jurisdictions.

⁶ Data were not submitted or were incomplete for one or more years in some states or jurisdictions.

- Among individuals reported to have received services for the 2011 to 2014 reporting periods, between 38 and 44 percent had first-mention mental health diagnoses⁷ of mood disorders, including bipolar disorders (15 to 19 percent) and depressive disorders (23 to 25 percent); between 11 and 13 percent had first-mention mental health diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; and 10 to 11 percent had first-mention mental health diagnoses of anxiety disorders.

The following paragraphs summarize data on NOMs and clinical measures for all individuals, presented by demographic characteristics and mental health diagnoses. Overall, the distributions were relatively consistent across all characteristics for all four reporting periods.

Gender

- *Table 1.2a.* More than 50 percent of the total individuals served were female in every reporting period between 2011 and 2014 (52 percent in 2011 and 2012, 51 percent in 2013 and 2014).

Age and Mental Health Diagnoses by Age Group

- *Table 1.2a.* For the 2011 through 2014 reporting periods, 28 to 30 percent of individuals served were aged 17 and younger, 12 percent were aged 18 to 25 (in all four reporting periods), 44 to 47 percent were aged 26 to 54, and 13 to 14 percent were aged 55 and older.

Tables 1.2b-1.2e. Among individuals served in specific age groups, the most frequently reported diagnoses were relatively consistent across the four reporting periods.

- Among individuals served aged 17 and younger, the most frequently reported diagnoses over the four reporting periods were ADD/ADHD (ranging from 21 to 26 percent), mood disorders (ranging from 19 to 22 percent), and adjustment disorders (ranging from 14 to 16 percent).
- Among individuals served aged 18 to 25, the most frequently reported diagnoses over the four reporting periods were mood disorders (ranging from 42 to 49 percent), anxiety disorders (ranging from 11 to 12 percent), and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (ranging from 9 to 10 percent).
- Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, the most frequently reported diagnoses over the four reporting periods were mood disorders (ranging from 47 to 54 percent), schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (ranging from 16 to 18 percent), and anxiety disorders (ranging from 10 to 11 percent).
- Among individuals served aged 55 and older, the most frequently reported diagnoses over the four reporting periods were mood disorders (ranging from 46 to 53 percent), schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (ranging from 22 to 24 percent), and anxiety disorders (ranging from 7 to 8 percent).

⁷ Throughout this report the term “diagnosis” refers to the first reported mental health diagnosis on the client-level data record. This is only the first of up to three diagnoses per client qualifying as a mental health diagnosis, as recorded by the reporting agency. While these first-mentioned mental health diagnoses are mutually exclusive, a client reported to receive a first-mention diagnosis of, for example, depressive disorders, may also have received a second-mention diagnosis of anxiety disorder, and a third-mention diagnosis of schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder.

Ethnicity⁸

- *Table 1.3.* Between 14 and 16 percent of all individuals served over the four reporting periods were of Hispanic origin (any race).

Race

- *Table 1.3.* For the 2011 to 2014 reporting periods, Whites represented between 67 and 74 percent of the individuals served; Blacks or African Americans represented between 17 and 21 percent; and American Indians or Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders, and other⁹ groups represented the remaining 8 to 12 percent.

Marital Status

- *Table 1.4.* Among individuals served aged 18 and older, more than one half reported never being married in every reporting period between 2011 and 2014 (ranging from 51 to 57 percent); less than one fifth (ranging from 16 to 19 percent) reported being currently married during those reporting periods.
- *Table 1.15.* In the 2014 reporting period, 18 percent of individuals served aged 26 to 54 were currently married. In contrast, 56 percent of people in the U.S. population in that age group were currently married in 2014.

Living Arrangements

- *Table 1.4.* Over the four reporting periods, a majority of individuals served reported living in a private residence (ranging from 83 to 88 percent), while only 3 percent in each reporting period reported being homeless.

SMI/SED Status

- *Table 1.5.* In every reporting period from 2011 to 2014, about one half of the individuals served were adults with serious mental illness (SMI) (ranging from 49 to 55 percent) and about one fifth were children and adolescents with or at risk for serious emotional disturbance (SED) (ranging from 20 to 22 percent).

Employment

- *Table 1.6.* Among individuals served aged 18 and older in the 2011 to 2014 reporting periods, between 17 and 19 percent were employed, 29 to 37 percent were unemployed, and 47 to 52 percent were “not in labor force.”

⁸ Data on Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin (hereafter referred to as of Hispanic origin) are also presented for a subset of states that reported this information.

⁹ Individuals of “Other” race includes individuals who reported two or more races or some other race.

Timing of Admission

- *Table 1.7.* The population of individuals served was composed of similar proportions of individuals who were newly admitted to treatment¹⁰ (ranging from 44 to 49 percent) and individuals who were continuing treatment¹¹ (ranging from 51 to 56 percent) over the four reporting periods.

Service Setting

- *Table 1.7.* For the 2011 to 2014 reporting periods, a majority of individuals received mental health services from community-based programs (ranging from 98 to 99 percent).

Regional Distributions

Table 1.8. Nearly one third (about 32 percent) of all individuals reported were in the South for both the 2013 and 2014 reporting periods, one quarter (27 and 26 percent) were in the West, one fifth were in the Northeast (22 and 20 percent), and another one fifth were in the Midwest (18 and 22 percent).

- In both the 2013 and 2014 reporting periods, individuals who were newly admitted to treatment were most frequently reported in the South (39 percent in both reporting periods).¹² The West region was the region with the second highest proportions of individuals who were newly admitted (27 and 26 percent, respectively).
- Regional patterns of service setting varied from those values for individuals served in non-community program settings in the 2013 and 2014 reporting periods: of individuals receiving services in state psychiatric hospitals, a larger proportion were reported in the South (50 and 45 percent, respectively) than in the West (11 and 14 percent, respectively); however, of individuals receiving services in other psychiatric inpatient¹³ service settings, a larger proportion were reported in the West (44 and 41 percent, respectively) than in the South (28 percent each in both reporting periods) and Northeast (9 and 8 percent, respectively).

Table 1.9. While the distribution of mental health diagnoses was relatively similar across U.S. Census Regions, some variations exist.

- In the 2014 reporting period, mood disorders (bipolar and depressive disorders) were most frequently reported in the South (42 percent) and least frequently in the Northeast (30 percent).
- In the 2014 reporting period, anxiety disorders were more frequently reported in the West (14 percent) and the Midwest (12 percent) than in the South and Northeast (8 percent each).

¹⁰ Individuals who were newly admitted to treatment either (1) had not previously received a service and started receiving services during the reporting year or (2) had previously received a service, were discharged or inactive for an extended period of time, and resumed receiving services during the reporting period.

¹¹ Individuals who were continuing treatment were admitted prior to the start of the reporting period and received a service during the reporting period.

¹² South region results are influenced by database upgrades in Florida and Tennessee that caused greater numbers of individuals to be reported.

¹³ Examples of “other psychiatric inpatient” facilities include psychiatric wards in private or general hospitals.

Any-Mention Mental Health Diagnoses, by Gender, Race, and Ethnicity

Tables 1.11a-1.14c present the number and percentage distribution of individuals who received any mention—whether first, second, or third—of the listed mental health diagnoses by gender, race, and ethnicity for the 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 reporting periods. Any differences across reporting periods should be interpreted with caution. Variations may be more of a function of the mix and number of reporting states than of actual differences.

- In every reporting period, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported any-mention mental health diagnoses, regardless of gender or ethnicity, and for every race except Blacks or African Americans in the 2011 reporting period and Blacks or African Americans and Asians in the 2012 reporting period. For these three exceptions, schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported any-mention diagnoses.
- In every reporting period, the most frequently reported any-mention mental health diagnoses for females and males were depressive disorders, but the proportions among females (ranging from 33 to 35 percent) were consistently higher than among males (ranging from 19 to 21 percent).
- The most frequently reported any-mention diagnoses among individuals of both non-Hispanic and Hispanic origin were consistently depressive disorders, with similar proportions receiving the diagnosis over the four reporting periods (ranging from 27 to 29 percent among both groups).

CHAPTER 2

CHARACTERISTICS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS AGED 17 AND YOUNGER RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: 2014

This chapter presents data on individuals aged 17 and younger who received mental health services through the SMHAs in the 2014 reporting period. Data on NOMs and clinical measures are presented by demographic characteristics and mental health diagnoses for all children and adolescents. Characteristics for the subpopulation of children and adolescents with or at risk for serious emotional disturbance (SED) are presented only where they differ from the characteristics of all children and adolescents.

The mental health diagnoses presented in the chapter tables are adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADD/ADHD); conduct disorder; mood disorders—bipolar disorders and depressive disorders; oppositional defiant disorder; pervasive developmental disorders; and other disorders. Four of these—ADD/ADHD, conduct disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, and pervasive developmental disorders—are typically identified in childhood.

Children and Adolescents Served

Table 2.1a. For the 2014 reporting period, states reported a total of 1,514,755 children and adolescents served (27 percent of all individuals). About three quarters (74 percent) of these children and adolescents were reported to have or be at risk of SED.

During this period, the data indicate that mental health diagnoses for all children and adolescents differed across categories for several characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity, living arrangements, SED status, level of functioning, timing of admission, and service setting.

A comparison of the findings for all children and adolescents and the subpopulation of children and adolescent with SED found similar patterns in the distribution of characteristics for both populations during the 2014 reporting period.

Gender

Tables 2.1a-2.2c. In the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses differed by gender among individuals served aged 17 and younger.

- Among males aged 17 and younger served in the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses were ADD/ADHD (29 percent), adjustment disorders (14 percent), and anxiety disorders (10 percent).
- Among females aged 17 and younger served in the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses were adjustment disorders (21 percent), depressive disorders (19 percent), and anxiety disorders (16 percent).

- Males aged 17 and younger had a diagnosis of ADD/ADHD almost twice as frequently as their female counterparts (29 vs. 15 percent) in the 2014 reporting period.

Race

- *Tables 2.1a-2.c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 17 and younger varied by race in the 2014 reporting period. Adjustment disorders were reported most frequently among American Indians or Alaska Natives (20 percent) and Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders (19 percent), depressive disorders among Asians (20 percent), and ADD/ADHD among Blacks or African Americans (30 percent) and Whites (23 percent).

Ethnicity

- *Tables 2.1a-2.c.* Among individuals served of Hispanic origin aged 17 and younger, diagnoses of ADD/ADHD and adjustment disorders were equally likely (18 percent each).

Living Arrangements

- *Tables 2.3a-2.4c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 17 and younger who were homeless or in foster care was adjustment disorders (32 and 26 percent, respectively).
- Among individuals served aged 17 and younger who were living in a private residence, the most frequently reported diagnosis was ADD/ADHD (24 percent).
- Among individuals served aged 17 and younger who were in residential care, the most frequently reported diagnoses were bipolar disorders (24 percent).

SED Status

- *Tables 2.3a-2.4c.* The most frequently reported diagnosis among individuals served aged 17 and younger with SED was ADD/ADHD (25 percent), while the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 17 and younger without SED who received services were adjustment disorders (28 percent).

Level of Functioning

- *Tables 2.3a-2.4c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 17 and younger who had a lower level of functioning (i.e., a Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) score of 1 to 50 on the 100-point scale) were depressive disorders (20 percent).
- The most frequently reported diagnosis among individuals served aged 17 and younger who had a higher level of functioning (i.e., a CGAS score of 51 to 100) was ADD/ADHD (22 percent).

Timing of Admission

- *Tables 2.5a-2.6c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 17 and younger in the 2014 reporting period who were newly admitted to treatment were adjustment disorders (21 percent).

- The most frequently reported diagnosis among individuals served aged 17 and younger who were continuing treatment during that reporting period was ADD/ADHD (28 percent).

SED Status and Level of Functioning, by Service Setting

Table 2.7. SED status and level of functioning varied by service setting among individuals served aged 17 and younger. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one setting during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting section of Table 2.7.

- Among individuals served aged 17 and younger in a community-based program setting in the 2014 reporting period, 75 percent had SED compared with more than 80 percent of individuals served aged 17 and younger at a state psychiatric hospital, residential treatment center, or other psychiatric inpatient setting.
- For the 2014 reporting period, individuals served aged 17 and younger who had higher levels of functioning (i.e., a CGAS score of 51 to 100) were mostly served in community-based programs and residential treatment centers. Of individuals served age 17 and younger who had higher levels of functioning, 53 percent received services in community-based programs and 41 percent received services in residential treatment centers compared with 29 percent of those treated in other psychiatric inpatient setting and 20 percent of those treated in state psychiatric hospitals.

CHAPTER 3

CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUNG ADULTS AGED 18 TO 25 RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: 2014

This chapter presents data on young adults aged 18 to 25 who received mental health services through the SMHAs in the 2014 reporting period. Data on NOMs and clinical measures for all young adults are presented by demographic characteristics and mental health diagnoses. Characteristics for the subpopulation of young adults with a serious mental illness (SMI) are presented only where they differ from the characteristics of all young adults who received mental health services in the 2014 reporting period.

The mental health diagnoses presented in the chapter tables are adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; ADD/ADHD; mood disorders—bipolar disorders and depressive disorders; personality disorders; schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; and other disorders.

Young Adults Served

Table 3.1a-c and 3.2a. For the 2014 reporting period, states reported a total of 576,361 individuals served aged 18 to 25 (10 percent of all individuals served). Nearly two thirds (63 percent) of these individuals were reported to have SMI.

During that period, the data show mental health diagnoses among young adults differed across categories for several characteristics, including gender, living arrangements, detailed not in labor force, and services setting. Mental health diagnoses were largely similar across race, ethnicity, education level, marital status, SMI status, level of functioning, employment status, and timing of admission.

A comparison of the findings for all young adults and the subpopulation of young adults with SMI found similar patterns in the distribution of characteristics for both populations during the 2014 reporting period, but there were some differences depending on gender, race, and service setting.

Gender

- *Tables 3.1a-3.2c.* Among males aged 18 to 25 served during the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses were bipolar disorders (21 percent), depressive disorders (20 percent), and other unspecified disorders (18 percent).
- Among females aged 18 to 25 served, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (33 percent), bipolar disorders (23 percent), and anxiety disorders (17 percent).

These patterns in variation differed slightly among individuals served aged 18 to 25 with SMI during the 2014 reporting period.

- Among males served aged 18 to 25 with SMI, the most frequently reported diagnoses were bipolar disorders (26 percent), schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (23 percent), and depressive disorders (22 percent).

- Among females served aged 18 to 25 with SMI, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (37 percent) and bipolar disorders (28 percent).

Race and Ethnicity

- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 of every racial and ethnic group.
- By race, the second most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 18 to 25 were bipolar disorders among Whites (24 percent), Blacks or African Americans (21 percent), Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders (20 percent), and American Indians or Alaska Natives (17 percent), while the second most frequently reported diagnoses among Asians were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (23 percent).

These patterns in variation differed slightly among individuals served aged 18 to 25 with SMI.

- The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 of every race and ethnic group with SMI, except for Asian, were depressive disorders; the most frequently reported diagnoses among Asians were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (30 percent).

Education

- *Tables 3.3a-3.4c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 who completed more than 8 grades were depressive disorders, ranging from 28 percent among individuals who completed 9 to 11 grades to 33 percent among individuals who completed more than 12 grades.
- The largest proportion of individuals aged 18 to 25 who completed 0 to 8 grades was in the category for other, unspecified diagnoses (20 percent), but their most frequent specific diagnoses were depressive disorders (18 percent).

Marital Status

- *Tables 3.3a-3.4c.* The most frequent diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 across all marital status categories were also depressive disorders, ranging from 26 percent among never married individuals to 34 percent among currently married, separated, and divorced individuals.

Living Arrangements

- *Tables 3.5a-3.6c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 who lived in a private residence or were in foster care (30 and 23 percent, respectively).
- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 who were homeless or in residential care (28 and 27 percent, respectively).

SMI Status

- *Tables 3.5a-3.6c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 with SMI were depressive disorders (30 percent).

- The most frequently reported diagnoses among young adults served aged 18 to 25 who did not have SMI were other, unspecified diagnoses (27 percent), and the most frequent specific diagnoses were depressive disorders (20 percent).

Level of Functioning

- *Tables 3.5a-3.6c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 who had a Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) score of 1 to 50 or 51 to 100 were depressive disorders (29 and 28 percent, respectively).

Employment Status

Tables 3.7a-3.8c. Among individuals served aged 18 to 25, in the 2014 reporting period 21 percent were employed, 32 percent were unemployed, and 47 percent were “not in labor force”. Among those “not in labor force”, approximately two fifths (39 percent) were students.

- The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 across each employment status were depressive disorders (ranging from 27 to 35 percent).
- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 whose “not in labor force” status was disabled (31 percent), working in sheltered/noncompetitive employment (26 percent), or retired (25 percent).
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 whose “not in labor force” status was homemakers or students (38 and 26 percent, respectively).

Timing of Admission

- *Tables 3.9a-3.10c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 18 to 25 were depressive disorders, regardless of their timing of admission (29 percent among individuals who were newly admitted to treatment and 24 percent among individuals who were continuing treatment).

Service Setting

Tables 3.9a-3.10c. The most frequently reported diagnoses differed by mental health service setting. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one service setting during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting sections of Tables 3.9a-b and 3.10a-b.

- Bipolar disorders and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals aged 18 to 25 served in residential treatment centers (25 percent each).
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals aged 18 to 25 served in community-based programs (27 percent).
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals aged 18 to 25 served in state psychiatric hospitals (40 percent).

Similar patterns were seen among individuals served aged 18 to 25 with SMI.

- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals aged 18 to 25 served who had SMI and were in state psychiatric hospitals (45 percent), other psychiatric inpatient facilities (33 percent), or residential treatment centers (32 percent).

SMI Status and Level of Functioning by Service Setting

Table 3.11. In the 2014 reporting period, SMI status and level of functioning varied by service setting among individuals served aged 18 to 25. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one setting during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting section of Table 3.11.

- In the 2014 reporting period, a majority (97 percent) of individuals served aged 18 to 25, regardless of SMI status or level of functioning, were treated in community-based programs. Among those treated in a community-based program setting, 67 percent had SMI compared with more than three quarters of individuals served who had SMI and were in a state psychiatric hospital (86 percent) or a residential treatment center (77 percent).
- In the 2014 reporting period, higher proportions of individuals served aged 18 to 25 in community-based programs (46 percent) or residential treatment centers (41 percent) functioned at the 51 to 100 level compared with those in state psychiatric hospitals (25 percent) and in other psychiatric inpatient settings (22 percent).

CHAPTER 4

CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULTS AGED 26 TO 54 RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: 2014

This chapter presents 2014 reporting period data on adults aged 26 to 54 who received mental health services through the SMHAs. Data on NOMs and clinical measures for all adults are presented by demographic characteristics and mental health diagnoses. Characteristics for the subpopulation of adults with a serious mental illness (SMI) are presented where they differ from the characteristics of all adults.

The mental health diagnoses presented in the chapter tables are adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; ADD/ADHD; mood disorders—bipolar disorders and depressive disorders; personality disorders; schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; and other disorders.

Adults Served

Table 4.1 a-c. For the 2014 reporting period, states reported a total of 2,212,988 individuals served aged 26 to 54 (39 percent of all individuals served). Nearly three quarters (72 percent) of these individuals were reported to have SMI.

During that period, the data show mental health diagnoses among adults aged 26 to 54 differed somewhat across categories for several variables, including gender, race, ethnicity, and living arrangements. Mental health diagnoses were largely similar across educational attainment, marital status, SMI status, level of functioning, employment status, and timing of admission.

A comparison of the findings for all adults aged 26 to 54 and the subpopulation of adults aged 26 to 54 with SMI found similar patterns in the distribution of characteristics across most variables for both populations during the 2014 reporting period.

Gender

Tables 4.1a-4.2c. In the 2014 reporting period, individuals served aged 26 to 54 differed slightly in their most frequently reported mental health diagnoses by gender, race, and ethnicity.

- In the 2014 reporting period among males served aged 26 to 54, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (26 percent) and depressive disorders (25 percent).
- Among females served aged 26 to 54 in the 2014 reporting period, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (36 percent) and bipolar disorders (25 percent).

Race

- *Tables 4.1a-4.2c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for all races served aged 26 to 54 except Asian, ranging from 30 percent among Blacks or African Americans to 35 percent among individuals of “Other” race.

- Among Asians served aged 26 to 54, schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses (34 percent).

Ethnicity

- *Tables 4.1a-4.2c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 26 to 54 of Hispanic origin (35 percent) and non-Hispanic origin (31 percent).

Education

- *Tables 4.3a-4.4c.* Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses, ranging from 31 percent among those who completed at most the 8th grade to 34 percent among those who completed more than 12th grade.
- Among individuals served aged 26 to 54 who completed at most the 11th grade, the most frequently reported diagnoses after depressive disorders were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders and bipolar disorders (21 percent each of those who had completed at most the 8th grade and 23 and 22 percent, respectively, of those who had completed the 9th to 11th grade).

Marital Status

- *Tables 4.3a-4.4c.* Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, the most frequent diagnoses across all marital statuses were depressive disorders, ranging from 27 percent among those who were never married to 41 percent among those who were widowed.

Living Arrangements

- *Tables 4.5a-4.6c.* Individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were homeless, lived in a private residence, or had “Other” living arrangements¹⁴ were most frequently diagnosed with depressive disorders, ranging from 29 percent of homeless individuals to 34 percent of individuals living in a private residence.
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were living in an institutional setting (53 percent), in residential care (47 percent), or in foster care (26 percent).
- The two most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were in jails or correctional institutions were bipolar disorders (21 percent) and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (20 percent).

SMI Status

- *Tables 4.5a-4.6c.* Both individuals served aged 26 to 54 who did and did not have SMI most frequently had diagnoses of depressive disorders (33 and 26 percent, respectively). The second most frequent diagnoses for those without SMI were “Other” (24 percent) and anxiety disorders (20 percent), but for those with SMI the second most frequent diagnoses were bipolar disorders (26 percent) and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (23 percent).

¹⁴ “Other living arrangements” include crisis residence and other undefined residence.

Level of Functioning

- For individuals served aged 26 to 54 at all levels of functioning, the most frequent diagnoses were depressive disorders (25 percent among those with a GAF score of 0, 31 percent among those with GAF scores of 1 to 50, and 32 percent among those with GAF scores of 51 to 100).

Employment Status

Tables 4.7a-4.8c. In the 2014 reporting period, 21 percent of individuals served aged 26 to 54 were employed, 32 percent were unemployed, and 47 percent were “not in labor force”. The most frequent diagnoses across all employment statuses were depressive disorders.

- Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, the percentage that were employed full time ranged from 11 percent of those with diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders to 40 percent of those with diagnoses of adjustment disorders.
- Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, the percentages that were “not in labor force” ranged from 31 percent of those with diagnoses of adjustment disorders to 63 percent of those with diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders.

Timing of Admission

- *Tables 4.9a-4.10c.* Among individuals served aged 26 to 54, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses across timing of admission (34 percent of individuals who were newly admitted to treatment and 29 percent of individuals who were continuing treatment), and bipolar disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnoses (22 and 24 percent, respectively).
- Adults served aged 26 to 54 reported diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders nearly twice as frequently as adult individuals who were newly admitted to treatment (23 vs. 12 percent).
- Among adults served aged 26 to 54 with SMI, the most frequent diagnoses were also depressive disorders, but the next most frequent diagnoses were bipolar disorders among individuals who were newly admitted to treatment (26 percent) and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders among individuals who were continuing treatment (28 percent).
- Individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were continuing treatment more frequently had diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders than individuals who were newly admitted to treatment (28 vs. 16 percent).

Service Setting

Tables 4.9a-4.10c. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one service setting during the reporting period and, therefore, may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting sections of Tables 4.9a-b and 4.10a-b.

- Among individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were in a community-based program, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (32 percent), bipolar disorders (23 percent), and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (18 percent).

- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 26 to 54 who were in state psychiatric hospitals (48 percent), residential treatment centers (43 percent), and other psychiatric inpatient settings (33 percent).

SMI Status and Level of Functioning, by Service Setting

Table 4.11 presents 2014 data on the number and percentage of individuals served aged 26 to 54 by mental health service setting, SMI status, and level of functioning. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one setting during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting section of Table 4.11.

- In the 2014 reporting period, about 75 percent of individuals aged 26 to 54 served in community programs and institutions under the justice system had SMI compared with more than 85 percent in other service settings.
- Community programs reported the highest proportions of high functioning individuals served aged 26 to 54 (45 percent had a GAF score of 51 to 100) and the lowest proportion of lowest functioning individuals (5 percent had a GAF score of 0).

CHAPTER 5

CHARACTERISTICS OF OLDER ADULTS AGED 55 AND OLDER RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: 2014

This chapter presents data on individuals aged 55 and older who received mental health services in the 2014 reporting period through the SMHAs. Data on NOMs and clinical measures for older adults are presented by diagnostic categories and mental health diagnoses. Characteristics for the subpopulation of individuals with SMI are presented where they differ from the characteristics of all older adults.

The mental health diagnoses presented in the chapter tables are adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; delirium, dementia, and other cognitive disorders (delirium/dementia); mood disorders—bipolar disorders and depressive disorders; personality disorders; schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; and other disorders. Since delirium/dementia diagnoses become significant within this age group, the chapter tracks the reporting of these diagnoses instead of ADD/ADHD, which is a rare diagnosis for this age group.

Older Adults Served

Table 5.1a-c. For the 2014 reporting period, states reported a total of 693,277 individuals served aged 55 and older (12 percent of all individuals). Three quarters (75 percent) of these individuals were reported to have SMI.

During this period, the data show mental health diagnoses differed somewhat across categories for several variables, including gender, race, ethnicity, marital status, living arrangements, SMI status, and service setting. Mental health diagnoses were largely similar across educational attainment, level of functioning, employment status, and timing of admission. A comparison of the findings for all older adults and the subpopulation of older adults with SMI found similar patterns in the distribution of characteristics across most variables for both populations during the 2014 reporting period.

Gender

- *Tables 5.1a-5.2c.* In the 2014 reporting period, among males served aged 55 years and older, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (32 percent), depressive disorders (30 percent), and bipolar disorders (15 percent).
- Among females served aged 55 years and older during that period, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (41 percent), schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (21 percent), and bipolar disorders (17 percent).

Race

- *Tables 5.1a-5.2c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 55 and older of all races except Blacks or African Americans, ranging from 36 percent of American Indians or Alaska Natives to 49 percent of Asians.

- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 55 years and older for all races except for Blacks or African Americans, ranging from 21 percent of American Indians or Alaska Natives to 27 percent of Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders aged 55 years and older.
- Among individuals served aged 55 years and older who were Black or African American, the two most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (40 percent) and depressive disorders (30 percent).

Ethnicity

- *Tables 5.1a-5.2c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses by ethnicity: 36 percent of individuals served aged 55 and older who were not of Hispanic origin and 47 percent of those of Hispanic origin had these diagnoses. Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnoses by ethnicity.

Education

Tables 5.3a-5.4c. In the 2014 reporting period, 44 percent of individuals served aged 55 and older had completed 12th grade or had a GED and 28 percent had completed more than 12th grade.

- Among individuals served aged 55 and older, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses across all levels of educational attainment, ranging from 36 percent of those who completed 9th to 11th grade to 37 percent each of those who completed 12th grade and more than 12th grade.
- Among individuals served aged 55 and older, 53 percent of those with delirium/dementia had completed 12th grade or had a GED compared with only 44 percent of all individuals served in that age group.

Marital Status

- *Tables 5.3a-5.4c.* Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 55 years and older across most marital status groups, ranging from 39 percent of individuals served who were divorced to 42 percent each of those who were currently married and those who were widowed. Among individuals served aged 55 years and older who never married, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (39 percent).

Living Arrangements

- *Tables 5.5a-5.6c.* Similar to all individuals served aged 55 years and older, those who were living in a private residence, were homeless, or had “Other” living arrangements most frequently had reported diagnoses of depressive disorders, ranging from 32 percent among those with “Other” living arrangements to 41 percent among those who were living in a private residence.
- Diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were most frequently reported among individuals served aged 55 and older who were living in residential care (60 percent), an institutional setting (42 percent), foster care (35 percent), or a jail/correctional facility (28 percent).

SMI Status

- *Tables 5.5a-5.6c.* The mental health diagnoses of individuals served aged 55 years and older varied by SMI status. While individuals served aged 55 and older with or without SMI most frequently had diagnoses of depressive disorders, they differed on their second most frequent diagnoses. Among those with SMI, the second most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (31 percent); however, among those without SMI the second most frequently reported diagnoses were anxiety disorders (16 percent).

Level of Functioning

- In the 2014 reporting period, while diagnoses of depressive disorders were most frequently reported at all levels of functioning among individuals served aged 55 and older, the proportion with such diagnoses increased with level of functioning.

Employment Status

Tables 5.7a-5.8c. In the 2014 reporting period, individuals served aged 55 years and older most frequently reported diagnoses of depressive disorders across all employment statuses. Almost 70 percent of individuals served aged 55 years and older were not in the labor force. Of these, 47 percent were due to disability and 11 percent were retired.

- In the 2014 reporting period, individuals served aged 55 years and older most frequently reported diagnoses of depressive disorders across all employment statuses, ranging from 37 percent among those not in the labor force to 46 percent among those employed full time.
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 55 years and older who were not in the labor force (30 percent) or unemployed (22 percent). Bipolar disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served aged 55 years and older who were employed part time (21 percent) or full time (17 percent).
- Nearly half of individuals served aged 55 years and older who were not in the labor force were disabled (47 percent); of these, over one third reported depressive disorders (35 percent) or schizophrenia or and other psychotic disorders (34 percent).

Service Setting

Tables 5.9a-5.10c. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one service setting and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting sections of Tables 5.9a-c and 5.10a-c.

- In the 2014 reporting period, the vast majority of individuals served aged 55 and older received treatment in community-based programs. Among individuals served aged 55 and older in community-based programs, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (38 percent).
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among older individuals served aged 55 and older in state psychiatric hospitals or residential treatment centers (56 percent each) and in other psychiatric inpatient settings (40 percent).

Timing of Admission

- *Tables 5.9a-5.10a-c.* The most frequently reported diagnoses of individuals served aged 55 and older did not differ by their timing of admission—depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for both individuals who were newly admitted to treatment and individuals who were continuing treatment (40 and 35 percent, respectively), and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the second most frequently reported diagnosis (17 and 30 percent, respectively).
- In the 2014 reporting period, individuals served aged 55 and older who had SMI and who were continuing treatment more frequently reported diagnoses of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders than those who were new admissions (35 vs. 22 percent).

SMI Status and Level of Functioning by Service Setting

Table 5.11 presents 2014 data on the number and percentage distribution of individuals served aged 55 and older by mental health service setting, SMI status, and level of functioning. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in more than one service setting during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting section of Table 5.11.

- In the 2014 reporting period, community programs reported the highest percentage of the five service settings for individuals served aged 55 and older who did not have SMI (23 percent) and the highest percentage of such individuals with GAF scores of 51 to 100 (46 percent). Institutions under the justice system also reported 23 percent of individuals served aged 55 and older who did not have SMI.

CHAPTER 6

CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIVIDUALS WITH CO-OCCURRING MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: 2014

This chapter presents data on individuals aged 12 and older diagnosed with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders who received mental health services through the auspices of SMHA in the 2014 reporting period. Data on NOMs and clinical measures for all individuals are presented by demographic characteristics and mental health diagnoses. It should be noted that the definition used for “co-occurring substance use” includes those who have a reported, identified substance use disorder but may not have a formal substance use diagnosis in addition to a reported mental health diagnosis. It should also be noted that data reported in this chapter exclude individuals whose only mental health diagnoses were alcohol- or substance-related disorders.

The mental health diagnoses presented in the chapter tables include adjustment disorders; anxiety disorders; ADD/ADHD; mood disorders—bipolar disorders and depressive disorders; personality disorders; schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders; and other disorders.

Individuals Served

Table 6.1a. For the 2014 reporting period, states reported a total of 741,923 individuals served aged 12 and older (13 percent of all individuals served) had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders.

During this period, the data show mental health diagnoses differed somewhat across categories for several variables, including gender, age group, race, ethnicity, living arrangements, employment and detailed not in labor force, service setting, and timing of admission. Mental health diagnoses were largely similar across SMI/SED status and level of functioning.

Gender

- *Tables 6.1a-c.* During the 2014 reporting period, for males served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders, the most frequently reported diagnoses were schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (25 percent) and depressive disorders (24 percent).
- For their female counterparts, the most frequently reported diagnoses were depressive disorders (32 percent) and bipolar disorders (31 percent).

Age

- The most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 30 to 44 who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders were bipolar disorders (from 29 percent to 30 percent).
- The most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served aged 45 and older with co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders were depressive disorders (from 30 percent of those aged 45 to 49 to 35 percent of those aged 60 to 64).

Race

- *Tables 6.2a-c.* In the 2014 reporting period, the individuals served with co-occurring disorders who were American Indian or Alaska Native or White most frequently reported diagnoses of depressive disorders (29 percent and 30 percent, respectively).
- Individuals served with co-occurring disorders who were White equally reported diagnoses of bipolar disorders and depressive disorders (30 percent each).
- During the 2014 reporting period, schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for those individuals served who were Asian, Black or African American, or Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders and who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders (35, 33, and 28 percent, respectively).

Ethnicity

- *Tables 6.2a-c.* During the 2014 reporting period, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served who were of either Hispanic or non-Hispanic origin and who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders (26 and 29 percent, respectively).

Substance Use Diagnosis

Tables 6.3a-c. In the 2014 reporting period, mental health diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders differed very little by substance use diagnosis. (Unlike mental health diagnoses, where up to three diagnoses are recorded per client record, each client record contains only one substance use diagnosis. See the final section of Appendix E for definitions of substance abuse codes.)

- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring marijuana dependence (30 percent) or cocaine dependence (32 percent).
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring alcohol dependence (35 percent) or non-dependent opioid use (37 percent).
- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring non-dependent cocaine use (31 percent), non-dependent marijuana use (27 percent), or other non-dependent substance use (28 percent).
- Depressive disorders and bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring non-dependent alcohol use (30 and 26 percent respectively).

Living Arrangements

- *Tables 6.4a-c.* In the 2014 reporting period, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder and were in private residences (30 percent).
- Bipolar disorders and depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were

homeless (29 percent each). Bipolar disorders were also the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were in jails and correctional facilities (23 percent).

- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were in institutional settings and residential care (48 and 42 percent, respectively).

SMI/SED Status

- *Tables 6.4a-c.* Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and SMI (30 percent).

Level of Functioning

- *Tables 6.4a-c.* Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and lower levels of functioning (24 percent of those scoring 0 and 29 percent of those scoring 1 to 50 on either CGAS or GAF).
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses (28 percent) among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and higher levels of functioning (a score of 51 to 100).

Employment Status

- *Tables 6.5a-c.* About one third of individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and who were employed (34 percent) or unemployed (34 percent) most frequently reported diagnoses of depressive disorders.
- Individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were not in the labor force most frequently reported diagnoses of bipolar disorders, depressive disorders, and schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (28 percent each).
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and whose “not in labor force” status was disabled (35 percent).
- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and whose “not in labor force” status was working in sheltered/noncompetitive settings (27 percent).
- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and who were retired (40 percent) or homemakers (36 percent).

Service Setting

Tables 6.6a-c. It should be noted that individuals may have received services in multiple service settings during the reporting period, and therefore may be counted in multiple rows in the service setting sections of Tables 6.6a-b.

- In the 2014 reporting period, depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were in community-based programs (28 percent).
- Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were in state psychiatric hospitals (44 percent) or residential treatment centers (34 percent). Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders (30 percent) and bipolar disorders (30 percent) were reported as the most frequent diagnoses for individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and were in other psychiatric inpatient settings.

Timing of Admission

- Depressive disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and who were newly admitted to treatment (31 percent).
- Bipolar disorders were the most frequently reported diagnoses among individuals served who had co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders and who were continuing treatment (28 percent).

CHAPTER 7

MH-TEDS ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES: 2014

This chapter reports on admissions to mental health treatment that received services through the auspices of SMHAs for the 2014 reporting period in six states and jurisdictions—Connecticut [adults only], District of Columbia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Puerto Rico—that currently report to MH-TEDS. Most of the variables included in the tables are similar to those included in the tables for earlier chapters, but some of the variables—veteran status, health insurance, referral source—are not available from the states that submitted data via MH-CLD.

The reporting period for 2014 MH-TEDS was July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014.

There are three subcategories of tables for this chapter: (1) admissions prior to the beginning of the reporting period (i.e., prior to July 2013) that remained in treatment during the reporting period; (2) admissions that started treatment during the reporting period (July 2013 through June 2014); and (3) discharges that exited treatment during the reporting period (July 2013 through June 2014). Tables for admission subcategories present characteristics reported at admission. Tables presenting data on discharges during the reporting period will report by month, service setting, reason for discharge, mental health diagnosis, and days in treatment episode.

Admissions Served

Table 7.1. In the 2014 reporting period, six states (Connecticut [adults only], the District of Columbia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Puerto Rico) reported a total of 403,670 admissions to MH-TEDS.

- Fifty-nine percent of admissions received treatment in community programs, 32 percent in state psychiatric hospitals, and 43 percent in institutions under the justice system began treatment prior to the 2014 reporting period.

The distribution of characteristics varied across diagnosis for gender, age, race, employment status, SMI/SED status, level of functioning, and co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders both for admissions who started treatment prior to the 2014 reporting period and admissions that started treatment during the 2014 reporting period, but the distributions themselves were similar for both types of admissions.

Tables 7.2a-c. present the number and percent distribution of admissions by their mental health diagnosis and month of admission. More than half (53 percent) of admissions for individuals in treatment during the 2014 reporting period occurred prior to the reporting period. Within-month diagnosis percentages did not fluctuate strongly for most mental health diagnoses, though fall peaks in adjustment orders (6 percent of all admissions in October 2013), conduct disorder (6 percent in October 2013), and oppositional defiant disorder (6 percent in November 2013) could be observed.

Admissions Continuing in the 2014 Reporting Period

Tables 7.3a-7.9c present the number and percentage distribution of mental health treatment admissions that were admitted to treatment prior to the 2014 reporting period by mental health diagnosis and selected characteristics in the six states and jurisdictions reporting mental health data to MH-TEDS.

- There were a greater number of male than female admissions for ADD/ADHD, conduct disorder, and oppositional defiant disorder. There were a greater number of female than male admissions for adjustment disorders, anxiety disorders, bipolar disorders, and depressive disorders [Table 7.3a].
- More than 40 percent of admissions aged 18 and older had completed 12th grade or a GED [Table 7.5b].
- The majority of admissions for each diagnosis lived in a private residence (ranging from 89 to 99 percent) [Table 7.6b].
- The majority of admissions for each diagnosis had Medicaid coverage (ranging from 72 to 98 percent).
- Nearly three quarters or more of admissions with diagnoses of conduct disorders or ADD/ADHD were “not in labor force” (91 and 72 percent, respectively).
- Admissions with diagnoses of adjustment or anxiety disorders were more likely to be employed (26 and 21 percent, respectively) than continuing mental health admissions overall in the six states and jurisdictions (14 percent) [Table 7.7b].
- Admissions with diagnoses of conduct disorder, ADD/ADHD, oppositional defiant disorder, or adjustment disorders were reported more frequently to have an SED (90, 88, 86, and 58 percent, respectively), than continuing admissions overall in the six states and jurisdictions (20 percent) [Table 7.8b].
- Fewer than 10 percent each of admissions aged 12 and older with diagnoses of conduct disorder and oppositional defiant disorder had a co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder (7 percent each).

Admissions During the 2014 Reporting Period

Tables 7.10a-7.16c present the number and percentage distribution of mental health treatment admissions that started treatment during the 2014 reporting period by mental health diagnosis and selected characteristics in the six states and jurisdictions reporting mental health data to MH-TEDS.

- There were a greater number of male than female admissions for ADD/ADHD, conduct disorder, and oppositional defiant disorder. There were a greater number of female than male admissions for adjustment disorders, anxiety disorders, bipolar disorders, and depressive disorders [Table 7.10a].
- At least 39 percent of admissions aged 18 years or older for each diagnosis completed 12th grade or a GED [Table 7.12b].
- The majority of admissions for each diagnosis lived in a private residence (ranging from 75 to 99 percent) [Table 7.13b].

- The majority of admissions for each diagnosis had Medicaid coverage (ranging from 74 to 98 percent).
- The majority of admissions for each diagnosis were not veterans (ranging from 95 percent to 100 percent).
- Thirty-two percent each of admissions aged 18 years and older diagnosed with adjustment disorders and ADD/ADHD were employed. Thirty percent of admissions that had a diagnosis of ADD/ADHD and were “not in labor force” were students [Table 7.14b].
- Admissions with diagnoses of conduct disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, ADD/ADHD, and adjustment disorders were reported more frequently to have an SED (94, 93, 80, and 49 percent, respectively) than admissions during the reporting period overall (15 percent) [Table 7.15b].
- While most admissions were referred by an individual such as a family member, friend, or self (ranging from 42 to 60 percent), among referral sources other than individual, the second most frequent referral source was school for admissions that were diagnosed with conduct disorder (20 percent) and ADD/ADHD (15 percent). For those that were diagnosed with adjustment disorders, anxiety disorders, mood disorders, oppositional defiant disorder, and “Other” unspecified disorders¹⁵, the second most frequent referral was from health care providers [Table 7.16b].

Discharges During the Reporting Period

Table 7.17 presents the number and percentage distribution of mental health treatment discharges by month and mental health service setting for discharges leaving treatment during the 2014 reporting period in the six states and jurisdictions reporting mental health data to MH-TEDS.

Table 7.18 presents the number and percentage distribution of mental health treatment discharges by mental health service setting, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode for discharges that left treatment during the 2014 reporting period.

- The reason for discharge varied by mental health service setting. Discharges that completed treatment were more frequently reported in state psychiatric hospitals (77 percent), other psychiatric inpatient hospitals (68 percent), and residential treatment centers (50 percent) than in community based programs (23 percent) and institutions under the justice system (13 percent).
- The number of days in the treatment episode for discharges varied by mental health service setting. Most treatment episodes in other psychiatric inpatient hospitals and state psychiatric hospitals were 30 days or less (96 and 51 percent, respectively).

Tables 7.19a-c present the number and percentage distribution of mental health treatment discharges by mental health diagnosis, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode for discharges that left treatment during the 2014 reporting period in the six states and jurisdictions reporting mental health data to MH-TEDS.

¹⁵ Other disorders are non-missing mental health diagnoses that do not correspond to adjustment, anxiety, ADD/ADHD, conduct, bipolar, depressive, or oppositional defiant disorders (e.g., schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders).

- The reason for discharge varied by mental health diagnosis. Discharges reporting diagnoses of bipolar disorders, adjustment disorders, and depressive disorders were more likely to complete treatment (29, 26, and 26 percent, respectively) than discharges that had diagnoses of anxiety disorders (19 percent) and ADD/ADHD (18 percent).
- The number of days in the treatment episode for discharges varied by mental health diagnosis. More than 36 percent of treatment episodes for “Other” disorders, bipolar disorders, and depressive disorders were 30 days or less (48, 43, and 36 percent, respectively).

TABLES

Table 1.1. Individuals, by mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	129,113	245,275	428,391	431,584	6.6	7.8	7.8	7.6
Anxiety disorders	187,540	305,892	573,035	602,809	9.6	9.8	10.4	10.6
Attention deficit disorders+	158,158	247,949	432,292	402,842	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.1
Conduct disorder+	45,867	72,375	132,592	127,051	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2
Delirium/dementia	7,820	12,618	25,728	27,897	†	†	†	†
Mood disorders	865,583	1,280,794	2,140,405	2,183,365	44.1	41.0	38.8	38.3
Bipolar disorders	369,578	540,568	865,775	880,289	18.8	17.3	15.7	15.4
Depressive disorders	496,005	740,226	1,274,630	1,303,076	25.3	23.7	23.1	22.8
Oppositional defiant disorder+	37,689	65,379	121,288	114,950	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.0
Pervasive developmental disorders+	14,119	24,605	61,901	72,798	†	†	1.1	1.3
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	259,332	388,371	637,048	645,960	13.2	12.4	11.5	11.3
Alcohol and drug related disorders	11,840	35,221	158,760	186,933	†	1.1	2.9	3.3
Other mental disorders ²	55,648	97,120	196,858	203,367	2.8	3.1	3.6	3.6
No/deferred diagnosis	188,929	350,635	607,608	705,208	9.6	11.2	11.0	12.4

+ Indicates diagnoses typically identified in childhood (age < 18); † Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.2a. Individuals, by gender and age: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

Gender and age	Number of individuals				Percent distribution of individuals			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender								
Male	939,901	1,511,833	2,686,044	2,773,991	48.0	48.4	48.8	48.7
Female	1,019,435	1,611,897	2,822,404	2,923,298	52.0	51.6	51.2	51.3
Total	1,959,336	3,123,730	5,508,448	5,697,289	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age¹								
0 to 11 years	274,326	441,890	804,058	836,315	14.0	14.1	14.6	14.7
12 to 17 years	275,014	460,061	832,569	846,173	14.0	14.7	15.1	14.8
18 to 20 years	90,257	145,645	267,528	257,566	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.5
21 to 25 years	151,039	231,396	409,776	419,527	7.7	7.4	7.4	7.4
26 to 29 years	133,234	203,040	354,779	368,822	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.5
30 to 34 years	160,515	250,817	442,170	463,152	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.1
35 to 39 years	144,764	217,219	378,781	398,337	7.4	7.0	6.9	7.0
40 to 44 years	153,328	236,422	402,604	406,867	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.1
45 to 49 years	172,150	261,120	431,391	434,181	8.8	8.4	7.8	7.6
50 to 54 years	160,466	255,882	438,887	460,046	8.2	8.2	8.0	8.1
55 to 59 years	113,993	187,908	332,416	359,726	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.3
60 to 64 years	65,279	111,390	199,556	218,737	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.8
65 years and older	66,626	122,279	215,189	232,237	3.4	3.9	3.9	4.1
Total	1,960,991	3,125,069	5,509,704	5,701,686	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Age is based on the individual's age at the midpoint of the reporting period.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.2b. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	549,340	901,951	1,636,627	1,682,488	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	78,154	133,679	258,263	260,394	14.2	14.8	15.8	15.5
Anxiety disorders	54,555	84,329	171,183	186,421	9.9	9.3	10.5	11.1
Attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	141,675	216,220	375,873	347,388	25.8	24.0	23.0	20.6
Conduct disorder	43,392	66,951	122,518	118,155	7.9	7.4	7.5	7.0
Mood disorders	118,453	175,383	319,573	334,903	21.6	19.4	19.5	19.9
Bipolar disorders	55,621	81,586	133,759	136,267	10.1	9.0	8.2	8.1
Depressive disorders	62,832	93,797	185,814	198,636	11.4	10.4	11.4	11.8
Oppositional defiant disorder	35,746	59,088	110,703	105,785	6.5	6.6	6.8	6.3
Pervasive developmental disorders	10,194	17,624	48,190	57,115	1.9	2.0	2.9	3.4
Alcohol and drug related disorders	243	1,560	9,333	15,344	†	†	†	†
Other mental disorders ²	23,751	35,303	80,599	89,250	4.3	3.9	4.9	5.3
No/deferred diagnosis	43,177	111,814	140,392	167,733	7.9	12.4	8.6	10.0
Total	549,340	901,951	1,636,627	1,682,488	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.2c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	241,296	377,041	677,304	677,093	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	13,933	28,342	44,213	41,068	5.8	7.5	6.5	6.1
Anxiety disorders	25,882	41,472	76,946	78,097	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.5
Attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	9,377	18,674	32,286	29,181	3.9	5.0	4.8	4.3
Mood disorders	118,538	170,051	284,329	281,699	49.1	45.1	42.0	41.6
Bipolar disorders	55,860	80,706	129,510	127,159	23.1	21.4	19.1	18.8
Depressive disorders	62,678	89,345	154,819	154,540	26.0	23.7	22.9	22.8
Personality disorders	1,965	3,481	4,282	4,397	†	†	†	†
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	24,440	34,343	60,718	62,427	10.1	9.1	9.0	9.2
Alcohol and drug related disorders	2,256	4,970	29,461	33,296	†	1.3	4.3	4.9
Other mental disorders ²	12,937	24,475	50,288	46,196	5.4	6.5	7.4	6.8
No/deferred diagnosis	31,968	51,233	94,781	100,732	13.2	13.6	14.0	14.9
Total	241,296	377,041	677,304	677,093	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.2d. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	924,457	1,424,500	2,448,612	2,531,405	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	31,490	68,021	101,880	104,579	3.4	4.8	4.2	4.1
Anxiety disorders	89,676	148,520	265,788	275,677	9.7	10.4	10.9	10.9
Attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	6,544	12,177	21,877	23,964	†	†	†	†
Mood disorders	498,622	727,647	1,182,135	1,197,072	53.9	51.1	48.3	47.3
Bipolar disorders	217,049	313,973	495,431	503,532	23.5	22.0	20.2	19.9
Depressive disorders	281,573	413,674	686,704	693,540	30.5	29.0	28.0	27.4
Personality disorders	6,823	13,454	17,205	18,660	†	†	†	†
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	170,506	247,312	396,995	397,592	18.4	17.4	16.2	15.7
Alcohol and drug related disorders	8,305	24,126	104,680	120,214	†	1.7	4.3	4.7
Other mental disorders ²	20,317	38,452	75,270	75,230	2.2	2.7	3.1	3.0
No/deferred diagnosis	92,174	144,791	282,782	318,417	10.0	10.2	11.5	12.6
Total	924,457	1,424,500	2,448,612	2,531,405	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.2e. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total individuals aged 55 and older	245,898	421,577	747,161	810,700	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	5,513	15,202	23,904	25,428	2.2	3.6	3.2	3.1
Anxiety disorders	17,410	31,538	58,915	62,346	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.7
Delirium/dementia	5,825	9,318	18,983	19,913	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.5
Mood disorders	129,887	207,624	353,790	369,285	52.8	49.2	47.4	45.6
Bipolar disorders	41,003	64,256	106,883	113,156	16.7	15.2	14.3	14.0
Depressive disorders	88,884	143,368	246,907	256,129	36.1	34.0	33.0	31.6
Personality disorders	1,116	2,295	3,473	4,186	†	†	†	†
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	60,168	100,896	168,516	174,872	24.5	23.9	22.6	21.6
Alcohol and drug related disorders	1,033	4,563	14,955	17,563	†	1.1	2.0	2.2
Other mental disorders ²	3,779	8,136	18,972	19,684	1.5	1.9	2.5	2.4
No/deferred diagnosis	21,167	42,005	85,653	117,423	8.6	10.0	11.5	14.5
Total	245,898	421,577	747,161	810,700	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.3. Individuals, by race and ethnicity: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Race and ethnicity</i>	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	31,518	38,964	60,386	71,089	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.3
Asian ¹	13,524	24,068	59,552	68,072	†	†	1.2	1.3
Black or African American	333,486	597,704	1,041,218	1,093,778	17.4	20.9	20.5	20.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	3,232	6,399	8,454	8,560	†	†	†	†
White	1,425,715	2,036,490	3,438,489	3,558,020	74.3	71.1	67.6	67.4
Other	110,552	160,176	474,806	481,256	5.8	5.6	9.3	9.1
Total	1,918,027	2,863,801	5,082,905	5,280,775	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	1,600,776	2,293,859	3,857,529	3,946,837	86.0	85.0	83.6	83.6
Hispanic or Latino Origin	260,473	403,929	754,643	774,130	14.0	15.0	16.4	16.4
Total	1,861,249	2,697,788	4,612,172	4,720,967	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	18,149	25,677	43,172	57,064	24.6	21.9	29.1	33.3
Puerto Rican	12,536	29,493	45,729	44,656	17.0	25.2	30.8	26.1
Cuban	11,882	14,502	10,310	9,665	16.1	12.4	7.0	5.6
Other specific	31,105	47,502	49,021	59,957	42.2	40.5	33.1	35.0
Total	73,672	117,174	148,232	171,342	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.4. Individuals, by marital status and living arrangement: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Marital status and living arrangement</i>	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status								
Total individuals aged 18 and older	1,411,651	2,223,118	3,873,077	4,019,198	72.0	71.1	70.3	70.5
Never married	408,390	693,012	1,122,358	1,273,489	50.9	54.2	55.9	57.0
Currently married	151,283	241,647	350,087	366,050	18.9	18.9	17.4	16.4
Separated	58,854	84,658	135,765	159,796	7.3	6.6	6.8	7.1
Divorced	158,916	218,090	337,665	367,748	19.8	17.1	16.8	16.4
Widowed	24,395	41,230	63,248	68,538	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1
Total	801,838	1,278,637	2,009,123	2,235,621	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement¹								
Homeless	46,115	61,764	115,074	114,882	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.4
Foster home/foster care	26,824	30,647	58,141	59,999	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.8
Residential care	42,003	66,852	117,735	125,973	2.7	3.3	3.5	3.8
Institutional setting	21,143	31,804	50,732	59,425	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8
Jail/correctional facility	16,887	39,868	69,678	65,989	1.1	1.9	2.1	2.0
Private residence	1,363,252	1,714,373	2,854,813	2,767,524	87.9	83.7	84.6	82.9
Other	34,384	101,797	106,589	144,602	2.2	5.0	3.2	4.3
Total	1,550,608	2,047,105	3,372,762	3,338,394	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ This report uses the most recent living arrangement status during the reporting period.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.5. Individuals, by SMI/SED status, functioning (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>SMI/SED status, functioning (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance abuse</i>	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI/SED status¹								
SMI	983,724	1,436,577	2,558,934	2,735,288	54.9	49.5	50.5	51.6
SED	378,529	587,883	1,078,108	1,191,191	21.1	20.3	21.3	22.5
Not SMI/SED	430,643	877,924	1,434,387	1,370,217	24.0	30.2	28.3	25.9
Total	1,792,896	2,902,384	5,071,429	5,296,696	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning (CGAS/GAF)²								
0	121,213	60,725	128,048	122,987	9.2	4.4	5.6	5.2
1-50	604,314	684,005	1,166,071	1,128,770	45.9	49.2	50.7	47.9
51-100	590,731	645,161	1,006,647	1,104,602	44.9	46.4	43.8	46.9
Total	1,316,258	1,389,891	2,300,766	2,356,359	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Co-occurring substance use problem³								
Total individuals age 12 and older	1,686,665	2,683,179	4,705,646	4,865,371	86.0	85.9	85.4	85.3
Yes	337,782	520,358	915,127	893,136	23.4	23.6	20.8	21.6
No	1,106,798	1,683,768	3,483,513	3,236,341	76.6	76.4	79.2	78.4
Total⁴	1,444,580	2,204,126	4,398,640	4,129,477	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ The definitions for SED and SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

² Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on these measures can be found in Appendix D.

³ Co-occurring substance use problems are only reported for individuals aged 12 and older.

⁴ Total number of individuals aged 12 and older for whom co-occurring substance use problem was reported.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.6. Individuals aged 18 years and older, by employment status: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total individuals aged 18 and older	1,411,651	2,223,118	3,873,077	4,019,198	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status								
Employed	176,241	228,605	334,980	393,461	16.6	17.5	17.1	19.1
Full time	71,001	94,246	146,636	150,634	6.7	7.2	7.5	7.3
Part time	61,575	83,516	126,423	133,483	5.8	6.4	6.4	6.5
Unemployed	388,680	396,010	602,111	588,869	36.6	30.4	30.7	28.6
Not in labor force (see detail below)	496,065	678,031	1,025,176	1,074,690	46.8	52.1	52.2	52.2
Total	1,060,986	1,302,646	1,962,267	2,057,020	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force								
Total individuals aged 18 and older not in labor force	496,065	678,031	1,025,176	1,074,690	46.8	52.1	52.2	52.2
Disabled	239,478	336,190	383,760	396,401	48.3	49.6	37.4	36.9
Student	32,509	38,762	106,633	94,304	6.6	5.7	10.4	8.8
Homemaker	31,737	36,149	47,626	44,066	6.4	5.3	4.6	4.1
Retired	19,880	22,238	29,585	33,777	4.0	3.3	2.9	3.1
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	2,026	3,507	8,621	17,038	†	†	†	1.6
Other	170,435	241,185	448,951	489,104	34.4	35.6	43.8	45.5
Total	496,065	678,031	1,025,176	1,074,690	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.7. Individuals, by timing of admission and mental health service setting: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

<i>Timing of admission and mental health service setting</i>	<i>Number of individuals</i>				<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Timing of admission								
New individuals	967,518	1,380,598	2,679,289	2,802,282	49.3	44.2	48.6	49.1
Continuing individuals	994,120	1,745,636	2,836,617	2,902,164	50.7	55.8	51.4	50.9
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,446	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	<i>Number of individuals¹</i>				<i>Percent of individuals¹</i>			
Mental health service setting²								
State psychiatric hospital	57,059	92,025	122,313	125,122	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.2
Community-based program	1,932,905	3,054,932	5,411,407	5,590,088	98.5	97.7	98.1	98.0
Residential treatment center	12,102	30,877	48,444	44,087	†	†	†	†
Other psychiatric inpatient	61,262	108,797	148,453	151,453	3.1	3.5	2.7	2.7
Institutions under the justice system	3,515	24,660	48,724	67,223	†	†	†	1.2
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ Numbers may not sum to total and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

² Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.8. Individuals, by Census region, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number and percent distribution, 2013-2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Census region									
	Number of individuals									
	2013					2014				
	Total ¹	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	Total ¹	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Number of states reporting	46	8	10	14	12	47	7	11	15	12
Timing of admission										
New individuals	2,679,289	409,072	491,598	1,037,843	727,568	2,802,282	322,826	652,329	1,085,962	726,092
Continuing individuals	2,836,617	813,745	513,627	749,510	758,057	2,902,164	796,520	606,785	730,879	767,919
Total	5,515,906	1,222,817	1,005,225	1,787,353	1,485,625	5,704,446	1,119,346	1,259,114	1,816,841	1,494,011
Mental health service setting^{2,3}										
State psychiatric hospital	122,313	17,941	27,406	61,156	13,575	125,122	18,753	30,378	56,699	17,920
Community-based program	5,411,407	1,199,663	982,839	1,760,675	1,456,726	5,590,088	1,095,461	1,237,807	1,793,432	1,450,701
Residential treatment center	48,444	7,821	7,452	16,917	16,141	44,087	6,659	9,723	10,844	16,780
Other psychiatric inpatient	148,453	12,747	27,516	42,180	64,972	151,453	11,631	34,667	42,519	61,380
Institutions under the justice system	48,724	16,407	448	9,666	22,203	67,223	16,615	370	3,758	46,480
Percent distribution of individuals										
Timing of admission										
New individuals	100.0	15.3	18.3	38.7	27.2	100.0	11.5	23.3	38.8	25.9
Continuing individuals	100.0	28.7	18.1	26.4	26.7	100.0	27.4	20.9	25.2	26.5
Total	100.0	22.2	18.2	32.4	26.9	100.0	19.6	22.1	31.8	26.2
Mental health service setting^{2,3}										
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	14.7	22.4	50.0	11.1	100.0	15.0	24.3	45.3	14.3
Community-based program	100.0	22.2	18.2	32.5	26.9	100.0	19.6	22.1	32.1	26.0
Residential treatment center	100.0	16.1	15.4	34.9	33.3	100.0	15.1	22.1	24.6	38.1
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	8.6	18.5	28.4	43.8	100.0	7.7	22.9	28.1	40.5
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	33.7	†	19.8	45.6	100.0	24.7	†	5.6	69.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ The total is the sum of all areas including the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Northern Mariana Islands.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting in the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2013-2014 reporting periods.

Table 1.9. Individuals, by Census region and mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2014

<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Census region</i>									
	<i>Number of individuals</i>					<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>				
	<i>Total</i> ²	<i>Northeast</i>	<i>Midwest</i>	<i>South</i>	<i>West</i>	<i>Total</i> ²	<i>Northeast</i>	<i>Midwest</i>	<i>South</i>	<i>West</i>
Total	5,704,764	1,119,664	1,259,114	1,816,841	1,494,011	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Adjustment disorders	431,584	86,737	119,724	101,579	123,541	7.6	7.7	9.5	5.6	8.3
Anxiety disorders	602,809	89,457	156,359	150,171	206,819	10.6	8.0	12.4	8.3	13.8
Attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder+	402,842	75,557	116,379	135,576	75,326	7.1	6.7	9.2	7.5	5.0
Conduct disorder+	127,051	18,127	33,189	38,425	37,310	2.2	1.6	2.6	2.1	2.5
Delirium, dementia and other cognitive disorders	27,897	8,000	6,017	6,806	7,071	†	†	†	†	†
Mood disorders	2,183,365	340,867	498,255	765,813	578,409	38.3	30.4	39.6	42.2	38.7
Bipolar disorders	880,289	132,033	182,102	337,453	228,695	15.4	11.8	14.5	18.6	15.3
Depressive disorders	1,303,076	208,834	316,153	428,360	349,714	22.8	18.7	25.1	23.6	23.4
Oppositional defiant disorder+	114,950	20,100	30,341	38,172	26,337	2.0	1.8	2.4	2.1	1.8
Pervasive developmental disorders+	72,798	29,607	14,887	11,766	16,538	1.3	2.6	1.2	†	1.1
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	645,960	105,623	128,966	215,170	196,177	11.3	9.4	10.2	11.8	13.1
Alcohol and drug related disorders	186,933	88,664	33,945	14,004	50,305	3.3	7.9	2.7	†	3.4
Other mental disorders ³	203,367	42,158	38,146	44,613	78,448	3.6	3.8	3.0	2.5	5.3
No/deferred diagnosis	705,208	214,767	82,906	294,746	97,730	12.4	19.2	6.6	16.2	6.5

+ Indicates diagnoses typically identified in childhood (age < 18); † Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total is the sum of all areas including the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Northern Mariana Islands.

³ "Other mental disorders" include all other mental health diagnoses, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.10. Individuals, by number of mental health diagnoses and any mention of mental health diagnosis: Number and percent distribution, 2011-2014

Number of diagnoses and any mention of diagnosis	Number of individuals				Percent distribution of individuals			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of states reporting	19	32	46	47	19	32	46	47
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of mental health diagnoses								
1	957,771	1,801,381	2,435,673	2,488,478	48.8	57.6	44.2	43.6
2	561,679	655,541	1,617,394	1,538,907	28.6	21.0	29.3	27.0
3	290,824	376,925	918,988	1,072,463	14.8	12.1	16.7	18.8
None	151,364	292,387	543,851	604,916	7.7	9.4	9.9	10.6
Total	1,961,638	3,126,234	5,515,906	5,704,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of individuals ¹				Percent of individuals ¹			
Any mention of mental health diagnosis²								
Adjustment disorders	147,262	271,366	478,173	493,184	7.5	8.7	8.7	8.6
Anxiety disorders	369,307	543,459	996,801	1,095,656	18.8	17.4	18.1	19.2
Attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	224,716	347,587	598,138	593,670	11.5	11.1	10.8	10.4
Conduct disorder	61,238	94,040	172,549	171,452	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.0
Mood disorders	944,945	1,395,635	2,363,312	2,431,081	48.2	44.6	42.8	42.6
Bipolar disorders	407,011	594,427	968,239	984,514	20.7	19.0	17.6	17.3
Depressive disorders	554,590	825,619	1,442,249	1,506,010	28.3	26.4	26.1	26.4
Oppositional defiant disorder	71,641	110,534	199,964	190,834	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.3
Pervasive developmental disorders	23,770	38,403	86,943	99,071	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.7
Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	274,171	409,087	675,568	689,999	14.0	13.1	12.2	12.1
Personality disorders	89,403	117,732	166,788	172,000	4.6	3.8	3.0	3.0
Alcohol and drug related disorders	34,852	71,866	314,801	337,547	1.8	2.3	5.7	5.9
Delirium/dementia	13,095	19,546	38,105	43,695	†	†	†	†
Other mental disorders ³	285,340	349,929	1,278,328	1,239,158	14.5	11.2	23.2	21.7
No/deferred diagnosis	151,364	292,387	543,851	604,916	7.7	9.4	9.9	10.6

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ Numbers may not sum to the total and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because up to three diagnoses may be reported for an individual.

² Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; "any mention" includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

³ "Other mental disorders" include all mental health diagnoses not assigned to any of the above categories, DSM/ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes between 295 and 316, not included in another diagnostic category, and excluding substance abuse diagnoses. See Appendix E.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011-2014 reporting periods. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.11a. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2011

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Number of individuals							Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	
Gender								
Male	939,901	68,949	130,041	156,776	171,771	200,207	33,830	163,454
Female	1,019,435	78,235	239,021	67,891	234,996	353,938	55,533	110,623
Total	1,959,336	147,184	369,062	224,667	406,767	554,145	89,363	274,077
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	31,518	3,519	7,257	2,908	5,354	9,507	1,084	3,513
Asian ³	13,524	800	2,444	528	1,911	4,253	352	3,653
Black or African American	333,486	18,422	35,548	45,076	54,416	77,137	11,012	85,256
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	3,232	344	629	389	547	866	79	360
White	1,425,715	108,961	293,061	156,992	319,601	421,109	72,393	167,303
Other	110,552	11,255	23,042	14,674	19,195	31,231	3,635	11,074
Total	1,918,027	143,301	361,981	220,567	401,024	544,103	88,555	271,159
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	1,600,776	115,200	304,344	178,014	349,468	457,267	77,869	234,432
Hispanic or Latino Origin	260,473	25,206	46,663	36,025	44,021	72,551	8,424	29,062
Total	1,861,249	140,406	351,007	214,039	393,489	529,818	86,293	263,494
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	18,149	2,161	4,352	2,211	1,992	5,829	227	1,384
Puerto Rican	12,536	863	1,191	1,537	2,210	3,608	88	1,566
Cuban	11,882	652	989	989	1,246	4,342	48	2,194
Other Specific	31,105	3,289	3,730	4,278	3,763	8,299	284	3,203
Total	73,672	6,965	10,262	9,015	9,211	22,078	647	8,347

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.11b. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2011

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Column percent distribution of individuals							Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender								
Male	48.0	46.8	35.2	69.8	42.2	36.1	37.9	59.6
Female	52.0	53.2	64.8	30.2	57.8	63.9	62.1	40.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.6	2.5	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.2	1.3
Asian ³	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.3
Black or African American	17.4	12.9	9.8	20.4	13.6	14.2	12.4	31.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	74.3	76.0	81.0	71.2	79.7	77.4	81.7	61.7
Other	5.8	7.9	6.4	6.7	4.8	5.7	4.1	4.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	86.0	82.0	86.7	83.2	88.8	86.3	90.2	89.0
Hispanic or Latino Origin	14.0	18.0	13.3	16.8	11.2	13.7	9.8	11.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	24.6	31.0	42.4	24.5	21.6	26.4	35.1	16.6
Puerto Rican	17.0	12.4	11.6	17.0	24.0	16.3	13.6	18.8
Cuban	16.1	9.4	9.6	11.0	13.5	19.7	7.4	26.3
Other specific	42.2	47.2	36.3	47.5	40.9	37.6	43.9	38.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.11c. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent, 2011

		Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent of individuals ²							
Gender, race, and ethnicity		Total unique individuals ³	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender									
	Male	100.0	7.3	13.8	16.7	18.3	21.3	3.6	17.4
	Female	100.0	7.7	23.4	6.7	23.1	34.7	5.4	10.9
	Total	100.0	7.5	18.8	11.5	20.8	28.3	4.6	14.0
Race									
	American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	11.2	23.0	9.2	17.0	30.2	3.4	11.1
	Asian ⁴	100.0	5.9	18.1	3.9	14.1	31.4	2.6	27.0
	Black or African American	100.0	5.5	10.7	13.5	16.3	23.1	3.3	25.6
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	10.6	19.5	12.0	16.9	26.8	2.4	11.1
	White	100.0	7.6	20.6	11.0	22.4	29.5	5.1	11.7
	Other	100.0	10.2	20.8	13.3	17.4	28.3	3.3	10.0
	Total	100.0	7.5	18.9	11.5	20.9	28.4	4.6	14.1
Ethnicity									
	Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	7.2	19.0	11.1	21.8	28.6	4.9	14.6
	Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	9.7	17.9	13.8	16.9	27.9	3.2	11.2
	Total	100.0	7.5	18.9	11.5	21.1	28.5	4.6	14.2
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
	Mexican	100.0	11.9	24.0	12.2	11.0	32.1	1.3	7.6
	Puerto Rican	100.0	6.9	9.5	12.3	17.6	28.8	†	12.5
	Cuban	100.0	5.5	8.3	8.3	10.5	36.5	†	18.5
	Other specific	100.0	10.6	12.0	13.8	12.1	26.7	†	10.3
	Total	100.0	9.5	13.9	12.2	12.5	30.0	†	11.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Numbers may not sum to totals and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because up to three diagnoses may be reported for an individual.

³ The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

⁴ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2011 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.12a. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2012

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Number of individuals							
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Gender								
Male	1,511,833	125,606	195,351	241,967	251,041	298,508	49,369	245,476
Female	1,611,897	145,646	347,839	105,529	343,173	526,658	68,319	163,482
Total	3,123,730	271,252	543,190	347,496	594,214	825,166	117,688	408,958
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	38,964	4,780	8,335	3,744	6,346	11,035	1,291	4,233
Asian ³	24,068	1,685	3,357	911	3,107	6,404	626	6,809
Black or African American	597,704	42,320	59,519	78,927	93,880	131,899	18,246	134,396
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	6,399	618	1,247	504	1,109	1,922	354	1,609
White	2,036,490	169,792	408,769	219,219	433,497	576,148	90,047	229,742
Other	160,176	12,877	26,394	19,175	24,301	38,579	3,680	15,223
Total	2,863,801	232,072	507,621	322,480	562,240	765,987	114,244	392,012
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	2,293,859	187,191	426,729	268,399	484,502	631,215	98,550	318,429
Hispanic or Latino Origin	403,929	41,362	69,180	51,553	61,635	106,959	10,964	43,388
Total	2,697,788	228,553	495,909	319,952	546,137	738,174	109,514	361,817
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	25,677	3,418	5,968	3,191	2,839	7,689	323	1,861
Puerto Rican	29,493	1,565	3,838	2,744	4,301	7,796	233	2,996
Cuban	14,502	751	1,281	1,208	1,550	5,802	71	2,592
Other Specific	47,502	4,849	6,822	6,128	6,057	13,381	651	5,164
Total	117,174	10,583	17,909	13,271	14,747	34,668	1,278	12,613

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders". See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2012 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.12b. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2012

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Column percent distribution of individuals							Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	
Gender								
Male	48.4	46.3	36.0	69.6	42.2	36.2	41.9	60.0
Female	51.6	53.7	64.0	30.4	57.8	63.8	58.1	40.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.4	2.1	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.1
Asian ³	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.7
Black or African American	20.9	18.2	11.7	24.5	16.7	17.2	16.0	34.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	71.1	73.2	80.5	68.0	77.1	75.2	78.8	58.6
Other	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.9	4.3	5.0	3.2	3.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	85.0	81.9	86.0	83.9	88.7	85.5	90.0	88.0
Hispanic or Latino Origin	15.0	18.1	14.0	16.1	11.3	14.5	10.0	12.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	21.9	32.3	33.3	24.0	19.3	22.2	25.3	14.8
Puerto Rican	25.2	14.8	21.4	20.7	29.2	22.5	18.2	23.8
Cuban	12.4	7.1	7.2	9.1	10.5	16.7	5.6	20.6
Other specific	40.5	45.8	38.1	46.2	41.1	38.6	50.9	40.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2012 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.12c. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent, 2012

Gender, race, and ethnicity		Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent of individuals ²							
		Total unique individuals ³	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Gender									
	Male	100.0	8.3	12.9	16.0	16.6	19.7	3.3	16.2
	Female	100.0	9.0	21.6	6.5	21.3	32.7	4.2	10.1
	Total	100.0	8.7	17.4	11.1	19.0	26.4	3.8	13.1
Race									
	American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	12.3	21.4	9.6	16.3	28.3	3.3	10.9
	Asian ⁴	100.0	7.0	13.9	3.8	12.9	26.6	2.6	28.3
	Black or African American	100.0	7.1	10.0	13.2	15.7	22.1	3.1	22.5
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	9.7	19.5	7.9	17.3	30.0	5.5	25.1
	White	100.0	8.3	20.1	10.8	21.3	28.3	4.4	11.3
	Other	100.0	8.0	16.5	12.0	15.2	24.1	2.3	9.5
	Total	100.0	8.1	17.7	11.3	19.6	26.7	4.0	13.7
Ethnicity									
	Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	8.2	18.6	11.7	21.1	27.5	4.3	13.9
	Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	10.2	17.1	12.8	15.3	26.5	2.7	10.7
	Total	100.0	8.5	18.4	11.9	20.2	27.4	4.1	13.4
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
	Mexican	100.0	13.3	23.2	12.4	11.1	29.9	1.3	7.2
	Puerto Rican	100.0	5.3	13.0	9.3	14.6	26.4	†	10.2
	Cuban	100.0	5.2	8.8	8.3	10.7	40.0	†	17.9
	Other specific	100.0	10.2	14.4	12.9	12.8	28.2	1.4	10.9
	Total	100.0	9.0	15.3	11.3	12.6	29.6	1.1	10.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Numbers may not sum to the total and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because up to three diagnoses may be reported for an individual.

³ The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

⁴ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2012 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.13a. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2013

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Number of individuals							
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender								
Male	2,686,044	223,463	361,097	415,560	412,409	520,113	67,898	407,957
Female	2,822,404	254,399	635,103	182,344	555,310	921,040	98,809	267,189
Total	5,508,448	477,862	996,200	597,904	967,719	1,441,153	166,707	675,146
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	60,386	6,423	13,974	6,075	9,834	16,853	1,812	6,400
Asian ³	59,552	4,271	10,453	2,383	6,538	18,940	1,054	15,161
Black or African American	1,041,218	77,480	115,344	134,827	153,757	236,571	24,337	202,462
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	8,454	844	1,632	701	1,295	2,288	282	1,611
White	3,438,489	292,267	705,585	359,496	676,607	935,228	122,932	350,538
Other	474,806	48,173	83,324	56,425	60,481	128,464	8,529	43,827
Total	5,082,905	429,458	930,312	559,907	908,512	1,338,344	158,946	619,999
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	3,857,529	297,730	729,080	428,896	741,034	1,025,556	132,984	493,487
Hispanic or Latino Origin	754,643	81,727	137,832	93,468	102,636	209,779	16,380	75,382
Total	4,612,172	379,457	866,912	522,364	843,670	1,235,335	149,364	568,869
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	43,172	5,742	10,564	5,935	5,286	14,458	571	3,074
Puerto Rican	45,729	3,183	8,003	5,807	7,069	15,970	372	6,567
Cuban	10,310	479	1,101	678	1,488	3,826	77	2,214
Other specific	49,021	4,787	8,929	5,781	7,581	15,359	591	5,871
Total	148,232	14,191	28,597	18,201	21,424	49,613	1,611	17,726

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2013 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.13b. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2013

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Column percent distribution of individuals							Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	
Gender								
Male	48.8	46.8	36.2	69.5	42.6	36.1	40.7	60.4
Female	51.2	53.2	63.8	30.5	57.4	63.9	59.3	39.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0
Asian ³	1.2	†	1.1	†	†	1.4	†	2.4
Black or African American	20.5	18.0	12.4	24.1	16.9	17.7	15.3	32.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	67.6	68.1	75.8	64.2	74.5	69.9	77.3	56.5
Other	9.3	11.2	9.0	10.1	6.7	9.6	5.4	7.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	83.6	78.5	84.1	82.1	87.8	83.0	89.0	86.7
Hispanic or Latino Origin	16.4	21.5	15.9	17.9	12.2	17.0	11.0	13.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	29.1	40.5	36.9	32.6	24.7	29.1	35.4	17.3
Puerto Rican	30.8	22.4	28.0	31.9	33.0	32.2	23.1	37.0
Cuban	7.0	3.4	3.9	3.7	6.9	7.7	4.8	12.5
Other specific	33.1	33.7	31.2	31.8	35.4	31.0	36.7	33.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2013 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.13c. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent, 2013

		Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent of individuals ²							
Gender, race, and ethnicity		Total unique individuals ³	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender									
Male		100.0	8.3	13.4	15.5	15.4	19.4	2.5	15.2
Female		100.0	9.0	22.5	6.5	19.7	32.6	3.5	9.5
	Total	100.0	8.7	18.1	10.9	17.6	26.2	3.0	12.3
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native		100.0	10.6	23.1	10.1	16.3	27.9	3.0	10.6
Asian ⁴		100.0	7.2	17.6	4.0	11.0	31.8	1.8	25.5
Black or African American		100.0	7.4	11.1	12.9	14.8	22.7	2.3	19.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		100.0	10.0	19.3	8.3	15.3	27.1	3.3	19.1
White		100.0	8.5	20.5	10.5	19.7	27.2	3.6	10.2
Other		100.0	10.1	17.5	11.9	12.7	27.1	1.8	9.2
	Total	100.0	8.4	18.3	11.0	17.9	26.3	3.1	12.2
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	7.7	18.9	11.1	19.2	26.6	3.4	12.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	10.8	18.3	12.4	13.6	27.8	2.2	10.0
	Total	100.0	8.2	18.8	11.3	18.3	26.8	3.2	12.3
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican		100.0	13.3	24.5	13.7	12.2	33.5	1.3	7.1
Puerto Rican		100.0	7.0	17.5	12.7	15.5	34.9	†	14.4
Cuban		100.0	4.6	10.7	6.6	14.4	37.1	†	21.5
Other specific		100.0	9.8	18.2	11.8	15.5	31.3	1.2	12.0
	Total	100.0	9.6	19.3	12.3	14.5	33.5	1.1	12.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Numbers may not sum to the total and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because up to three diagnoses may be reported for an individual.

³ The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

⁴ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2013 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.14a. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
	Number of individuals							Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
	Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	
Gender								
Male	2,773,991	230,296	401,111	409,040	422,407	548,259	70,129	418,382
Female	2,923,298	262,521	693,969	184,489	561,246	956,532	101,808	270,539
Total	5,697,289	492,817	1,095,080	593,529	983,653	1,504,791	171,937	688,921
Race								
American Indian or Alaska Native	71,089	8,129	18,714	7,241	11,391	21,588	2,096	7,390
Asian ³	68,072	5,481	13,561	2,721	7,239	23,871	1,172	16,131
Black or African American	1,093,778	80,289	132,416	127,787	159,210	244,499	25,337	201,724
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	8,560	861	1,695	711	1,272	2,426	220	1,487
White	3,558,020	305,053	775,675	365,254	687,078	983,962	126,833	363,814
Other	481,256	49,243	86,772	56,795	59,646	128,648	8,651	43,294
Total	5,280,775	449,056	1,028,833	560,509	925,836	1,404,994	164,309	633,840
Ethnicity								
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	3,946,837	303,126	805,051	424,419	750,207	1,070,171	138,299	506,604
Hispanic or Latino Origin	774,130	85,452	146,161	91,524	100,883	210,773	16,780	73,172
Total	4,720,967	388,578	951,212	515,943	851,090	1,280,944	155,079	579,776
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin								
Mexican	57,064	7,939	15,241	7,180	7,433	18,380	895	4,227
Puerto Rican	44,656	2,608	6,379	3,975	5,423	9,107	843	3,536
Cuban	9,665	497	1,177	515	1,445	3,561	77	1,507
Other specific	59,957	6,582	13,565	6,479	9,615	17,949	1,395	6,151
Total	171,342	17,626	36,362	18,149	23,916	48,997	3,210	15,421

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.14b. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

		Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
Gender, race, and ethnicity		Total unique individuals ²	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender									
	Male	48.7	46.7	36.6	68.9	42.9	36.4	40.8	60.7
	Female	51.3	53.3	63.4	31.1	57.1	63.6	59.2	39.3
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2
	Asian ³	1.3	1.2	1.3	†	†	1.7	†	2.5
	Black or African American	20.7	17.9	12.9	22.8	17.2	17.4	15.4	31.8
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
	White	67.4	67.9	75.4	65.2	74.2	70.0	77.2	57.4
	Other	9.1	11.0	8.4	10.1	6.4	9.2	5.3	6.8
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
	Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	83.6	78.0	84.6	82.3	88.1	83.5	89.2	87.4
	Hispanic or Latino Origin	16.4	22.0	15.4	17.7	11.9	16.5	10.8	12.6
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
	Mexican	33.3	45.0	41.9	39.6	31.1	37.5	27.9	27.4
	Puerto Rican	26.1	14.8	17.5	21.9	22.7	18.6	26.3	22.9
	Cuban	5.6	2.8	3.2	2.8	6.0	7.3	2.4	9.8
	Other specific	35.0	37.3	37.3	35.7	40.2	36.6	43.5	39.9
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.14c. Any mention of selected mental health diagnoses, by gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent, 2014

		Selected mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent of individuals ²							
Gender, race, and ethnicity		Total unique individuals ³	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Gender									
Male		100.0	8.3	14.5	14.7	15.2	19.8	2.5	15.1
Female		100.0	9.0	23.7	6.3	19.2	32.7	3.5	9.3
	Total	100.0	8.7	19.2	10.4	17.3	26.4	3.0	12.1
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native		100.0	11.4	26.3	10.2	16.0	30.4	2.9	10.4
Asian ⁴		100.0	8.1	19.9	4.0	10.6	35.1	1.7	23.7
Black or African American		100.0	7.3	12.1	11.7	14.6	22.4	2.3	18.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		100.0	10.1	19.8	8.3	14.9	28.3	2.6	17.4
White		100.0	8.6	21.8	10.3	19.3	27.7	3.6	10.2
Other		100.0	10.2	18.0	11.8	12.4	26.7	1.8	9.0
	Total	100.0	8.5	19.5	10.6	17.5	26.6	3.1	12.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	7.7	20.4	10.8	19.0	27.1	3.5	12.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	11.0	18.9	11.8	13.0	27.2	2.2	9.5
	Total	100.0	8.2	20.1	10.9	18.0	27.1	3.3	12.3
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican		100.0	13.9	26.7	12.6	13.0	32.2	1.6	7.4
Puerto Rican		100.0	5.8	14.3	8.9	12.1	20.4	1.9	7.9
Cuban		100.0	5.1	12.2	5.3	15.0	36.8	†	15.6
Other specific		100.0	11.0	22.6	10.8	16.0	29.9	2.3	10.3
	Total	100.0	10.3	21.2	10.6	14.0	28.6	1.9	9.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Up to three diagnoses can be reported for each individual; this table includes all diagnoses reported. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Numbers may not sum to the total and percentages may not sum to 100 percent because up to three diagnoses may be reported for an individual.

³ The total column includes individuals with no mention of the listed diagnoses.

⁴ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 1.15. Mental health individuals and U.S. population, by marital status and age group: Number and percent distribution, 2014

<i>Marital status</i>	<i>Age groups</i>									
	<i>Number</i>					<i>Percent distribution</i>				
	<i>Under 18</i>	<i>18-25</i>	<i>26-54</i>	<i>55 and older</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Under 18</i>	<i>18-25</i>	<i>26-54</i>	<i>55 and older</i>	<i>Total</i>
Mental health individuals										
Never married	801,629	337,862	776,943	158,684	2,075,118	99.5	90.9	55.0	35.2	68.2
Currently married	2,632	21,648	252,343	92,059	368,682	†	5.8	17.9	20.4	12.1
Separated	578	7,106	119,643	33,047	160,374	†	1.9	8.5	7.3	5.3
Divorced	586	4,729	240,324	122,695	368,334	†	1.3	17.0	27.2	12.1
Widowed	185	333	24,162	44,043	68,723	†	†	1.7	9.8	2.3
Total	805,610	371,678	1,413,415	450,528	3,041,231	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
U.S. population										
Never married	73,402,510	32,284,240	34,680,537	6,482,127	146,849,414	99.9	89.2	28.2	7.5	46.1
Currently married	66,746	3,420,118	68,547,806	51,043,956	123,078,626	†	9.4	55.8	59.2	38.6
Separated	15,432	193,089	3,656,965	1,580,816	5,446,302	†	†	3.0	1.8	1.7
Divorced	4,649	278,833	14,783,868	13,310,154	28,377,504	†	†	12.0	15.4	8.9
Widowed	2,477	21,798	1,215,739	13,865,196	15,105,210	†	†	1.0	16.1	4.7
Total	73,491,814	36,198,078	122,884,915	86,282,249	318,857,056	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15. U.S. population: U.S. Census ACS tables.

Table 2.1a. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals age 0 to 17	1,514,755	260,394	186,421	347,388	118,155	136,267	198,636	105,785	57,115	104,594
Gender										
Male	880,576	127,297	87,859	253,839	82,741	72,912	77,141	70,171	46,259	62,357
Female	633,776	133,031	98,518	93,491	35,376	63,324	121,426	35,594	10,852	42,164
Total	1,514,352	260,328	186,377	347,330	118,117	136,236	198,567	105,765	57,111	104,521
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native	21,583	4,414	3,722	3,757	1,320	1,570	3,404	1,501	431	1,464
Asian ²	11,814	2,216	1,664	1,411	671	754	2,378	456	988	1,276
Black or African American	297,843	41,629	23,478	88,222	32,565	26,944	29,159	31,271	6,311	18,264
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2,446	473	363	408	204	207	402	139	67	183
White	854,691	154,366	112,345	200,512	55,610	82,976	111,644	52,335	40,169	44,734
Other	212,619	33,238	30,055	34,012	19,923	15,577	36,235	13,704	6,503	23,372
Total	1,400,996	236,336	171,627	328,322	110,293	128,028	183,222	99,406	54,469	89,293
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	973,606	154,427	116,292	244,366	73,857	95,904	119,032	71,514	43,637	54,577
Hispanic or Latino Origin	313,745	55,798	43,632	57,236	25,683	24,626	52,395	17,713	7,754	28,908
Total	1,287,351	210,225	159,924	301,602	99,540	120,530	171,427	89,227	51,391	83,485
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican	29,287	5,622	5,576	4,653	2,087	2,158	6,157	1,632	233	1,169
Puerto Rican	9,160	1,689	1,328	2,040	723	1,083	1,157	601	239	300
Cuban	1,279	201	167	352	80	124	199	92	26	38
Other specific	21,873	4,071	3,459	4,085	1,686	2,058	3,972	1,431	263	848
Total	61,599	11,583	10,530	11,130	4,576	5,423	11,485	3,756	761	2,355

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.1b. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Column percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender										
Male	58.1	48.9	47.1	73.1	70.1	53.5	38.8	66.3	81.0	59.7
Female	41.9	51.1	52.9	26.9	29.9	46.5	61.2	33.7	19.0	40.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.5	1.9	2.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.9	1.5	†	1.6
Asian ²	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.3	†	1.8	1.4
Black or African American	21.3	17.6	13.7	26.9	29.5	21.0	15.9	31.5	11.6	20.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	61.0	65.3	65.5	61.1	50.4	64.8	60.9	52.6	73.7	50.1
Other	15.2	14.1	17.5	10.4	18.1	12.2	19.8	13.8	11.9	26.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	75.6	73.5	72.7	81.0	74.2	79.6	69.4	80.1	84.9	65.4
Hispanic or Latino Origin	24.4	26.5	27.3	19.0	25.8	20.4	30.6	19.9	15.1	34.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican	47.5	48.5	53.0	41.8	45.6	39.8	53.6	43.5	30.6	49.6
Puerto Rican	14.9	14.6	12.6	18.3	15.8	20.0	10.1	16.0	31.4	12.7
Cuban	2.1	1.7	1.6	3.2	1.7	2.3	1.7	2.4	3.4	1.6
Other specific	35.5	35.1	32.8	36.7	36.8	37.9	34.6	38.1	34.6	36.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = Attention deficit disorder/Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = Oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = Pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.1c. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Row percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	100.0	17.2	12.3	22.9	7.8	9.0	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.9
Gender										
Male	100.0	14.5	10.0	28.8	9.4	8.3	8.8	8.0	5.3	7.1
Female	100.0	21.0	15.5	14.8	5.6	10.0	19.2	5.6	1.7	6.7
Total	100.0	17.2	12.3	22.9	7.8	9.0	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.9
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	20.5	17.2	17.4	6.1	7.3	15.8	7.0	2.0	6.8
Asian ²	100.0	18.8	14.1	11.9	5.7	6.4	20.1	3.9	8.4	10.8
Black or African American	100.0	14.0	7.9	29.6	10.9	9.0	9.8	10.5	2.1	6.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	19.3	14.8	16.7	8.3	8.5	16.4	5.7	2.7	7.5
White	100.0	18.1	13.1	23.5	6.5	9.7	13.1	6.1	4.7	5.2
Other	100.0	15.6	14.1	16.0	9.4	7.3	17.0	6.4	3.1	11.0
Total	100.0	16.9	12.3	23.4	7.9	9.1	13.1	7.1	3.9	6.4
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	15.9	11.9	25.1	7.6	9.9	12.2	7.3	4.5	5.6
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	17.8	13.9	18.2	8.2	7.8	16.7	5.6	2.5	9.2
Total	100.0	16.3	12.4	23.4	7.7	9.4	13.3	6.9	4.0	6.5
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican	100.0	19.2	19.0	15.9	7.1	7.4	21.0	5.6	†	4.0
Puerto Rican	100.0	18.4	14.5	22.3	7.9	11.8	12.6	6.6	2.6	3.3
Cuban	100.0	15.7	13.1	27.5	6.3	9.7	15.6	7.2	2.0	3.0
Other specific	100.0	18.6	15.8	18.7	7.7	9.4	18.2	6.5	1.2	3.9
Total	100.0	18.8	17.1	18.1	7.4	8.8	18.6	6.1	1.2	3.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.2a. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	1,114,537	151,455	140,672	280,194	92,427	110,424	157,951	81,795	45,233	54,386
Gender										
Male	657,356	75,001	67,096	204,605	64,806	59,425	61,915	54,422	36,662	33,424
Female	456,914	76,417	73,544	75,551	27,589	50,978	95,975	27,360	8,568	20,932
Total	1,114,270	151,418	140,640	280,156	92,395	110,403	157,890	81,782	45,230	54,356
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native	12,076	1,654	2,414	2,299	809	1,019	2,125	953	264	539
Asian ³	8,845	1,345	1,306	1,107	532	622	1,970	365	831	767
Black or African American	233,341	23,870	18,814	76,315	26,862	22,562	24,566	24,414	5,003	10,935
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1,892	311	293	347	166	169	329	120	55	102
White	611,247	85,739	81,893	155,939	40,677	66,177	85,236	39,242	31,669	24,675
Other	176,269	25,666	26,232	30,116	17,746	13,497	32,662	11,997	5,664	12,689
Total	1,043,670	138,585	130,952	266,123	86,792	104,046	146,888	77,091	43,486	49,707
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	727,772	86,883	88,059	199,301	57,810	78,715	94,452	55,609	35,936	31,007
Hispanic or Latino Origin	237,180	33,256	34,219	46,974	21,076	20,489	43,708	14,633	6,196	16,629
Total	964,952	120,139	122,278	246,275	78,886	99,204	138,160	70,242	42,132	47,636
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican	18,582	2,221	3,987	3,433	1,421	1,560	4,259	1,092	130	479
Puerto Rican	7,125	1,097	1,089	1,650	605	908	902	480	190	204
Cuban	1,091	148	142	326	69	107	172	82	15	30
Other specific	15,788	2,294	2,664	3,248	1,341	1,544	2,946	1,105	177	469
Total	42,586	5,760	7,882	8,657	3,436	4,119	8,279	2,759	512	1,182

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.2b. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Column percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender										
Male	59.0	49.5	47.7	73.0	70.1	53.8	39.2	66.5	81.1	61.5
Female	41.0	50.5	52.3	27.0	29.9	46.2	60.8	33.5	18.9	38.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2	1.2	1.8	†	†	†	1.4	1.2	†	1.1
Asian ³	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.3	†	1.9	1.5
Black or African American	22.4	17.2	14.4	28.7	30.9	21.7	16.7	31.7	11.5	22.0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	58.6	61.9	62.5	58.6	46.9	63.6	58.0	50.9	72.8	49.6
Other	16.9	18.5	20.0	11.3	20.4	13.0	22.2	15.6	13.0	25.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	75.4	72.3	72.0	80.9	73.3	79.3	68.4	79.2	85.3	65.1
Hispanic or Latino Origin	24.6	27.7	28.0	19.1	26.7	20.7	31.6	20.8	14.7	34.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican	43.6	38.6	50.6	39.7	41.4	37.9	51.4	39.6	25.4	40.5
Puerto Rican	16.7	19.0	13.8	19.1	17.6	22.0	10.9	17.4	37.1	17.3
Cuban	2.6	2.6	1.8	3.8	2.0	2.6	2.1	3.0	2.9	2.5
Other specific	37.1	39.8	33.8	37.5	39.0	37.5	35.6	40.1	34.6	39.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.2c. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹									
		Row percent distribution of individuals									
Gender, race, and ethnicity							Mood disorders				
			Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	ODD	PDD	Other
Total											
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17 ²		100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
Gender											
Male		100.0	11.4	10.2	31.1	9.9	9.0	9.4	8.3	5.6	5.1
Female		100.0	16.7	16.1	16.5	6.0	11.2	21.0	6.0	1.9	4.6
Total		100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
Race											
American Indian or Alaska Native		100.0	13.7	20.0	19.0	6.7	8.4	17.6	7.9	2.2	4.5
Asian ³		100.0	15.2	14.8	12.5	6.0	7.0	22.3	4.1	9.4	8.7
Black or African American		100.0	10.2	8.1	32.7	11.5	9.7	10.5	10.5	2.1	4.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		100.0	16.4	15.5	18.3	8.8	8.9	17.4	6.3	2.9	5.4
White		100.0	14.0	13.4	25.5	6.7	10.8	13.9	6.4	5.2	4.0
Other		100.0	14.6	14.9	17.1	10.1	7.7	18.5	6.8	3.2	7.2
Total		100.0	13.3	12.5	25.5	8.3	10.0	14.1	7.4	4.2	4.8
Ethnicity											
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	11.9	12.1	27.4	7.9	10.8	13.0	7.6	4.9	4.3
Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	14.0	14.4	19.8	8.9	8.6	18.4	6.2	2.6	7.0
Total		100.0	12.5	12.7	25.5	8.2	10.3	14.3	7.3	4.4	4.9
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin											
Mexican		100.0	12.0	21.5	18.5	7.6	8.4	22.9	5.9	†	2.6
Puerto Rican		100.0	15.4	15.3	23.2	8.5	12.7	12.7	6.7	2.7	2.9
Cuban		100.0	13.6	13.0	29.9	6.3	9.8	15.8	7.5	1.4	2.7
Other specific		100.0	14.5	16.9	20.6	8.5	9.8	18.7	7.0	1.1	3.0
Total		100.0	13.5	18.5	20.3	8.1	9.7	19.4	6.5	1.2	2.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.3a. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SED status, and functioning score (CGAS): Number, 2014

Living arrangement, SED status and functioning score (CGAS)	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	1,514,755	260,394	186,421	347,388	118,155	136,267	198,636	105,785	57,115	104,594
Living arrangement										
Homeless	4,287	1,359	599	627	280	330	514	263	54	261
Foster home/foster care	35,919	9,197	6,652	5,496	2,440	3,060	3,359	2,108	391	3,216
Residential care	13,496	1,256	1,913	1,641	1,189	3,178	2,134	1,017	189	979
Private residence	794,987	126,369	103,174	191,185	64,010	79,441	113,046	58,306	20,211	39,245
Other	44,234	11,053	5,739	7,205	2,972	4,070	5,877	2,314	540	4,464
Total	892,923	149,234	118,077	206,154	70,891	90,079	124,930	64,008	21,385	48,165
SED status ²										
SED	1,114,537	151,455	140,672	280,194	92,427	110,424	157,951	81,795	45,233	54,386
Not SED	361,425	100,162	40,074	62,235	23,480	22,351	35,657	20,754	10,346	46,366
Total	1,475,962	251,617	180,746	342,429	115,907	132,775	193,608	102,549	55,579	100,752
Functioning score (CGAS) ³										
0	25,834	4,199	2,404	2,930	1,354	1,923	4,060	1,359	420	7,185
1-50	288,879	28,604	42,497	49,910	24,980	38,144	56,936	21,224	7,599	18,985
51-100	326,393	62,836	45,098	70,750	24,983	28,922	45,543	17,340	6,059	24,862
Total	641,106	95,639	89,999	123,590	51,317	68,989	106,539	39,923	14,078	51,032

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.3b. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SED status, and functioning score (CGAS): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SED status and functioning score (CGAS)	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Column percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement										
Homeless	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Foster home/foster care	4.0	6.2	5.6	2.7	3.4	3.4	2.7	3.3	1.8	6.7
Residential care	1.5	†	1.6	†	1.7	3.5	1.7	1.6	†	2.0
Private residence	89.0	84.7	87.4	92.7	90.3	88.2	90.5	91.1	94.5	81.5
Other	5.0	7.4	4.9	3.5	4.2	4.5	4.7	3.6	2.5	9.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SED status²										
SED	75.5	60.2	77.8	81.8	79.7	83.2	81.6	79.8	81.4	54.0
Not SED	24.5	39.8	22.2	18.2	20.3	16.8	18.4	20.2	18.6	46.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (CGAS)³										
0	4.0	4.4	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.8	3.4	3.0	14.1
1-50	45.1	29.9	47.2	40.4	48.7	55.3	53.4	53.2	54.0	37.2
51-100	50.9	65.7	50.1	57.2	48.7	41.9	42.7	43.4	43.0	48.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.3c. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SED status, and functioning score (CGAS): Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹									
Living arrangement, SED status and functioning score (CGAS)		Row percent distribution of individuals									
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17		100.0	17.2	12.3	22.9	7.8	9.0	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.9
Living arrangement											
	Homeless	100.0	31.7	14.0	14.6	6.5	7.7	12.0	6.1	1.3	6.1
	Foster home/foster care	100.0	25.6	18.5	15.3	6.8	8.5	9.4	5.9	1.1	9.0
	Residential care	100.0	9.3	14.2	12.2	8.8	23.5	15.8	7.5	1.4	7.3
	Private residence	100.0	15.9	13.0	24.0	8.1	10.0	14.2	7.3	2.5	4.9
	Other	100.0	25.0	13.0	16.3	6.7	9.2	13.3	5.2	1.2	10.1
	Total	100.0	16.7	13.2	23.1	7.9	10.1	14.0	7.2	2.4	5.4
SED status ²											
	SED	100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
	Not SED	100.0	27.7	11.1	17.2	6.5	6.2	9.9	5.7	2.9	12.8
	Total	100.0	17.0	12.2	23.2	7.9	9.0	13.1	6.9	3.8	6.8
Functioning score (CGAS) ³											
	0	100.0	16.3	9.3	11.3	5.2	7.4	15.7	5.3	1.6	27.8
	1-50	100.0	9.9	14.7	17.3	8.6	13.2	19.7	7.3	2.6	6.6
	51-100	100.0	19.3	13.8	21.7	7.7	8.9	14.0	5.3	1.9	7.6
	Total	100.0	14.9	14.0	19.3	8.0	10.8	16.6	6.2	2.2	8.0

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.4a. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (CGAS): Number, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (CGAS)	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	1,114,537	151,455	140,672	280,194	92,427	110,424	157,951	81,795	45,233	54,386
Living arrangement										
Homeless	3,414	995	497	536	225	282	434	216	43	186
Foster home/foster care	27,033	6,095	5,521	4,298	1,945	2,551	2,854	1,637	285	1,847
Residential care	11,347	760	1,678	1,423	1,087	2,891	1,816	837	124	731
Private residence	579,242	61,834	77,523	155,741	49,760	64,858	89,243	45,448	13,650	21,185
Other	29,910	5,385	4,088	5,621	2,480	3,370	4,692	1,616	310	2,348
Total	650,946	75,069	89,307	167,619	55,497	73,952	99,039	49,754	14,412	26,297
Functioning score (CGAS)³										
0	19,405	3,724	2,166	2,744	1,236	1,788	3,871	1,304	360	2,212
1-50	250,701	22,556	38,432	44,421	21,981	34,008	51,270	17,345	6,076	14,612
51-100	216,011	32,860	30,887	53,191	18,096	21,023	32,176	12,297	3,566	11,915
Total	486,117	59,140	71,485	100,356	41,313	56,819	87,317	30,946	10,002	28,739

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.4b. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (CGAS): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (CGAS)	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Column percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement										
Homeless	†	1.3	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Foster home/foster care	4.2	8.1	6.2	2.6	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.3	2.0	7.0
Residential care	1.7	1.0	1.9	†	2.0	3.9	1.8	1.7	†	2.8
Private residence	89.0	82.4	86.8	92.9	89.7	87.7	90.1	91.3	94.7	80.6
Other	4.6	7.2	4.6	3.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	3.2	2.2	8.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (CGAS)³										
0	4.0	6.3	3.0	2.7	3.0	3.1	4.4	4.2	3.6	7.7
1-50	51.6	38.1	53.8	44.3	53.2	59.9	58.7	56.0	60.7	50.8
51-100	44.4	55.6	43.2	53.0	43.8	37.0	36.8	39.7	35.7	41.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.4c. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (CGAS): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (CGAS)	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Row percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
Living arrangement										
Homeless	100.0	29.1	14.6	15.7	6.6	8.3	12.7	6.3	1.3	5.4
Foster home/foster care	100.0	22.5	20.4	15.9	7.2	9.4	10.6	6.1	1.1	6.8
Residential care	100.0	6.7	14.8	12.5	9.6	25.5	16.0	7.4	1.1	6.4
Private residence	100.0	10.7	13.4	26.9	8.6	11.2	15.4	7.8	2.4	3.7
Other	100.0	18.0	13.7	18.8	8.3	11.3	15.7	5.4	1.0	7.9
Total	100.0	11.5	13.7	25.8	8.5	11.4	15.2	7.6	2.2	4.0
Functioning score (CGAS)³										
0	100.0	19.2	11.2	14.1	6.4	9.2	19.9	6.7	1.9	11.4
1-50	100.0	9.0	15.3	17.7	8.8	13.6	20.5	6.9	2.4	5.8
51-100	100.0	15.2	14.3	24.6	8.4	9.7	14.9	5.7	1.7	5.5
Total	100.0	12.2	14.7	20.6	8.5	11.7	18.0	6.4	2.1	5.9

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; ODD = Oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.5a. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorder	Depressive disorder			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	1,514,755	260,394	186,421	347,388	118,155	136,267	198,636	105,785	57,115	104,594
Timing of admission										
New individuals	759,431	159,569	94,665	135,817	63,556	59,965	113,874	48,563	18,835	64,587
Continuing individuals	755,288	100,820	91,748	211,565	54,599	76,296	84,758	57,220	38,280	40,002
Total	1,514,719	260,389	186,413	347,382	118,155	136,261	198,632	105,783	57,115	104,589
Mental health service setting^{2,3}										
State psychiatric hospital	8,663	531	707	632	580	2,513	2,156	431	169	944
Community-based program	1,502,627	259,537	185,410	346,293	116,824	133,551	196,347	105,104	56,955	102,606
Residential treatment center	12,850	860	1,614	1,964	1,141	3,299	2,067	906	242	757
Other psychiatric inpatient	19,817	1,126	2,183	2,322	658	4,979	5,933	834	456	1,326
Institutions under the justice system	7,789	551	579	284	1,226	1,165	1,123	602	21	2,238

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.5b. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹									
Timing of admisisions and mental health service setting		Column percent distribution of individuals									
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Timing of admission											
New individuals	50.1	61.3	50.8	39.1	53.8	44.0	57.3	45.9	33.0	61.8	
Continuing individuals	49.9	38.7	49.2	60.9	46.2	56.0	42.7	54.1	67.0	38.2	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
		Column percent of individuals ²									
Mental health service setting ³											
State psychiatric hospital	†	†	†	†	†	1.8	1.1	†	†	†	
Community-based program	99.2	99.7	99.5	99.7	98.9	98.0	98.8	99.4	99.7	98.1	
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	2.4	1.0	†	†	†	
Other psychiatric inpatient	1.3	†	1.2	†	†	3.7	3.0	†	†	1.3	
Institutions under the justice system	†	†	†	†	1.0	†	†	†	†	2.1	

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.5c. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹									
Timing of admissions and mental health service setting		Row percent distribution of individuals									
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	100.0		17.2	12.3	22.9	7.8	9.0	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.9
Timing of admission											
New individuals	100.0		21.0	12.5	17.9	8.4	7.9	15.0	6.4	2.5	8.5
Continuing individuals	100.0		13.3	12.1	28.0	7.2	10.1	11.2	7.6	5.1	5.3
Total	100.0		17.2	12.3	22.9	7.8	9.0	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.9
Mental health service setting ^{2,3}											
State psychiatric hospital	100.0		6.1	8.2	7.3	6.7	29.0	24.9	5.0	2.0	10.9
Community-based program	100.0		17.3	12.3	23.0	7.8	8.9	13.1	7.0	3.8	6.8
Residential treatment center	100.0		6.7	12.6	15.3	8.9	25.7	16.1	7.1	1.9	5.9
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0		5.7	11.0	11.7	3.3	25.1	29.9	4.2	2.3	6.7
Institutions under the justice system	100.0		7.1	7.4	3.6	15.7	15.0	14.4	7.7	†	28.7

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.6a. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Number of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	1,114,537	151,455	140,672	280,194	92,427	110,424	157,951	81,795	45,233	54,386
Timing of admission										
New individuals	519,841	89,401	67,864	104,269	47,251	46,590	87,780	36,027	12,569	28,090
Continuing individuals	594,696	62,054	72,808	175,925	45,176	63,834	70,171	45,768	32,664	26,296
Total	1,114,537	151,455	140,672	280,194	92,427	110,424	157,951	81,795	45,233	54,386
Mental health service setting^{3,4}										
State psychiatric hospital	6,907	294	604	528	514	2,186	1,644	309	126	702
Community-based program	1,105,162	150,848	139,804	279,210	91,234	108,054	156,212	81,252	45,131	53,417
Residential treatment center	11,559	669	1,410	1,863	1,059	3,025	1,910	823	177	623
Other psychiatric inpatient	17,032	790	1,869	1,998	583	4,429	5,377	631	368	987
Institutions under the justice system	6,354	442	534	267	1,160	1,127	1,077	566	21	1,160

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.6b. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹										
	Column percent distribution of individuals										
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other	
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders				
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17 ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Timing of admission											
New individuals	46.6	59.0	48.2	37.2	51.1	42.2	55.6	44.0	27.8	51.6	
Continuing individuals	53.4	41.0	51.8	62.8	48.9	57.8	44.4	56.0	72.2	48.4	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Mental health service setting ⁴	Column percent of individuals ³										
	State psychiatric hospital	†	†	†	†	†	2.0	1.0	†	†	1.3
	Community-based program	99.2	99.6	99.4	99.6	98.7	97.9	98.9	99.3	99.8	98.2
	Residential treatment center	1.0	†	1.0	†	1.1	2.7	1.2	1.0	†	1.1
	Other psychiatric inpatient	1.5	†	1.3	†	†	4.0	3.4	†	†	1.8
	Institutions under the justice system	†	†	†	†	1.3	1.0	†	†	†	2.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.6c. Individuals aged 17 and younger with SED, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admissions mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹									
	Row percent distribution of individuals									
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	PDD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SED aged 0 to 17²	100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
Timing of admission										
New individuals	100.0	17.2	13.1	20.1	9.1	9.0	16.9	6.9	2.4	5.4
Continuing individuals	100.0	10.4	12.2	29.6	7.6	10.7	11.8	7.7	5.5	4.4
Total	100.0	13.6	12.6	25.1	8.3	9.9	14.2	7.3	4.1	4.9
Mental health service setting^{3,4}										
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	4.3	8.7	7.6	7.4	31.6	23.8	4.5	1.8	10.2
Community-based program	100.0	13.6	12.7	25.3	8.3	9.8	14.1	7.4	4.1	4.8
Residential treatment center	100.0	5.8	12.2	16.1	9.2	26.2	16.5	7.1	1.5	5.4
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	4.6	11.0	11.7	3.4	26.0	31.6	3.7	2.2	5.8
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	7.0	8.4	4.2	18.3	17.7	16.9	8.9	†	18.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; PDD = pervasive developmental disorders; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 2.7. Individuals aged 17 and younger, by mental health service setting, SED status, and functioning score (CGAS): Number and percent distribution, 2014

SED status and functioning score (CGAS)		Mental health service setting ¹									
		Number of individuals ²					Percent distribution of individuals				
		State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system	State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system
Total individuals aged 0 to 17	1,682,488	9,374	1,668,747	14,345	21,063	8,476	†	99.2	1.1	1.5	†
SED status³											
SED	1,182,973	7,265	1,172,973	12,460	18,114	6,391	80.6	75.4	90.7	87.7	75.6
Not SED	385,201	1,744	382,103	1,285	2,543	2,068	19.4	24.6	9.3	12.3	24.4
Total	1,568,174	9,009	1,555,076	13,745	20,657	8,459	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (CGAS)⁴											
0	27,919	38	26,771	29	430	1,966	†	4.0	†	5.3	23.5
1-50	294,774	4,102	289,953	4,533	5,306	3,126	79.8	43.3	58.4	65.2	37.4
51-100	355,490	1,003	352,390	3,194	2,398	3,275	19.5	52.7	41.2	29.5	39.1
Total	678,183	5,143	669,114	7,756	8,134	8,367	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; SED = serious emotional disturbance.

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

² Numbers may not sum to the *Total unique individuals* column because individuals could receive services in more than one mental health service setting during the reporting period.

³ The definition for SED status can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents. Further information on CGAS can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.1a. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	576,361	41,068	78,097	29,181	127,159	154,540	4,397	62,427	79,492
Gender									
Male	278,643	17,786	28,511	19,761	59,179	55,796	2,072	45,771	49,767
Female	297,022	23,232	49,542	9,404	67,810	98,578	2,323	16,505	29,628
Total	575,665	41,018	78,053	29,165	126,989	154,374	4,395	62,276	79,395
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	8,204	643	1,386	351	1,421	2,476	63	781	1,083
Asian ²	6,580	560	766	167	983	1,816	24	1,492	772
Black or African American	114,057	8,481	9,886	5,719	24,190	28,748	831	21,001	15,201
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	909	73	127	30	178	223	8	150	120
White	352,017	24,009	54,133	19,267	82,759	96,541	2,945	26,658	45,705
Other	51,768	3,581	6,619	1,552	9,587	14,635	272	7,125	8,397
Total	533,535	37,347	72,917	27,086	119,118	144,439	4,143	57,207	71,278
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	401,063	25,274	55,267	19,813	94,423	108,060	3,398	43,020	51,808
Hispanic or Latino Origin	81,644	6,344	10,278	2,923	15,516	23,773	455	10,884	11,471
Total	482,707	31,618	65,545	22,736	109,939	131,833	3,853	53,904	63,279
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	6,426	525	1,097	169	1,077	2,397	25	727	409
Puerto Rican	2,933	209	417	144	728	816	30	401	188
Cuban	612	53	83	36	145	167	3	80	45
Other specific	7,027	559	1,096	273	1,471	2,277	44	846	461
Total	16,998	1,346	2,693	622	3,421	5,657	102	2,054	1,103

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.1b. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	48.4	43.4	36.5	67.8	46.6	36.1	47.1	73.5	62.7
Female	51.6	56.6	63.5	32.2	53.4	63.9	52.9	26.5	37.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5
Asian ²	1.2	1.5	1.1	†	†	1.3	†	2.6	1.1
Black or African American	21.4	22.7	13.6	21.1	20.3	19.9	20.1	36.7	21.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	66.0	64.3	74.2	71.1	69.5	66.8	71.1	46.6	64.1
Other	9.7	9.6	9.1	5.7	8.0	10.1	6.6	12.5	11.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	83.1	79.9	84.3	87.1	85.9	82.0	88.2	79.8	81.9
Hispanic or Latino Origin	16.9	20.1	15.7	12.9	14.1	18.0	11.8	20.2	18.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	37.8	39.0	40.7	27.2	31.5	42.4	24.5	35.4	37.1
Puerto Rican	17.3	15.5	15.5	23.2	21.3	14.4	29.4	19.5	17.0
Cuban	3.6	3.9	3.1	5.8	4.2	3.0	2.9	3.9	4.1
Other specific	41.3	41.5	40.7	43.9	43.0	40.3	43.1	41.2	41.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.1c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders		
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders		Other
Total individuals age 18 to 25	100.0	7.1	13.6	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Gender									
Male	100.0	6.4	10.2	7.1	21.2	20.0	†	16.4	17.9
Female	100.0	7.8	16.7	3.2	22.8	33.2	†	5.6	10.0
Total	100.0	7.1	13.6	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	7.8	16.9	4.3	17.3	30.2	†	9.5	13.2
Asian ²	100.0	8.5	11.6	2.5	14.9	27.6	†	22.7	11.7
Black or African American	100.0	7.4	8.7	5.0	21.2	25.2	†	18.4	13.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	8.0	14.0	3.3	19.6	24.5	†	16.5	13.2
White	100.0	6.8	15.4	5.5	23.5	27.4	†	7.6	13.0
Other	100.0	6.9	12.8	3.0	18.5	28.3	†	13.8	16.2
Total	100.0	7.0	13.7	5.1	22.3	27.1	†	10.7	13.4
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	6.3	13.8	4.9	23.5	26.9	†	10.7	12.9
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	7.8	12.6	3.6	19.0	29.1	†	13.3	14.1
Total	100.0	6.6	13.6	4.7	22.8	27.3	†	11.2	13.1
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	8.2	17.1	2.6	16.8	37.3	†	11.3	6.4
Puerto Rican	100.0	7.1	14.2	4.9	24.8	27.8	1.0	13.7	6.4
Cuban	100.0	8.7	13.6	5.9	23.7	27.3	†	13.1	7.4
Other specific	100.0	8.0	15.6	3.9	20.9	32.4	†	12.0	6.6
Total	100.0	7.9	15.8	3.7	20.1	33.3	†	12.1	6.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.2a. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Gender									
Male	177,206	6,984	15,017	10,233	45,978	39,407	1,407	41,031	17,149
Female	187,324	9,314	25,912	5,121	52,502	70,059	1,632	14,691	8,093
Total	364,530	16,298	40,929	15,354	98,480	109,466	3,039	55,722	25,242
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	4,519	136	768	189	912	1,514	45	668	287
Asian ³	4,629	253	427	85	828	1,328	15	1,368	325
Black or African American	75,753	3,335	5,232	2,770	19,260	20,647	577	18,938	4,994
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	597	30	69	12	141	166	6	135	38
White	214,386	8,668	26,976	10,064	63,080	66,628	1,999	23,608	13,363
Other	37,618	2,245	4,323	976	7,940	11,998	212	6,577	3,347
Total	337,502	14,667	37,795	14,096	92,161	102,281	2,854	51,294	22,354
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	253,368	9,606	28,510	10,167	73,106	76,236	2,366	38,636	14,741
Hispanic or Latino Origin	56,597	2,958	5,838	1,488	12,825	18,514	337	10,025	4,612
Total	309,965	12,564	34,348	11,655	85,931	94,750	2,703	48,661	19,353
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	3,849	99	483	44	844	1,622	13	648	96
Puerto Rican	1,785	66	151	38	560	560	11	348	51
Cuban	448	35	58	20	108	135	- -	76	14
Other specific	4,658	171	523	93	1,192	1,743	26	771	139
Total	10,740	371	1,215	195	2,704	4,060	52	1,843	300

- - Less than three individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.2b. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	48.6	42.9	36.7	66.6	46.7	36.0	46.3	73.6	67.9
Female	51.4	57.1	63.3	33.4	53.3	64.0	53.7	26.4	32.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.3	†	2.0	1.3	†	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.3
Asian ³	1.4	1.7	1.1	†	†	1.3	†	2.7	1.5
Black or African American	22.4	22.7	13.8	19.7	20.9	20.2	20.2	36.9	22.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	63.5	59.1	71.4	71.4	68.4	65.1	70.0	46.0	59.8
Other	11.1	15.3	11.4	6.9	8.6	11.7	7.4	12.8	15.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	81.7	76.5	83.0	87.2	85.1	80.5	87.5	79.4	76.2
Hispanic or Latino Origin	18.3	23.5	17.0	12.8	14.9	19.5	12.5	20.6	23.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	35.8	26.7	39.8	22.6	31.2	40.0	25.0	35.2	32.0
Puerto Rican	16.6	17.8	12.4	19.5	20.7	13.8	21.2	18.9	17.0
Cuban	4.2	9.4	4.8	10.3	4.0	3.3	3.8	4.1	4.7
Other specific	43.4	46.1	43.0	47.7	44.1	42.9	50.0	41.8	46.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.2c. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Gender									
Male	100.0	3.9	8.5	5.8	25.9	22.2	†	23.2	9.7
Female	100.0	5.0	13.8	2.7	28.0	37.4	†	7.8	4.3
Total	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	3.0	17.0	4.2	20.2	33.5	†	14.8	6.4
Asian ³	100.0	5.5	9.2	1.8	17.9	28.7	†	29.6	7.0
Black or African American	100.0	4.4	6.9	3.7	25.4	27.3	†	25.0	6.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	5.0	11.6	2.0	23.6	27.8	1.0	22.6	6.4
White	100.0	4.0	12.6	4.7	29.4	31.1	†	11.0	6.2
Other	100.0	6.0	11.5	2.6	21.1	31.9	†	17.5	8.9
Total	100.0	4.3	11.2	4.2	27.3	30.3	†	15.2	6.6
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	3.8	11.3	4.0	28.9	30.1	†	15.2	5.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	5.2	10.3	2.6	22.7	32.7	†	17.7	8.1
Total	100.0	4.1	11.1	3.8	27.7	30.6	†	15.7	6.2
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	2.6	12.5	1.1	21.9	42.1	†	16.8	2.5
Puerto Rican	100.0	3.7	8.5	2.1	31.4	31.4	†	19.5	2.9
Cuban	100.0	7.8	12.9	4.5	24.1	30.1	†	17.0	3.1
Other specific	100.0	3.7	11.2	2.0	25.6	37.4	†	16.6	3.0
Total	100.0	3.5	11.3	1.8	25.2	37.8	†	17.2	2.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.3a. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Number of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals age 18 to 25	576,361	41,068	78,097	29,181	127,159	154,540	4,397	62,427	79,492
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	21,843	2,918	2,160	3,332	3,413	3,919	158	1,625	4,318
9 to 11	62,210	4,180	8,175	3,719	14,804	17,150	739	7,233	6,210
12 (or GED)	92,461	5,793	13,744	3,735	22,745	28,403	936	10,703	6,402
More than 12	31,573	1,924	5,345	1,159	7,507	10,529	251	2,897	1,961
Total	208,087	14,815	29,424	11,945	48,469	60,001	2,084	22,458	18,891
Marital status									
Never married	286,922	19,785	34,878	16,320	66,518	75,182	2,240	31,700	40,299
Currently married	18,158	1,519	3,172	476	4,570	6,129	174	818	1,300
Separated	6,148	494	898	105	1,661	2,073	57	304	556
Divorced	4,181	253	753	69	1,141	1,429	60	214	262
Widowed	284	23	48	10	55	91	- -	17	39
Total	315,693	22,074	39,749	16,980	73,945	84,904	2,532	33,053	42,456

- - Less than three individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.3b. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	10.5	19.7	7.3	27.9	7.0	6.5	7.6	7.2	22.9
9 to 11	29.9	28.2	27.8	31.1	30.5	28.6	35.5	32.2	32.9
12 (or GED)	44.4	39.1	46.7	31.3	46.9	47.3	44.9	47.7	33.9
More than 12	15.2	13.0	18.2	9.7	15.5	17.5	12.0	12.9	10.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	90.9	89.6	87.7	96.1	90.0	88.5	88.5	95.9	94.9
Currently married	5.8	6.9	8.0	2.8	6.2	7.2	6.9	2.5	3.1
Separated	1.9	2.2	2.3	†	2.2	2.4	2.3	†	1.3
Divorced	1.3	1.1	1.9	†	1.5	1.7	2.4	†	†
Widowed	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.3c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	13.4	9.9	15.3	15.6	17.9	†	7.4	19.8
9 to 11	100.0	6.7	13.1	6.0	23.8	27.6	1.2	11.6	10.0
12 (or GED)	100.0	6.3	14.9	4.0	24.6	30.7	1.0	11.6	6.9
More than 12	100.0	6.1	16.9	3.7	23.8	33.3	†	9.2	6.2
Total	100.0	7.1	14.1	5.7	23.3	28.8	1.0	10.8	9.1
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	6.9	12.2	5.7	23.2	26.2	†	11.0	14.0
Currently married	100.0	8.4	17.5	2.6	25.2	33.8	†	4.5	7.2
Separated	100.0	8.0	14.6	1.7	27.0	33.7	†	4.9	9.0
Divorced	100.0	6.1	18.0	1.7	27.3	34.2	1.4	5.1	6.3
Widowed	100.0	8.1	16.9	3.5	19.4	32.0	†	6.0	13.7
Total	100.0	7.0	12.6	5.4	23.4	26.9	†	10.5	13.4

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.4a. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	11,573	606	1,149	1,463	2,446	2,624	117	1,406	1,762
9 to 11	41,369	1,065	4,866	1,964	11,112	12,445	582	6,671	2,664
12 (or GED)	63,811	1,462	8,028	2,031	17,733	21,436	640	9,903	2,578
More than 12	20,714	423	2,791	474	5,697	7,882	159	2,685	603
Total	137,467	3,556	16,834	5,932	36,988	44,387	1,498	20,665	7,607
Marital status									
Never married	182,850	7,659	16,915	8,234	53,327	56,295	1,588	28,724	10,108
Currently married	12,331	587	1,735	280	3,761	4,770	127	727	344
Separated	4,300	194	519	70	1,381	1,707	38	277	114
Divorced	2,905	92	420	39	946	1,115	34	199	60
Widowed	179	6	27	7	44	70	- -	15	9
Total	202,565	8,538	19,616	8,630	59,459	63,957	1,788	29,942	10,635

- - Less than three individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.4b. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25 ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	8.4	17.0	6.8	24.7	6.6	5.9	7.8	6.8	23.2
9 to 11	30.1	29.9	28.9	33.1	30.0	28.0	38.9	32.3	35.0
12 (or GED)	46.4	41.1	47.7	34.2	47.9	48.3	42.7	47.9	33.9
More than 12	15.1	11.9	16.6	8.0	15.4	17.8	10.6	13.0	7.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	90.3	89.7	86.2	95.4	89.7	88.0	88.8	95.9	95.0
Currently married	6.1	6.9	8.8	3.2	6.3	7.5	7.1	2.4	3.2
Separated	2.1	2.3	2.6	†	2.3	2.7	2.1	†	1.1
Divorced	1.4	1.1	2.1	†	1.6	1.7	1.9	†	†
Widowed	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.4c. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25 ²	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	5.2	9.9	12.6	21.1	22.7	1.0	12.1	15.2
9 to 11	100.0	2.6	11.8	4.7	26.9	30.1	1.4	16.1	6.4
12 (or GED)	100.0	2.3	12.6	3.2	27.8	33.6	1.0	15.5	4.0
More than 12	100.0	2.0	13.5	2.3	27.5	38.1	†	13.0	2.9
Total	100.0	2.6	12.2	4.3	26.9	32.3	1.1	15.0	5.5
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	4.2	9.3	4.5	29.2	30.8	†	15.7	5.5
Currently married	100.0	4.8	14.1	2.3	30.5	38.7	1.0	5.9	2.8
Separated	100.0	4.5	12.1	1.6	32.1	39.7	†	6.4	2.7
Divorced	100.0	3.2	14.5	1.3	32.6	38.4	1.2	6.9	2.1
Widowed	100.0	3.4	15.1	3.9	24.6	39.1	†	8.4	5.0
Total	100.0	4.2	9.7	4.3	29.4	31.6	†	14.8	5.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.5a. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	576,361	41,068	78,097	29,181	127,159	154,540	4,397	62,427	79,492
Living arrangement									
Homeless	12,857	595	1,306	186	3,586	3,217	128	2,311	1,528
Foster home/foster care	5,468	411	776	448	1,166	1,240	50	532	845
Residential care	12,288	635	1,256	442	3,317	2,372	121	2,549	1,596
Institutional setting	4,646	143	317	102	1,012	728	140	1,642	562
Jail/correctional facility	11,973	1,706	1,072	206	2,514	1,714	555	1,501	2,705
Private residence	296,725	18,507	42,788	13,740	70,924	88,064	2,169	34,204	26,329
Other	16,328	1,502	3,338	873	3,208	4,635	132	1,437	1,203
Total	360,285	23,499	50,853	15,997	85,727	101,970	3,295	44,176	34,768
SMI status²									
SMI	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Not SMI	182,757	22,517	32,501	12,156	23,159	37,120	1,176	4,014	50,114
Total	547,816	38,842	73,460	27,517	121,793	146,724	4,216	59,883	75,381
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	14,462	893	1,260	309	2,770	2,882	60	2,282	4,006
1-50	124,311	4,056	12,201	2,288	33,871	35,961	803	25,397	9,734
51-100	108,215	8,954	16,889	4,663	24,747	30,325	902	9,376	12,359
Total	246,988	13,903	30,350	7,260	61,388	69,168	1,765	37,055	26,099

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 3.5b. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF):
Column percent distribution, 2014**

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	3.6	2.5	2.6	1.2	4.2	3.2	3.9	5.2	4.4
Foster home/foster care	1.5	1.7	1.5	2.8	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.2	2.4
Residential care	3.4	2.7	2.5	2.8	3.9	2.3	3.7	5.8	4.6
Institutional setting	1.3	†	†	†	1.2	†	4.2	3.7	1.6
Jail/correctional facility	3.3	7.3	2.1	1.3	2.9	1.7	16.8	3.4	7.8
Private residence	82.4	78.8	84.1	85.9	82.7	86.4	65.8	77.4	75.7
Other	4.5	6.4	6.6	5.5	3.7	4.5	4.0	3.3	3.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI status²									
SMI	66.6	42.0	55.8	55.8	81.0	74.7	72.1	93.3	33.5
Not SMI	33.4	58.0	44.2	44.2	19.0	25.3	27.9	6.7	66.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.9	6.4	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.2	3.4	6.2	15.3
1-50	50.3	29.2	40.2	31.5	55.2	52.0	45.5	68.5	37.3
51-100	43.8	64.4	55.6	64.2	40.3	43.8	51.1	25.3	47.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 3.5c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF):
Row percent distribution, 2014**

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	7.1	13.6	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Living arrangement									
Homeless	100.0	4.6	10.2	1.4	27.9	25.0	†	18.0	11.9
Foster home/foster care	100.0	7.5	14.2	8.2	21.3	22.7	†	9.7	15.5
Residential care	100.0	5.2	10.2	3.6	27.0	19.3	†	20.7	13.0
Institutional setting	100.0	3.1	6.8	2.2	21.8	15.7	3.0	35.3	12.1
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	14.2	9.0	1.7	21.0	14.3	4.6	12.5	22.6
Private residence	100.0	6.2	14.4	4.6	23.9	29.7	†	11.5	8.9
Other	100.0	9.2	20.4	5.3	19.6	28.4	†	8.8	7.4
Total	100.0	6.5	14.1	4.4	23.8	28.3	†	12.3	9.7
SMI status²									
SMI	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Not SMI	100.0	12.3	17.8	6.7	12.7	20.3	†	2.2	27.4
Total	100.0	7.1	13.4	5.0	22.2	26.8	†	10.9	13.8
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	100.0	6.2	8.7	2.1	19.2	19.9	†	15.8	27.7
1-50	100.0	3.3	9.8	1.8	27.2	28.9	†	20.4	7.8
51-100	100.0	8.3	15.6	4.3	22.9	28.0	†	8.7	11.4
Total	100.0	5.6	12.3	2.9	24.9	28.0	†	15.0	10.6

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.6a. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Living arrangement									
Homeless	9,407	247	865	93	3,045	2,526	98	2,060	473
Foster home/foster care	3,282	162	384	259	803	767	36	437	434
Residential care	9,353	389	803	250	2,878	1,828	103	2,423	679
Institutional setting	3,411	70	168	55	760	516	88	1,452	302
Jail/correctional facility	7,730	690	746	129	2,161	1,230	483	1,370	921
Private residence	199,622	6,094	24,555	6,536	55,085	63,564	1,531	31,267	10,990
Other	9,829	440	1,732	324	2,739	2,669	95	1,361	469
Total	242,634	8,092	29,253	7,646	67,471	73,100	2,434	40,370	14,268
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	10,429	777	935	246	2,571	2,607	39	2,247	1,007
1-50	103,841	2,386	8,499	1,240	30,427	30,866	618	24,114	5,691
51-100	65,865	3,865	8,210	1,864	18,240	20,874	635	8,174	4,003
Total	180,135	7,028	17,644	3,350	51,238	54,347	1,292	34,535	10,701

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.6b. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	3.9	3.1	3.0	1.2	4.5	3.5	4.0	5.1	3.3
Foster home/foster care	1.4	2.0	1.3	3.4	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.1	3.0
Residential care	3.9	4.8	2.7	3.3	4.3	2.5	4.2	6.0	4.8
Institutional setting	1.4	†	†	†	1.1	†	3.6	3.6	2.1
Jail/correctional facility	3.2	8.5	2.6	1.7	3.2	1.7	19.8	3.4	6.5
Private residence	82.3	75.3	83.9	85.5	81.6	87.0	62.9	77.5	77.0
Other	4.1	5.4	5.9	4.2	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.4	3.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.8	11.1	5.3	7.3	5.0	4.8	3.0	6.5	9.4
1-50	57.6	33.9	48.2	37.0	59.4	56.8	47.8	69.8	53.2
51-100	36.6	55.0	46.5	55.6	35.6	38.4	49.1	23.7	37.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.6c. Individuals ages 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Living arrangement									
Homeless	100.0	2.6	9.2	†	32.4	26.9	1.0	21.9	5.0
Foster home/foster care	100.0	4.9	11.7	7.9	24.5	23.4	1.1	13.3	13.2
Residential care	100.0	4.2	8.6	2.7	30.8	19.5	1.1	25.9	7.3
Institutional setting	100.0	2.1	4.9	1.6	22.3	15.1	2.6	42.6	8.9
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	8.9	9.7	1.7	28.0	15.9	6.2	17.7	11.9
Private residence	100.0	3.1	12.3	3.3	27.6	31.8	†	15.7	5.5
Other	100.0	4.5	17.6	3.3	27.9	27.2	†	13.8	4.8
Total	100.0	3.3	12.1	3.2	27.8	30.1	1.0	16.6	5.9
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	100.0	7.5	9.0	2.4	24.7	25.0	†	21.5	9.7
1-50	100.0	2.3	8.2	1.2	29.3	29.7	†	23.2	5.5
51-100	100.0	5.9	12.5	2.8	27.7	31.7	†	12.4	6.1
Total	100.0	3.9	9.8	1.9	28.4	30.2	†	19.2	5.9

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.7a. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	576,361	41,068	78,097	29,181	127,159	154,540	4,397	62,427	79,492
Employment status									
Employed	65,364	5,512	11,615	3,009	14,003	22,608	564	3,601	4,452
Full time	20,730	2,085	3,859	683	4,138	7,250	142	847	1,726
Part time	25,488	1,789	4,662	949	5,759	8,899	237	1,595	1,598
Unemployed	97,005	5,161	13,426	2,901	26,156	29,717	701	12,212	6,731
Not in labor force (see detail below)	144,548	8,019	19,677	8,546	34,196	38,703	1,107	18,862	15,438
Total	306,917	18,692	44,718	14,456	74,355	91,028	2,372	34,675	26,621
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals age 18 to 25 not in labor force	144,548	8,019	19,677	8,546	34,196	38,703	1,107	18,862	15,438
Disabled	23,724	540	2,115	961	7,330	4,729	152	6,172	1,725
Student	55,913	4,051	6,956	4,742	11,634	14,319	236	4,376	9,599
Homemaker	5,091	392	1,111	85	1,145	1,951	31	180	196
Retired	264	26	32	7	65	54	- -	45	34
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1,476	71	181	84	389	364	8	204	175
Other	58,080	2,939	9,282	2,667	13,633	17,286	679	7,885	3,709
Total	144,548	8,019	19,677	8,546	34,196	38,703	1,107	18,862	15,438

- - Less than three individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.7b. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Column percent distribution of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	21.3	29.5	26.0	20.8	18.8	24.8	23.8	10.4	16.7
Full time	6.8	11.2	8.6	4.7	5.6	8.0	6.0	2.4	6.5
Part time	8.3	9.6	10.4	6.6	7.7	9.8	10.0	4.6	6.0
Unemployed	31.6	27.6	30.0	20.1	35.2	32.6	29.6	35.2	25.3
Not in labor force (see detail below)	47.1	42.9	44.0	59.1	46.0	42.5	46.7	54.4	58.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals age 18 to 25 not in labor force	47.1	42.9	44.0	59.1	46.0	42.5	46.7	54.4	58.0
Disabled	16.4	6.7	10.7	11.2	21.4	12.2	13.7	32.7	11.2
Student	38.7	50.5	35.4	55.5	34.0	37.0	21.3	23.2	62.2
Homemaker	3.5	4.9	5.6	†	3.3	5.0	2.8	†	1.3
Retired	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1.0	†	†	†	1.1	†	†	1.1	1.1
Other	40.2	36.7	47.2	31.2	39.9	44.7	61.3	41.8	24.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.7c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	7.1	13.6	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	8.4	17.8	4.6	21.4	34.6	†	5.5	6.8
Full time	100.0	10.1	18.6	3.3	20.0	35.0	†	4.1	8.3
Part time	100.0	7.0	18.3	3.7	22.6	34.9	†	6.3	6.3
Unemployed	100.0	5.3	13.8	3.0	27.0	30.6	†	12.6	6.9
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	5.5	13.6	5.9	23.7	26.8	†	13.0	10.7
Total	100.0	6.1	14.6	4.7	24.2	29.7	†	11.3	8.7
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 18 to 25 not in labor force	100.0	5.5	13.6	5.9	23.7	26.8	†	13.0	10.7
Disabled	100.0	2.3	8.9	4.1	30.9	19.9	†	26.0	7.3
Student	100.0	7.2	12.4	8.5	20.8	25.6	†	7.8	17.2
Homemaker	100.0	7.7	21.8	1.7	22.5	38.3	†	3.5	3.8
Retired	100.0	9.8	12.1	2.7	24.6	20.5	†	17.0	12.9
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	4.8	12.3	5.7	26.4	24.7	†	13.8	11.9
Other	100.0	5.1	16.0	4.6	23.5	29.8	1.2	13.6	6.4
Total	100.0	5.5	13.6	5.9	23.7	26.8	†	13.0	10.7

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.8a. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Employment status									
Employed	42,030	1,635	6,304	1,625	10,917	16,071	365	3,304	1,809
Full time	12,205	672	1,960	287	2,922	5,064	75	724	501
Part time	16,904	640	2,617	464	4,355	6,598	157	1,451	622
Unemployed	69,337	1,987	8,362	1,430	20,482	22,828	455	11,218	2,575
Not in labor force (see detail below)	97,800	2,967	11,343	4,056	27,134	27,349	842	17,499	6,610
Total	209,167	6,589	26,009	7,111	58,533	66,248	1,662	32,021	10,994
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25 not in labor force	97,800	2,967	11,343	4,056	27,134	27,349	842	17,499	6,610
Disabled	18,631	126	1,137	357	6,596	3,535	125	5,935	820
Student	33,726	1,545	3,961	2,059	8,306	9,898	179	3,918	3,860
Homemaker	3,423	156	618	50	879	1,453	22	166	79
Retired	188	9	18	4	61	42	- -	43	11
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1,060	37	113	28	344	276	8	178	76
Other	40,772	1,094	5,496	1,558	10,948	12,145	508	7,259	1,764
Total	97,800	2,967	11,343	4,056	27,134	27,349	842	17,499	6,610

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.8b. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	20.1	24.8	24.2	22.9	18.7	24.3	22.0	10.3	16.5
Full time	5.8	10.2	7.5	4.0	5.0	7.6	4.5	2.3	4.6
Part time	8.1	9.7	10.1	6.5	7.4	10.0	9.4	4.5	5.7
Unemployed	33.1	30.2	32.2	20.1	35.0	34.5	27.4	35.0	23.4
Not in labor force (see detail below)	46.8	45.0	43.6	57.0	46.4	41.3	50.7	54.6	60.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25 not in labor force	46.8	45.0	43.6	57.0	46.4	41.3	50.7	54.6	60.1
Disabled	19.1	4.2	10.0	8.8	24.3	12.9	14.8	33.9	12.4
Student	34.5	52.1	34.9	50.8	30.6	36.2	21.3	22.4	58.4
Homemaker	3.5	5.3	5.4	1.2	3.2	5.3	2.6	†	1.2
Retired	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1.1	1.2	†	†	1.3	1.0	†	1.0	1.1
Other	41.7	36.9	48.5	38.4	40.3	44.4	60.3	41.5	26.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.8c. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	3.9	15.0	3.9	26.0	38.2	†	7.9	4.3
Full time	100.0	5.5	16.1	2.4	23.9	41.5	†	5.9	4.1
Part time	100.0	3.8	15.5	2.7	25.8	39.0	†	8.6	3.7
Unemployed	100.0	2.9	12.1	2.1	29.5	32.9	†	16.2	3.7
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	3.0	11.6	4.1	27.7	28.0	†	17.9	6.8
Total	100.0	3.2	12.4	3.4	28.0	31.7	†	15.3	5.3
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25 not in labor force	100.0	3.0	11.6	4.1	27.7	28.0	†	17.9	6.8
Disabled	100.0	†	6.1	1.9	35.4	19.0	†	31.9	4.4
Student	100.0	4.6	11.7	6.1	24.6	29.3	†	11.6	11.4
Homemaker	100.0	4.6	18.1	1.5	25.7	42.4	†	4.8	2.3
Retired	100.0	4.8	9.6	2.1	32.4	22.3	†	22.9	5.9
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	3.5	10.7	2.6	32.5	26.0	†	16.8	7.2
Other	100.0	2.7	13.5	3.8	26.9	29.8	1.2	17.8	4.3
Total	100.0	3.0	11.6	4.1	27.7	28.0	†	17.9	6.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.9a. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	576,361	41,068	78,097	29,181	127,159	154,540	4,397	62,427	79,492
Timing of admission									
New individuals	318,080	25,851	46,013	10,897	68,000	93,780	2,550	30,405	40,584
Continuing individuals	258,211	15,216	32,074	18,278	59,150	60,751	1,846	32,003	38,893
Total	576,291	41,067	78,087	29,175	127,150	154,531	4,396	62,408	79,477
Mental health service setting^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	18,171	760	616	163	4,519	2,779	440	7,343	1,551
Community-based program	559,894	39,816	77,089	28,897	123,765	151,947	4,132	58,571	75,677
Residential treatment center	4,678	193	507	196	1,153	774	46	1,162	647
Other psychiatric inpatient	22,709	629	1,555	373	6,020	5,541	317	6,711	1,563
Institutions under the justice system	11,928	1,659	1,089	131	2,465	1,198	516	1,449	3,421

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.9b. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Mental health diagnosis ¹									
Column percent distribution of individuals									
Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	55.2	62.9	58.9	37.4	53.5	60.7	58.0	48.7	51.1
Continuing individuals	44.8	37.1	41.1	62.6	46.5	39.3	42.0	51.3	48.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Column percent of individuals ²									
Mental health service setting ³									
State psychiatric hospital	3.2	1.9	†	†	3.6	1.8	10.0	11.8	2.0
Community-based program	97.1	97.0	98.7	99.0	97.3	98.3	94.0	93.8	95.2
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.0	1.9	†
Other psychiatric inpatient	3.9	1.5	2.0	1.3	4.7	3.6	7.2	10.8	2.0
Institutions under the justice system	2.1	4.0	1.4	†	1.9	†	11.7	2.3	4.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.9c. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	100.0	7.1	13.6	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Timing of admission									
New individuals	100.0	8.1	14.5	3.4	21.4	29.5	†	9.6	12.8
Continuing individuals	100.0	5.9	12.4	7.1	22.9	23.5	†	12.4	15.1
Total	100.0	7.1	13.5	5.1	22.1	26.8	†	10.8	13.8
Mental health service setting^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	4.2	3.4	†	24.9	15.3	2.4	40.4	8.5
Community-based program	100.0	7.1	13.8	5.2	22.1	27.1	†	10.5	13.5
Residential treatment center	100.0	4.1	10.8	4.2	24.6	16.5	†	24.8	13.8
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	2.8	6.8	1.6	26.5	24.4	1.4	29.6	6.9
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	13.9	9.1	1.1	20.7	10.0	4.3	12.1	28.7

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.10a. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	365,059	16,325	40,959	15,361	98,634	109,604	3,040	55,869	25,267
Timing of admission									
New individuals	195,963	10,131	23,853	5,413	51,481	65,158	1,655	26,365	11,907
Continuing individuals	169,056	6,194	17,105	9,948	47,144	44,439	1,384	29,485	13,357
Total	365,019	16,325	40,958	15,361	98,625	109,597	3,039	55,850	25,264
Mental health service setting^{3,4}									
State psychiatric hospital	13,256	374	382	107	3,336	1,849	300	6,002	906
Community-based program	354,671	15,526	40,187	15,190	96,285	107,968	2,887	53,002	23,626
Residential treatment center	3,363	87	325	95	939	574	38	1,071	234
Other psychiatric inpatient	18,440	398	1,093	275	5,218	4,188	282	6,165	821
Institutions under the justice system	8,642	874	922	106	2,341	928	484	1,419	1,568

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.10b. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	53.7	62.1	58.2	35.2	52.2	59.5	54.5	47.2	47.1
Continuing individuals	46.3	37.9	41.8	64.8	47.8	40.5	45.5	52.8	52.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting⁴									
State psychiatric hospital	3.6	2.3	†	†	3.4	1.7	9.9	10.7	3.6
Community-based program	97.2	95.1	98.1	98.9	97.6	98.5	95.0	94.9	93.5
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.3	1.9	†
Other psychiatric inpatient	5.1	2.4	2.7	1.8	5.3	3.8	9.3	11.0	3.2
Institutions under the justice system	2.4	5.4	2.3	†	2.4	†	15.9	2.5	6.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.10c. Individuals aged 18 to 25 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 18 to 25²	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Timing of admission									
New individuals	100.0	5.2	12.2	2.8	26.3	33.3	†	13.5	6.1
Continuing individuals	100.0	3.7	10.1	5.9	27.9	26.3	†	17.4	7.9
Total	100.0	4.5	11.2	4.2	27.0	30.0	†	15.3	6.9
Mental health service setting^{3,4}									
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	2.8	2.9	†	25.2	13.9	2.3	45.3	6.8
Community-based program	100.0	4.4	11.3	4.3	27.1	30.4	†	14.9	6.7
Residential treatment center	100.0	2.6	9.7	2.8	27.9	17.1	1.1	31.8	7.0
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	2.2	5.9	1.5	28.3	22.7	1.5	33.4	4.5
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	10.1	10.7	1.2	27.1	10.7	5.6	16.4	18.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 3.11. Individuals aged 18 to 25, by mental health service setting, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number and percent distribution, 2014

<i>SMI status and functioning score (GAF)</i>		<i>Mental health service setting¹</i>									
		<i>Number of individuals²</i>					<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>				
		<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community-based program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>	<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community-based program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>
Total individuals aged 18 to 25	677,093	19,788	658,682	5,018	24,948	12,797	2.9	97.3	†	3.7	1.9
SMI status³											
SMI	412,536	14,437	401,125	3,488	20,236	8,750	86.2	67.0	77.2	86.1	69.5
Not SMI	201,172	2,315	197,335	1,028	3,267	3,837	13.8	33.0	22.8	13.9	30.5
Total	613,708	16,752	598,460	4,516	23,503	12,587	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)⁴											
0	15,967	992	14,659	230	1,099	1,468	10.8	5.8	7.2	8.7	14.5
1-50	128,216	5,875	121,528	1,680	8,699	5,733	64.1	47.8	52.3	69.1	56.6
51-100	121,281	2,298	118,240	1,302	2,787	2,930	25.1	46.5	40.5	22.1	28.9
Total	265,464	9,165	254,427	3,212	12,585	10,131	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

² Numbers may not sum to the *Total unique individuals* column because individuals could receive services in more than one mental health service setting during the reporting period.

³ The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.1a. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,212,988	104,579	275,677	23,964	503,532	693,540	18,660	397,592	195,444
Gender									
Male	978,713	43,843	95,131	12,090	200,778	248,022	9,017	254,469	115,363
Female	1,231,990	60,556	180,390	11,866	302,262	444,912	9,632	142,522	79,850
Total	2,210,703	104,399	275,521	23,956	503,040	692,934	18,649	396,991	195,213
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	27,839	1,415	4,720	304	5,405	8,953	265	4,266	2,511
Asian ²	30,359	1,459	2,887	175	3,831	9,768	121	10,321	1,797
Black or African American	413,069	17,653	32,576	1,879	76,480	122,813	3,111	120,775	37,782
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	3,514	173	423	20	628	1,092	21	973	184
White	1,447,138	68,289	202,559	19,543	361,934	461,480	13,207	202,063	118,063
Other	135,955	6,155	15,742	713	25,747	47,335	850	25,178	14,235
Total	2,057,874	95,144	258,907	22,634	474,025	651,441	17,575	363,576	174,572
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	1,617,315	65,128	203,441	17,866	388,663	506,697	14,250	292,551	128,719
Hispanic or Latino Origin	233,947	12,458	27,404	1,526	44,819	82,205	1,512	42,756	21,267
Total	1,851,262	77,586	230,845	19,392	433,482	588,902	15,762	335,307	149,986
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	15,829	909	2,644	100	2,827	6,416	50	2,314	569
Puerto Rican	11,290	397	1,294	50	2,700	4,332	88	2,122	307
Cuban	3,775	166	394	11	755	1,498	11	859	81
Other specific	20,576	1,169	3,123	151	4,326	7,423	96	3,585	703
Total	51,470	2,641	7,455	312	10,608	19,669	245	8,880	1,660

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.1b. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	44.3	42.0	34.5	50.5	39.9	35.8	48.4	64.1	59.1
Female	55.7	58.0	65.5	49.5	60.1	64.2	51.6	35.9	40.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.4
Asian ²	1.5	1.5	1.1	†	†	1.5	†	2.8	1.0
Black or African American	20.1	18.6	12.6	8.3	16.1	18.9	17.7	33.2	21.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	70.3	71.8	78.2	86.3	76.4	70.8	75.1	55.6	67.6
Other	6.6	6.5	6.1	3.2	5.4	7.3	4.8	6.9	8.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	87.4	83.9	88.1	92.1	89.7	86.0	90.4	87.2	85.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin	12.6	16.1	11.9	7.9	10.3	14.0	9.6	12.8	14.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	30.8	34.4	35.5	32.1	26.6	32.6	20.4	26.1	34.3
Puerto Rican	21.9	15.0	17.4	16.0	25.5	22.0	35.9	23.9	18.5
Cuban	7.3	6.3	5.3	3.5	7.1	7.6	4.5	9.7	4.9
Other specific	40.0	44.3	41.9	48.4	40.8	37.7	39.2	40.4	42.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.1c. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Gender									
Male	100.0	4.5	9.7	1.2	20.5	25.3	†	26.0	11.8
Female	100.0	4.9	14.6	†	24.5	36.1	†	11.6	6.5
Total	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	5.1	17.0	1.1	19.4	32.2	†	15.3	9.0
Asian ²	100.0	4.8	9.5	†	12.6	32.2	†	34.0	5.9
Black or African American	100.0	4.3	7.9	†	18.5	29.7	†	29.2	9.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	4.9	12.0	†	17.9	31.1	†	27.7	5.2
White	100.0	4.7	14.0	1.4	25.0	31.9	†	14.0	8.2
Other	100.0	4.5	11.6	†	18.9	34.8	†	18.5	10.5
Total	100.0	4.6	12.6	1.1	23.0	31.7	†	17.7	8.5
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	4.0	12.6	1.1	24.0	31.3	†	18.1	8.0
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	5.3	11.7	†	19.2	35.1	†	18.3	9.1
Total	100.0	4.2	12.5	1.0	23.4	31.8	†	18.1	8.1
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	5.7	16.7	†	17.9	40.5	†	14.6	3.6
Puerto Rican	100.0	3.5	11.5	†	23.9	38.4	†	18.8	2.7
Cuban	100.0	4.4	10.4	†	20.0	39.7	†	22.8	2.1
Other specific	100.0	5.7	15.2	†	21.0	36.1	†	17.4	3.4
Total	100.0	5.1	14.5	†	20.6	38.2	†	17.3	3.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.2a. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Gender									
Male	698,543	16,359	52,634	6,339	164,832	188,184	6,013	234,283	29,899
Female	883,891	22,298	103,000	6,650	252,675	341,309	6,537	130,853	20,569
Total	1,582,434	38,657	155,634	12,989	417,507	529,493	12,550	365,136	50,468
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	18,410	316	3,037	179	4,124	6,187	188	3,739	640
Asian ³	24,764	682	1,922	93	3,337	8,319	94	9,686	631
Black or African American	308,867	6,459	18,391	882	65,173	94,741	1,993	111,783	9,445
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2,867	87	288	7	553	924	19	906	83
White	1,013,699	23,580	110,986	10,694	297,668	346,867	8,752	184,858	30,294
Other	106,345	3,689	10,515	432	22,333	41,117	658	23,624	3,977
Total	1,474,952	34,813	145,139	12,287	393,188	498,155	11,704	334,596	45,070
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	1,178,066	25,122	115,894	10,083	324,796	391,167	9,587	271,106	30,311
Hispanic or Latino Origin	177,584	5,415	16,152	742	39,350	67,961	1,194	40,218	6,552
Total	1,355,650	30,537	132,046	10,825	364,146	459,128	10,781	311,324	36,863
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	11,807	190	1,503	30	2,474	5,298	27	2,173	112
Puerto Rican	8,943	177	608	22	2,387	3,574	50	2,004	121
Cuban	3,569	150	352	10	719	1,437	8	847	46
Other specific	16,759	420	1,918	61	3,944	6,694	55	3,436	231
Total	41,078	937	4,381	123	9,524	17,003	140	8,460	510

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.2b. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	44.1	42.3	33.8	48.8	39.5	35.5	47.9	64.2	59.2
Female	55.9	57.7	66.2	51.2	60.5	64.5	52.1	35.8	40.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2	†	2.1	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.1	1.4
Asian ³	1.7	2.0	1.3	†	†	1.7	†	2.9	1.4
Black or African American	20.9	18.6	12.7	7.2	16.6	19.0	17.0	33.4	21.0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	68.7	67.7	76.5	87.0	75.7	69.6	74.8	55.2	67.2
Other	7.2	10.6	7.2	3.5	5.7	8.3	5.6	7.1	8.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	86.9	82.3	87.8	93.1	89.2	85.2	88.9	87.1	82.2
Hispanic or Latino Origin	13.1	17.7	12.2	6.9	10.8	14.8	11.1	12.9	17.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	28.7	20.3	34.3	24.4	26.0	31.2	19.3	25.7	22.0
Puerto Rican	21.8	18.9	13.9	17.9	25.1	21.0	35.7	23.7	23.7
Cuban	8.7	16.0	8.0	8.1	7.5	8.5	5.7	10.0	9.0
Other specific	40.8	44.8	43.8	49.6	41.4	39.4	39.3	40.6	45.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.2c. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
					Mood disorders			Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders		Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 ²	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Gender									
Male	100.0	2.3	7.5	†	23.6	26.9	†	33.5	4.3
Female	100.0	2.5	11.7	†	28.6	38.6	†	14.8	2.3
Total	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	1.7	16.5	†	22.4	33.6	1.0	20.3	3.5
Asian ³	100.0	2.8	7.8	†	13.5	33.6	†	39.1	2.5
Black or African American	100.0	2.1	6.0	†	21.1	30.7	†	36.2	3.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	3.0	10.0	†	19.3	32.2	†	31.6	2.9
White	100.0	2.3	10.9	1.1	29.4	34.2	†	18.2	3.0
Other	100.0	3.5	9.9	†	21.0	38.7	†	22.2	3.7
Total	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.7	33.8	†	22.7	3.1
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	2.1	9.8	†	27.6	33.2	†	23.0	2.6
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	3.0	9.1	†	22.2	38.3	†	22.6	3.7
	100.0	2.3	9.7	†	26.9	33.9	†	23.0	2.7
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	1.6	12.7	†	21.0	44.9	†	18.4	†
Puerto Rican	100.0	2.0	6.8	†	26.7	40.0	†	22.4	1.4
Cuban	100.0	4.2	9.9	†	20.1	40.3	†	23.7	1.3
Other specific	100.0	2.5	11.4	†	23.5	39.9	†	20.5	1.4
Total	100.0	2.3	10.7	†	23.2	41.4	†	20.6	1.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.3a. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,212,988	104,579	275,677	23,964	503,532	693,540	18,660	397,592	195,444
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	65,585	4,396	6,703	1,389	13,543	20,190	581	13,646	5,137
9 to 11	166,084	7,022	18,425	1,407	37,149	52,306	2,009	38,457	9,309
12 (or GED)	390,216	18,910	50,992	4,538	91,855	129,687	3,982	71,337	18,915
More than 12	228,498	12,296	32,383	3,052	59,843	78,421	2,004	31,518	8,981
Total	850,383	42,624	108,503	10,386	202,390	280,604	8,576	154,958	42,342
Marital status									
Never married	685,208	29,118	70,637	7,934	148,650	188,168	6,258	161,048	73,395
Currently married	218,041	14,441	32,381	2,382	53,095	81,319	1,695	19,532	13,196
Separated	104,204	5,538	12,246	660	27,003	38,063	805	10,660	9,229
Divorced	213,140	8,031	26,333	1,668	59,566	78,018	1,972	25,656	11,896
Widowed	21,344	928	2,541	85	5,053	8,804	133	2,554	1,246
Total	1,241,937	58,056	144,138	12,729	293,367	394,372	10,863	219,450	108,962

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.3b. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	7.7	10.3	6.2	13.4	6.7	7.2	6.8	8.8	12.1
9 to 11	19.5	16.5	17.0	13.5	18.4	18.6	23.4	24.8	22.0
12 (or GED)	45.9	44.4	47.0	43.7	45.4	46.2	46.4	46.0	44.7
More than 12	26.9	28.8	29.8	29.4	29.6	27.9	23.4	20.3	21.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	55.2	50.2	49.0	62.3	50.7	47.7	57.6	73.4	67.4
Currently married	17.6	24.9	22.5	18.7	18.1	20.6	15.6	8.9	12.1
Separated	8.4	9.5	8.5	5.2	9.2	9.7	7.4	4.9	8.5
Divorced	17.2	13.8	18.3	13.1	20.3	19.8	18.2	11.7	10.9
Widowed	1.7	1.6	1.8	†	1.7	2.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.3c. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	6.7	10.2	2.1	20.6	30.8	†	20.8	7.8
9 to 11	100.0	4.2	11.1	†	22.4	31.5	1.2	23.2	5.6
12 (or GED)	100.0	4.8	13.1	1.2	23.5	33.2	1.0	18.3	4.8
More than 12	100.0	5.4	14.2	1.3	26.2	34.3	†	13.8	3.9
Total	100.0	5.0	12.8	1.2	23.8	33.0	1.0	18.2	5.0
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	4.2	10.3	1.2	21.7	27.5	†	23.5	10.7
Currently married	100.0	6.6	14.9	1.1	24.4	37.3	†	9.0	6.1
Separated	100.0	5.3	11.8	†	25.9	36.5	†	10.2	8.9
Divorced	100.0	3.8	12.4	†	27.9	36.6	†	12.0	5.6
Widowed	100.0	4.3	11.9	†	23.7	41.2	†	12.0	5.8
Total	100.0	4.7	11.6	1.0	23.6	31.8	†	17.7	8.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.4a. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	47,353	963	4,017	587	10,989	15,760	451	12,482	2,104
9 to 11	128,037	1,874	11,870	854	30,666	41,429	1,555	36,392	3,397
12 (or GED)	290,452	4,288	30,843	2,835	75,059	100,353	2,696	67,127	7,251
More than 12	166,299	2,468	18,394	1,477	49,736	60,850	1,391	29,427	2,556
Total	632,141	9,593	65,124	5,753	166,450	218,392	6,093	145,428	15,308
Marital status									
Never married	495,615	11,549	35,701	4,174	127,680	148,332	4,245	150,971	12,963
Currently married	152,822	4,703	17,050	1,235	44,889	62,783	1,095	17,990	3,077
Separated	77,218	2,329	7,150	445	23,360	31,433	522	9,879	2,100
Divorced	165,053	3,321	15,528	1,001	52,543	64,747	1,249	24,104	2,560
Widowed	16,267	358	1,492	50	4,370	7,269	85	2,372	271
Total	906,975	22,260	76,921	6,905	252,842	314,564	7,196	205,316	20,971

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.4b. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	7.5	10.0	6.2	10.2	6.6	7.2	7.4	8.6	13.7
9 to 11	20.3	19.5	18.2	14.8	18.4	19.0	25.5	25.0	22.2
12 (or GED)	45.9	44.7	47.4	49.3	45.1	46.0	44.2	46.2	47.4
More than 12	26.3	25.7	28.2	25.7	29.9	27.9	22.8	20.2	16.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	54.6	51.9	46.4	60.4	50.5	47.2	59.0	73.5	61.8
Currently married	16.8	21.1	22.2	17.9	17.8	20.0	15.2	8.8	14.7
Separated	8.5	10.5	9.3	6.4	9.2	10.0	7.3	4.8	10.0
Divorced	18.2	14.9	20.2	14.5	20.8	20.6	17.4	11.7	12.2
Widowed	1.8	1.6	1.9	†	1.7	2.3	1.2	1.2	1.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.4c. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 ²	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	2.0	8.5	1.2	23.2	33.3	†	26.4	4.4
9 to 11	100.0	1.5	9.3	†	24.0	32.4	1.2	28.4	2.7
12 (or GED)	100.0	1.5	10.6	†	25.8	34.6	†	23.1	2.5
More than 12	100.0	1.5	11.1	†	29.9	36.6	†	17.7	1.5
Total	100.0	1.5	10.3	†	26.3	34.5	†	23.0	2.4
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	2.3	7.2	†	25.8	29.9	†	30.5	2.6
Currently married	100.0	3.1	11.2	†	29.4	41.1	†	11.8	2.0
Separated	100.0	3.0	9.3	†	30.3	40.7	†	12.8	2.7
Divorced	100.0	2.0	9.4	†	31.8	39.2	†	14.6	1.6
Widowed	100.0	2.2	9.2	†	26.9	44.7	†	14.6	1.7
Total	100.0	2.5	8.5	†	27.9	34.7	†	22.6	2.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.5a. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,212,988	104,579	275,677	23,964	503,532	693,540	18,660	397,592	195,444
Living arrangement									
Homeless	72,071	2,229	6,296	242	18,685	20,762	714	16,936	6,207
Foster home/foster care	9,124	322	1,177	115	1,701	2,281	120	2,396	1,012
Residential care	61,400	1,841	3,709	390	11,594	10,920	519	28,568	3,859
Institutional setting	22,088	415	904	70	3,504	3,394	416	11,637	1,748
Jail/correctional facility	34,167	3,645	3,373	150	7,277	5,941	2,141	6,854	4,786
Private residence	1,154,664	44,842	150,282	11,985	288,130	389,921	8,344	208,478	52,682
Other	56,745	4,075	9,903	918	11,328	16,905	428	9,798	3,390
Total	1,410,259	57,369	175,644	13,870	342,219	450,124	12,682	284,667	73,684
SMI status²									
SMI	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Not SMI	564,977	62,565	110,845	10,249	73,072	145,926	4,640	22,149	135,531
Total	2,149,202	101,352	266,597	23,242	491,001	675,924	17,200	387,838	186,048
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	52,440	2,302	4,484	348	10,306	12,933	243	11,600	10,224
1-50	521,548	8,307	43,542	1,368	137,088	159,673	3,256	148,140	20,174
51-100	416,189	21,503	55,804	4,085	106,543	133,781	3,527	66,678	24,268
Total	990,177	32,112	103,830	5,801	253,937	306,387	7,026	226,418	54,666

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.5b. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	5.1	3.9	3.6	1.7	5.5	4.6	5.6	5.9	8.4
Foster home/foster care	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.4
Residential care	4.4	3.2	2.1	2.8	3.4	2.4	4.1	10.0	5.2
Institutional setting	1.6	†	†	†	1.0	†	3.3	4.1	2.4
Jail/correctional facility	2.4	6.4	1.9	1.1	2.1	1.3	16.9	2.4	6.5
Private residence	81.9	78.2	85.6	86.4	84.2	86.6	65.8	73.2	71.5
Other	4.0	7.1	5.6	6.6	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.4	4.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI status²									
SMI	73.7	38.3	58.4	55.9	85.1	78.4	73.0	94.3	27.2
Not SMI	26.3	61.7	41.6	44.1	14.9	21.6	27.0	5.7	72.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.3	7.2	4.3	6.0	4.1	4.2	3.5	5.1	18.7
1-50	52.7	25.9	41.9	23.6	54.0	52.1	46.3	65.4	36.9
51-100	42.0	67.0	53.7	70.4	42.0	43.7	50.2	29.4	44.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.5c. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Living arrangement									
Homeless	100.0	3.1	8.7	†	25.9	28.8	†	23.5	8.6
Foster home/foster care	100.0	3.5	12.9	1.3	18.6	25.0	1.3	26.3	11.1
Residential care	100.0	3.0	6.0	†	18.9	17.8	†	46.5	6.3
Institutional setting	100.0	1.9	4.1	†	15.9	15.4	1.9	52.7	7.9
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	10.7	9.9	†	21.3	17.4	6.3	20.1	14.0
Private residence	100.0	3.9	13.0	1.0	25.0	33.8	†	18.1	4.6
Other	100.0	7.2	17.5	1.6	20.0	29.8	†	17.3	6.0
Total	100.0	4.1	12.5	†	24.3	31.9	†	20.2	5.2
SMI status ²									
SMI	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Not SMI	100.0	11.1	19.6	1.8	12.9	25.8	†	3.9	24.0
Total	100.0	4.7	12.4	1.1	22.8	31.4	†	18.0	8.7
Functioning score (GAF) ³									
0	100.0	4.4	8.6	†	19.7	24.7	†	22.1	19.5
1-50	100.0	1.6	8.3	†	26.3	30.6	†	28.4	3.9
51-100	100.0	5.2	13.4	†	25.6	32.1	†	16.0	5.8
Total	100.0	3.2	10.5	†	25.6	30.9	†	22.9	5.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.6a. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Living arrangement									
Homeless	57,382	1,041	4,430	132	16,208	17,069	571	15,610	2,321
Foster home/foster care	5,514	76	522	72	1,010	1,064	86	2,123	561
Residential care	52,519	1,284	2,300	200	10,372	8,660	411	27,567	1,725
Institutional setting	18,143	167	577	50	2,871	2,504	270	10,674	1,030
Jail/correctional facility	24,260	1,291	2,574	83	6,476	4,025	1,987	6,423	1,401
Private residence	898,849	15,005	96,077	6,532	245,397	310,657	6,152	197,401	21,628
Other	38,327	1,076	5,426	409	10,014	10,480	313	9,359	1,250
Total	1,094,994	19,940	111,906	7,478	292,348	354,459	9,790	269,157	29,916
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	41,252	1,992	3,454	289	9,739	11,943	205	11,430	2,200
1-50	468,372	4,675	32,028	680	128,520	144,811	2,694	143,815	11,149
51-100	301,632	9,130	30,031	1,571	88,287	102,006	2,585	61,175	6,847
Total	811,256	15,797	65,513	2,540	226,546	258,760	5,484	216,420	20,196

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.6b. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	5.2	5.2	4.0	1.8	5.5	4.8	5.8	5.8	7.8
Foster home/foster care	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.9
Residential care	4.8	6.4	2.1	2.7	3.5	2.4	4.2	10.2	5.8
Institutional setting	1.7	†	†	†	†	†	2.8	4.0	3.4
Jail/correctional facility	2.2	6.5	2.3	1.1	2.2	1.1	20.3	2.4	4.7
Private residence	82.1	75.3	85.9	87.3	83.9	87.6	62.8	73.3	72.3
Other	3.5	5.4	4.8	5.5	3.4	3.0	3.2	3.5	4.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.1	12.6	5.3	11.4	4.3	4.6	3.7	5.3	10.9
1-50	57.7	29.6	48.9	26.8	56.7	56.0	49.1	66.5	55.2
51-100	37.2	57.8	45.8	61.9	39.0	39.4	47.1	28.3	33.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.6c. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 ²		100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Living arrangement										
Homeless		100.0	1.8	7.7	†	28.2	29.7	†	27.2	4.0
Foster home/foster care		100.0	1.4	9.5	1.3	18.3	19.3	1.6	38.5	10.2
Residential care		100.0	2.4	4.4	†	19.7	16.5	†	52.5	3.3
Institutional setting		100.0	†	3.2	†	15.8	13.8	1.5	58.8	5.7
Jail/correctional facility		100.0	5.3	10.6	†	26.7	16.6	8.2	26.5	5.8
Private residence		100.0	1.7	10.7	†	27.3	34.6	†	22.0	2.4
Other		100.0	2.8	14.2	1.1	26.1	27.3	†	24.4	3.3
Total		100.0	1.8	10.2	†	26.7	32.4	†	24.6	2.7
Functioning score (GAF) ³										
0		100.0	4.8	8.4	†	23.6	29.0	†	27.7	5.3
1-50		100.0	†	6.8	†	27.4	30.9	†	30.7	2.4
51-100		100.0	3.0	10.0	†	29.3	33.8	†	20.3	2.3
Total		100.0	1.9	8.1	†	27.9	31.9	†	26.7	2.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.7a. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,212,988	104,579	275,677	23,964	503,532	693,540	18,660	397,592	195,444
Employment status									
Employed	248,022	18,113	39,459	4,949	56,650	89,609	2,001	23,657	13,584
Full time	93,313	8,336	15,747	1,692	19,933	34,562	614	5,468	6,961
Part time	81,007	4,110	12,588	1,154	19,535	28,350	683	10,696	3,891
Unemployed	381,876	13,639	49,023	3,182	100,153	134,778	2,403	59,049	19,649
Not in labor force (see detail below)	556,502	14,124	67,467	4,758	136,805	172,299	4,591	138,699	17,759
Total	1,186,400	45,876	155,949	12,889	293,608	396,686	8,995	221,405	50,992
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	556,502	14,124	67,467	4,758	136,805	172,299	4,591	138,699	17,759
Disabled	238,558	3,193	20,883	985	63,841	67,278	1,209	75,153	6,016
Student	16,901	923	2,501	403	3,996	4,929	97	2,378	1,674
Homemaker	30,265	1,490	5,734	285	7,305	12,210	197	2,154	890
Retired	2,698	81	376	11	623	791	24	624	168
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	6,363	234	691	84	1,461	1,656	51	1,665	521
Other	261,717	8,203	37,282	2,990	59,579	85,435	3,013	56,725	8,490
Total	556,502	14,124	67,467	4,758	136,805	172,299	4,591	138,699	17,759

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.7b. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	20.9	39.5	25.3	38.4	19.3	22.6	22.2	10.7	26.6
Full time	7.9	18.2	10.1	13.1	6.8	8.7	6.8	2.5	13.7
Part time	6.8	9.0	8.1	9.0	6.7	7.1	7.6	4.8	7.6
Unemployed	32.2	29.7	31.4	24.7	34.1	34.0	26.7	26.7	38.5
Not in labor force (see detail below)	46.9	30.8	43.3	36.9	46.6	43.4	51.0	62.6	34.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	46.9	30.8	43.3	36.9	46.6	43.4	51.0	62.6	34.8
Disabled	42.9	22.6	31.0	20.7	46.7	39.0	26.3	54.2	33.9
Student	3.0	6.5	3.7	8.5	2.9	2.9	2.1	1.7	9.4
Homemaker	5.4	10.5	8.5	6.0	5.3	7.1	4.3	1.6	5.0
Retired	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.8	1.1	†	1.1	1.2	2.9
Other	47.0	58.1	55.3	62.8	43.6	49.6	65.6	40.9	47.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.7c. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	7.3	15.9	2.0	22.8	36.1	†	9.5	5.5
Full time	100.0	8.9	16.9	1.8	21.4	37.0	†	5.9	7.5
Part time	100.0	5.1	15.5	1.4	24.1	35.0	†	13.2	4.8
Unemployed	100.0	3.6	12.8	†	26.2	35.3	†	15.5	5.1
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	2.5	12.1	†	24.6	31.0	†	24.9	3.2
Total	100.0	3.9	13.1	1.1	24.7	33.4	†	18.7	4.3
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	100.0	2.5	12.1	†	24.6	31.0	†	24.9	3.2
Disabled	100.0	1.3	8.8	†	26.8	28.2	†	31.5	2.5
Student	100.0	5.5	14.8	2.4	23.6	29.2	†	14.1	9.9
Homemaker	100.0	4.9	18.9	†	24.1	40.3	†	7.1	2.9
Retired	100.0	3.0	13.9	†	23.1	29.3	†	23.1	6.2
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	3.7	10.9	1.3	23.0	26.0	†	26.2	8.2
Other	100.0	3.1	14.2	1.1	22.8	32.6	1.2	21.7	3.2
Total	100.0	2.5	12.1	†	24.6	31.0	†	24.9	3.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.8a. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Employment status									
Employed	170,800	5,186	21,854	2,604	46,483	66,030	1,337	22,221	5,085
Full time	59,086	2,666	8,354	745	15,081	24,767	342	4,870	2,261
Part time	60,469	1,560	7,741	582	16,136	22,473	479	10,021	1,477
Unemployed	293,829	5,681	31,581	1,697	82,099	108,373	1,595	55,434	7,369
Not in labor force (see detail below)	462,570	5,463	46,266	3,003	121,994	140,442	3,691	133,335	8,376
Total	927,199	16,330	99,701	7,304	250,576	314,845	6,623	210,990	20,830
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	462,570	5,463	46,266	3,003	121,994	140,442	3,691	133,335	8,376
Disabled	205,463	1,065	13,275	448	59,000	54,915	1,009	72,752	2,999
Student	12,180	367	1,539	184	3,360	3,876	65	2,256	533
Homemaker	22,144	601	3,427	128	6,017	9,449	159	2,005	358
Retired	2,143	28	258	8	539	636	19	590	65
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	5,007	120	439	45	1,284	1,325	42	1,545	207
Other	215,633	3,282	27,328	2,190	51,794	70,241	2,397	54,187	4,214
Total	462,570	5,463	46,266	3,003	121,994	140,442	3,691	133,335	8,376

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.8b. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	18.4	31.8	21.9	35.7	18.6	21.0	20.2	10.5	24.4
Full time	6.4	16.3	8.4	10.2	6.0	7.9	5.2	2.3	10.9
Part time	6.5	9.6	7.8	8.0	6.4	7.1	7.2	4.7	7.1
Unemployed	31.7	34.8	31.7	23.2	32.8	34.4	24.1	26.3	35.4
Not in labor force (see detail below)	49.9	33.5	46.4	41.1	48.7	44.6	55.7	63.2	40.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMIs aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	49.9	33.5	46.4	41.1	48.7	44.6	55.7	63.2	40.2
Disabled	44.4	19.5	28.7	14.9	48.4	39.1	27.3	54.6	35.8
Student	2.6	6.7	3.3	6.1	2.8	2.8	1.8	1.7	6.4
Homemaker	4.8	11.0	7.4	4.3	4.9	6.7	4.3	1.5	4.3
Retired	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1.1	2.2	†	1.5	1.1	†	1.1	1.2	2.5
Other	46.6	60.1	59.1	72.9	42.5	50.0	64.9	40.6	50.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.8c. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	3.0	12.8	1.5	27.2	38.7	†	13.0	3.0
Full time	100.0	4.5	14.1	1.3	25.5	41.9	†	8.2	3.8
Part time	100.0	2.6	12.8	†	26.7	37.2	†	16.6	2.4
Unemployed	100.0	1.9	10.7	†	27.9	36.9	†	18.9	2.5
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	1.2	10.0	†	26.4	30.4	†	28.8	1.8
Total	100.0	1.8	10.8	†	27.0	34.0	†	22.8	2.2
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 not in labor force	100.0	1.2	10.0	†	26.4	30.4	†	28.8	1.8
Disabled	100.0	†	6.5	†	28.7	26.7	†	35.4	1.5
Student	100.0	3.0	12.6	1.5	27.6	31.8	†	18.5	4.4
Homemaker	100.0	2.7	15.5	†	27.2	42.7	†	9.1	1.6
Retired	100.0	1.3	12.0	†	25.2	29.7	†	27.5	3.0
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	2.4	8.8	†	25.6	26.5	†	30.9	4.1
Other	100.0	1.5	12.7	1.0	24.0	32.6	1.1	25.1	2.0
Total	100.0	1.2	10.0	†	26.4	30.4	†	28.8	1.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.9a. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,212,988	104,579	275,677	23,964	503,532	693,540	18,660	397,592	195,444
Timing of admission									
New individuals	1,031,502	63,189	146,533	10,630	224,620	347,694	8,820	128,861	101,155
Continuing individuals	1,181,365	41,389	129,142	13,333	278,901	345,844	9,836	268,648	94,272
Total	2,212,867	104,578	275,675	23,963	503,521	693,538	18,656	397,509	195,427
Mental health service setting^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	66,331	1,572	1,822	115	14,418	10,435	1,554	31,860	4,555
Community-based program	2,159,127	102,167	273,275	23,769	492,657	684,855	17,549	379,076	185,779
Residential treatment center	16,746	444	1,081	95	3,261	2,783	188	7,264	1,630
Other psychiatric inpatient	77,297	1,417	5,346	325	19,421	19,583	1,017	25,568	4,620
Institutions under the justice system	37,161	3,764	3,265	86	7,994	4,893	2,193	7,359	7,607

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.9b. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	46.6	60.4	53.2	44.4	44.6	50.1	47.3	32.4	51.8
Continuing individuals	53.4	39.6	46.8	55.6	55.4	49.9	52.7	67.6	48.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting ³	Column percent of individuals ²								
State psychiatric hospital	3.0	1.5	†	†	2.9	1.5	8.3	8.0	2.3
Community-based program	97.6	97.7	99.1	99.2	97.8	98.7	94.0	95.3	95.1
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.0	1.8	†
Other psychiatric inpatient	3.5	1.4	1.9	1.4	3.9	2.8	5.5	6.4	2.4
Institutions under the justice system	1.7	3.6	1.2	†	1.6	†	11.8	1.9	3.9

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.9c. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Timing of admission									
New individuals	100.0	6.1	14.2	1.0	21.8	33.7	†	12.5	9.8
Continuing individuals	100.0	3.5	10.9	1.1	23.6	29.3	†	22.7	8.0
Total	100.0	4.7	12.5	1.1	22.8	31.3	†	18.0	8.8
Mental health service setting^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	2.4	2.7	†	21.7	15.7	2.3	48.0	6.9
Community-based program	100.0	4.7	12.7	1.1	22.8	31.7	†	17.6	8.6
Residential treatment center	100.0	2.7	6.5	†	19.5	16.6	1.1	43.4	9.7
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	1.8	6.9	†	25.1	25.3	1.3	33.1	6.0
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	10.1	8.8	†	21.5	13.2	5.9	19.8	20.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.10a. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	1,584,225	38,787	155,752	12,993	417,929	529,998	12,560	365,689	50,517
Timing of admission									
New individuals	698,295	24,155	81,389	5,586	180,437	258,711	5,145	114,191	28,681
Continuing individuals	885,826	14,631	74,362	7,406	237,481	271,285	7,412	251,419	21,830
Total	1,584,121	38,786	155,751	12,992	417,918	529,996	12,557	365,610	50,511
Mental health service setting^{3,4}									
State psychiatric hospital	51,364	841	1,151	72	11,084	7,429	1,049	27,106	2,632
Community-based program	1,547,235	37,168	153,931	12,843	409,890	524,260	11,944	351,116	46,083
Residential treatment center	14,099	256	806	79	2,922	2,304	161	6,730	841
Other psychiatric inpatient	65,155	875	4,053	243	17,313	15,456	911	23,758	2,546
Institutions under the justice system	28,695	1,862	2,878	67	7,650	3,462	2,075	7,243	3,458

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.10b. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

<i>Timing of admission and mental health service setting</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Column percent distribution of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	44.1	62.3	52.3	43.0	43.2	48.8	41.0	31.2	56.8
Continuing individuals	55.9	37.7	47.7	57.0	56.8	51.2	59.0	68.8	43.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting⁴	<i>Column percent of individuals³</i>								
State psychiatric hospital	3.2	2.2	†	†	2.7	1.4	8.4	7.4	5.2
Community-based program	97.7	95.8	98.8	98.8	98.1	98.9	95.1	96.0	91.2
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.3	1.8	1.7
Other psychiatric inpatient	4.1	2.3	2.6	1.9	4.1	2.9	7.3	6.5	5.0
Institutions under the justice system	1.8	4.8	1.8	†	1.8	†	16.5	2.0	6.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.10c. Individuals aged 26 to 54 with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 26 to 54 ²		100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Timing of admission										
New individuals		100.0	3.5	11.7	†	25.8	37.0	†	16.4	4.1
Continuing individuals		100.0	1.7	8.4	†	26.8	30.6	†	28.4	2.5
Total		100.0	2.4	9.8	†	26.4	33.5	†	23.1	3.2
Mental health service setting ^{3,4}										
State psychiatric hospital		100.0	1.6	2.2	†	21.6	14.5	2.0	52.8	5.1
Community-based program		100.0	2.4	9.9	†	26.5	33.9	†	22.7	3.0
Residential treatment center		100.0	1.8	5.7	†	20.7	16.3	1.1	47.7	6.0
Other psychiatric inpatient		100.0	1.3	6.2	†	26.6	23.7	1.4	36.5	3.9
Institutions under the justice system		100.0	6.5	10.0	†	26.7	12.1	7.2	25.2	12.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 4.11. Individuals aged 26 to 54, by mental health service setting, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number and percent distribution, 2014

SMI status and functioning score (GAF)	Total unique individuals	Mental health service setting ¹									
		Number of individuals ²					Percent distribution of individuals				
		State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system	State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system
Total individuals aged 26 to 54	2,531,405	73,383	2,470,330	17,910	84,750	39,631	2.9	97.6	†	3.3	1.6
SMI status³											
SMI	1,745,691	56,170	1,704,774	14,860	71,109	29,285	89.6	73.7	86.9	88.1	75.1
Not SMI	619,335	6,508	609,869	2,249	9,633	9,708	10.4	26.3	13.1	11.9	24.9
Total	2,365,026	62,678	2,314,643	17,109	80,742	38,993	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)⁴											
0	59,012	3,750	55,118	1,282	3,475	3,720	10.5	5.3	11.2	7.8	12.9
1-50	537,547	22,626	515,880	5,720	30,330	16,685	63.4	50.0	49.9	67.8	57.9
51-100	470,976	9,319	461,621	4,458	10,922	8,409	26.1	44.7	38.9	24.4	29.2
Total	1,067,535	35,695	1,032,619	11,460	44,727	28,814	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

² Numbers may not sum to the *Total unique individuals* column because individuals could receive services in more than one mental health service setting during the reporting period.

³ The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.1a. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	693,277	25,428	62,346	19,913	113,156	256,129	4,186	174,872	37,247
Gender									
Male	278,243	10,516	21,342	8,279	40,850	84,749	1,871	88,317	22,319
Female	414,253	14,872	40,958	11,592	72,215	171,154	2,311	86,301	14,850
Total	692,496	25,388	62,300	19,871	113,065	255,903	4,182	174,618	37,169
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	6,112	242	782	191	977	2,182	30	1,307	401
Asian ²	14,031	441	1,625	352	940	6,901	30	3,398	344
Black or African American	116,589	3,222	6,804	2,747	13,622	35,151	574	46,785	7,684
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	881	20	62	13	136	392	--	239	19
White	467,495	18,100	45,627	14,441	85,649	175,407	3,229	102,794	22,248
Other	33,130	1,036	2,814	927	4,292	15,472	90	6,800	1,699
Total	638,238	23,061	57,714	18,671	105,616	235,505	3,953	161,323	32,395
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	500,585	14,430	45,170	15,661	88,218	181,962	3,084	130,110	21,950
Hispanic or Latino Origin	60,350	2,198	5,294	1,019	7,258	28,638	191	12,495	3,257
Total	560,935	16,628	50,464	16,680	95,476	210,600	3,275	142,605	25,207
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	2,742	75	295	52	354	1,269	10	626	61
Puerto Rican	3,448	55	268	41	496	1,813	17	715	43
Cuban	2,748	53	208	16	346	1,568	--	535	20
Other specific	5,180	170	470	79	774	2,459	11	1,134	83
Total	14,118	353	1,241	188	1,970	7,109	40	3,010	207

-- Less than three individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.1b. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	40.2	41.4	34.3	41.7	36.1	33.1	44.7	50.6	60.0
Female	59.8	58.6	65.7	58.3	63.9	66.9	55.3	49.4	40.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	†	1.0	1.4	1.0	†	†	†	†	1.2
Asian ²	2.2	1.9	2.8	1.9	†	2.9	†	2.1	1.1
Black or African American	18.3	14.0	11.8	14.7	12.9	14.9	14.5	29.0	23.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	73.2	78.5	79.1	77.3	81.1	74.5	81.7	63.7	68.7
Other	5.2	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.1	6.6	2.3	4.2	5.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	89.2	86.8	89.5	93.9	92.4	86.4	94.2	91.2	87.1
Hispanic or Latino Origin	10.8	13.2	10.5	6.1	7.6	13.6	5.8	8.8	12.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	19.4	21.2	23.8	27.7	18.0	17.9	25.0	20.8	29.5
Puerto Rican	24.4	15.6	21.6	21.8	25.2	25.5	42.5	23.8	20.8
Cuban	19.5	15.0	16.8	8.5	17.6	22.1	5.0	17.8	9.7
Other specific	36.7	48.2	37.9	42.0	39.3	34.6	27.5	37.7	40.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.1c. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Gender									
Male	100.0	3.8	7.7	3.0	14.7	30.5	†	31.7	8.0
Female	100.0	3.6	9.9	2.8	17.4	41.3	†	20.8	3.6
Total	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	37.0	†	25.2	5.4
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	4.0	12.8	3.1	16.0	35.7	†	21.4	6.6
Asian ²	100.0	3.1	11.6	2.5	6.7	49.2	†	24.2	2.5
Black or African American	100.0	2.8	5.8	2.4	11.7	30.1	†	40.1	6.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	2.3	7.0	1.5	15.4	44.5	†	27.1	2.2
White	100.0	3.9	9.8	3.1	18.3	37.5	†	22.0	4.8
Other	100.0	3.1	8.5	2.8	13.0	46.7	†	20.5	5.1
Total	100.0	3.6	9.0	2.9	16.5	36.9	†	25.3	5.1
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	2.9	9.0	3.1	17.6	36.3	†	26.0	4.4
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	3.6	8.8	1.7	12.0	47.5	†	20.7	5.4
Total	100.0	3.0	9.0	3.0	17.0	37.5	†	25.4	4.5
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	2.7	10.8	1.9	12.9	46.3	†	22.8	2.2
Puerto Rican	100.0	1.6	7.8	1.2	14.4	52.6	†	20.7	1.2
Cuban	100.0	1.9	7.6	†	12.6	57.1	†	19.5	†
Other specific	100.0	3.3	9.1	1.5	14.9	47.5	†	21.9	1.6
Total	100.0	2.5	8.8	1.3	14.0	50.4	†	21.3	1.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.2a. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Gender									
Male	207,018	3,687	11,804	4,090	33,901	64,596	1,099	81,006	6,835
Female	311,479	4,867	23,239	5,027	61,100	132,299	1,420	78,668	4,859
Total	518,497	8,554	35,043	9,117	95,001	196,895	2,519	159,674	11,694
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	4,312	58	497	96	782	1,561	17	1,162	139
Asian ³	11,738	214	1,224	166	840	5,998	23	3,172	101
Black or African American	91,298	1,058	3,898	1,424	11,660	27,462	294	43,459	2,043
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	791	14	45	9	124	362	- -	231	6
White	342,582	5,562	24,777	6,307	71,447	131,825	1,952	93,192	7,520
Other	27,009	564	1,755	485	3,731	13,593	64	6,325	492
Total	477,730	7,470	32,196	8,487	88,584	180,801	2,350	147,541	10,301
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	384,663	5,556	26,057	6,234	75,126	142,748	1,879	120,379	6,684
Hispanic or Latino Origin	47,643	962	2,955	570	6,453	23,593	125	11,711	1,274
Total	432,306	6,518	29,012	6,804	81,579	166,341	2,004	132,090	7,958
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	2,224	11	178	15	318	1,085	4	593	20
Puerto Rican	2,870	28	125	14	455	1,537	10	683	18
Cuban	2,672	46	197	13	341	1,537	- -	525	11
Other specific	4,498	70	298	37	710	2,253	3	1,094	33
Total	12,264	155	798	79	1,824	6,412	19	2,895	82

- - Less than three individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.2b. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender									
Male	39.9	43.1	33.7	44.9	35.7	32.8	43.6	50.7	58.4
Female	60.1	56.9	66.3	55.1	64.3	67.2	56.4	49.3	41.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	†	†	1.5	1.1	†	†	†	†	1.3
Asian ³	2.5	2.9	3.8	2.0	†	3.3	†	2.1	†
Black or African American	19.1	14.2	12.1	16.8	13.2	15.2	12.5	29.5	19.8
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	71.7	74.5	77.0	74.3	80.7	72.9	83.1	63.2	73.0
Other	5.7	7.6	5.5	5.7	4.2	7.5	2.7	4.3	4.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	89.0	85.2	89.8	91.6	92.1	85.8	93.8	91.1	84.0
Hispanic or Latino Origin	11.0	14.8	10.2	8.4	7.9	14.2	6.2	8.9	16.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	18.1	7.1	22.3	19.0	17.4	16.9	21.1	20.5	24.4
Puerto Rican	23.4	18.1	15.7	17.7	24.9	24.0	52.6	23.6	22.0
Cuban	21.8	29.7	24.7	16.5	18.7	24.0	10.5	18.1	13.4
Other specific	36.7	45.2	37.3	46.8	38.9	35.1	15.8	37.8	40.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.2c. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, gender, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender, race, and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
					Mood disorders			Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders		Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²	100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Gender									
Male	100.0	1.8	5.7	2.0	16.4	31.2	†	39.1	3.3
Female	100.0	1.6	7.5	1.6	19.6	42.5	†	25.3	1.6
Total	100.0	1.6	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	1.3	11.5	2.2	18.1	36.2	†	26.9	3.2
Asian ³	100.0	1.8	10.4	1.4	7.2	51.1	†	27.0	†
Black or African American	100.0	1.2	4.3	1.6	12.8	30.1	†	47.6	2.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	1.8	5.7	1.1	15.7	45.8	†	29.2	†
White	100.0	1.6	7.2	1.8	20.9	38.5	†	27.2	2.2
Other	100.0	2.1	6.5	1.8	13.8	50.3	†	23.4	1.8
Total	100.0	1.6	6.7	1.8	18.5	37.8	†	30.9	2.2
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	1.4	6.8	1.6	19.5	37.1	†	31.3	1.7
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	2.0	6.2	1.2	13.5	49.5	†	24.6	2.7
Total	100.0	1.5	6.7	1.6	18.9	38.5	†	30.6	1.8
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	†	8.0	†	14.3	48.8	†	26.7	†
Puerto Rican	100.0	†	4.4	†	15.9	53.6	†	23.8	†
Cuban	100.0	1.7	7.4	†	12.8	57.5	†	19.6	†
Other specific	100.0	1.6	6.6	†	15.8	50.1	†	24.3	†
Total	100.0	1.3	6.5	†	14.9	52.3	†	23.6	†

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.3a. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

<i>Education and marital status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis ¹</i>								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>Delirium/ dementia</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	693,277	25,428	62,346	19,913	113,156	256,129	4,186	174,872	37,247
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	32,237	1,357	2,813	986	3,895	11,801	172	9,171	2,042
9 to 11	41,304	1,141	3,207	765	5,892	15,034	256	13,446	1,563
12 (or GED)	120,796	5,231	10,672	3,096	19,521	44,643	859	31,464	5,310
More than 12	77,295	3,728	6,825	1,001	16,184	28,949	563	17,020	3,025
Total	271,632	11,457	23,517	5,848	45,492	100,427	1,850	71,101	11,940
Marital status									
Never married	138,426	3,700	9,939	2,777	19,250	38,962	920	53,766	9,112
Currently married	77,042	5,282	7,958	2,426	12,919	32,534	483	10,859	4,581
Separated	28,265	1,337	2,174	282	4,865	11,645	198	5,680	2,084
Divorced	106,905	3,184	8,883	1,774	22,213	42,084	741	23,310	4,716
Widowed	36,641	1,707	3,026	3,358	5,110	15,383	158	6,373	1,526
Total	387,279	15,210	31,980	10,617	64,357	140,608	2,500	99,988	22,019

GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.3b. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

<i>Education and marital status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Column percent distribution of individuals</i>								
					<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>Delirium/ dementia</i>	<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	11.9	11.8	12.0	16.9	8.6	11.8	9.3	12.9	17.1
9 to 11	15.2	10.0	13.6	13.1	13.0	15.0	13.8	18.9	13.1
12 (or GED)	44.5	45.7	45.4	52.9	42.9	44.5	46.4	44.3	44.5
More than 12	28.5	32.5	29.0	17.1	35.6	28.8	30.4	23.9	25.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	35.7	24.3	31.1	26.2	29.9	27.7	36.8	53.8	41.4
Currently married	19.9	34.7	24.9	22.9	20.1	23.1	19.3	10.9	20.8
Separated	7.3	8.8	6.8	2.7	7.6	8.3	7.9	5.7	9.5
Divorced	27.6	20.9	27.8	16.7	34.5	29.9	29.6	23.3	21.4
Widowed	9.5	11.2	9.5	31.6	7.9	10.9	6.3	6.4	6.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.3c. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	4.2	8.7	3.1	12.1	36.6	†	28.4	6.3
9 to 11	100.0	2.8	7.8	1.9	14.3	36.4	†	32.6	3.8
12 (or GED)	100.0	4.3	8.8	2.6	16.2	37.0	†	26.0	4.4
More than 12	100.0	4.8	8.8	1.3	20.9	37.5	†	22.0	3.9
Total	100.0	4.2	8.7	2.2	16.7	37.0	†	26.2	4.4
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	2.7	7.2	2.0	13.9	28.1	†	38.8	6.6
Currently married	100.0	6.9	10.3	3.1	16.8	42.2	†	14.1	5.9
Separated	100.0	4.7	7.7	†	17.2	41.2	†	20.1	7.4
Divorced	100.0	3.0	8.3	1.7	20.8	39.4	†	21.8	4.4
Widowed	100.0	4.7	8.3	9.2	13.9	42.0	†	17.4	4.2
Total	100.0	3.9	8.3	2.7	16.6	36.3	†	25.8	5.7

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GED = General Educational Development.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.4a. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

<i>Education and marital status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>Delirium/dementia</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	25,102	588	1,721	629	3,109	9,293	113	8,364	1,285
9 to 11	33,432	299	1,980	508	5,027	12,098	172	12,683	665
12 (or GED)	91,781	1,022	6,256	2,013	16,235	34,172	509	29,503	2,071
More than 12	58,465	644	3,898	669	13,829	22,245	372	15,914	894
Total	208,780	2,553	13,855	3,819	38,200	77,808	1,166	66,464	4,915
Marital status									
Never married	108,812	1,691	5,046	980	16,496	30,644	561	50,571	2,823
Currently married	52,955	1,235	3,896	1,273	10,855	24,343	221	9,922	1,210
Separated	21,029	407	1,144	117	4,154	9,286	94	5,193	634
Divorced	85,236	1,134	5,126	758	19,848	34,761	413	21,873	1,323
Widowed	26,107	538	1,536	1,148	4,397	12,081	84	5,828	495
Total	294,139	5,005	16,748	4,276	55,750	111,115	1,373	93,387	6,485

GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.4b. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	12.0	23.0	12.4	16.5	8.1	11.9	9.7	12.6	26.1
9 to 11	16.0	11.7	14.3	13.3	13.2	15.5	14.8	19.1	13.5
12 (or GED)	44.0	40.0	45.2	52.7	42.5	43.9	43.7	44.4	42.1
More than 12	28.0	25.2	28.1	17.5	36.2	28.6	31.9	23.9	18.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status									
Never married	37.0	33.8	30.1	22.9	29.6	27.6	40.9	54.2	43.5
Currently married	18.0	24.7	23.3	29.8	19.5	21.9	16.1	10.6	18.7
Separated	7.1	8.1	6.8	2.7	7.5	8.4	6.8	5.6	9.8
Divorced	29.0	22.7	30.6	17.7	35.6	31.3	30.1	23.4	20.4
Widowed	8.9	10.7	9.2	26.8	7.9	10.9	6.1	6.2	7.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.4c. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
Education and marital status					Mood disorders			Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders		Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²	100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	2.3	6.9	2.5	12.4	37.0	†	33.3	5.1
9 to 11	100.0	†	5.9	1.5	15.0	36.2	†	37.9	2.0
12 (or GED)	100.0	1.1	6.8	2.2	17.7	37.2	†	32.1	2.3
More than 12	100.0	1.1	6.7	1.1	23.7	38.0	†	27.2	1.5
Total	100.0	1.2	6.6	1.8	18.3	37.3	†	31.8	2.4
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	1.6	4.6	†	15.2	28.2	†	46.5	2.6
Currently married	100.0	2.3	7.4	2.4	20.5	46.0	†	18.7	2.3
Separated	100.0	1.9	5.4	†	19.8	44.2	†	24.7	3.0
Divorced	100.0	1.3	6.0	†	23.3	40.8	†	25.7	1.6
Widowed	100.0	2.1	5.9	4.4	16.8	46.3	†	22.3	1.9
Total	100.0	1.7	5.7	1.5	19.0	37.8	†	31.7	2.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GED = General Educational Development; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.5a. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	693,277	25,428	62,346	19,913	113,156	256,129	4,186	174,872	37,247
Living arrangement									
Homeless	14,280	457	909	128	2,832	5,074	103	3,779	998
Foster home/foster care	3,742	109	393	163	469	999	41	1,292	276
Residential care	32,805	721	1,105	912	3,878	5,491	131	19,666	901
Institutional setting	21,752	549	1,077	3,241	2,303	4,699	150	9,139	594
Jail/correctional facility	3,591	298	253	70	618	720	196	1,015	421
Private residence	344,190	8,834	31,961	4,800	65,599	140,194	1,662	81,728	9,412
Other	16,361	921	1,825	451	2,346	5,227	69	4,665	857
Total	436,721	11,889	37,523	9,765	78,045	162,404	2,352	121,284	13,459
SMI status²									
SMI	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Not SMI	154,240	15,812	24,777	9,620	15,434	52,851	1,140	11,502	23,104
Total	673,325	24,393	59,850	18,768	110,517	249,927	3,660	171,401	34,809
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	16,944	390	1,320	382	2,465	5,763	45	4,522	2,057
1-50	162,390	1,960	9,314	3,001	29,150	58,937	620	55,637	3,771
51-100	133,256	4,416	12,301	611	27,495	55,043	584	28,750	4,056
Total	312,590	6,766	22,935	3,994	59,110	119,743	1,249	88,909	9,884

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.5b. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnostic category, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	3.3	3.8	2.4	1.3	3.6	3.1	4.4	3.1	7.4
Foster home/foster care	†	†	1.0	1.7	†	†	1.7	1.1	2.1
Residential care	7.5	6.1	2.9	9.3	5.0	3.4	5.6	16.2	6.7
Institutional setting	5.0	4.6	2.9	33.2	3.0	2.9	6.4	7.5	4.4
Jail/correctional facility	†	2.5	†	†	†	†	8.3	†	3.1
Private residence	78.8	74.3	85.2	49.2	84.1	86.3	70.7	67.4	69.9
Other	3.7	7.7	4.9	4.6	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.8	6.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI status²									
SMI	77.1	35.2	58.6	48.7	86.0	78.9	68.9	93.3	33.6
Not SMI	22.9	64.8	41.4	51.3	14.0	21.1	31.1	6.7	66.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.4	5.8	5.8	9.6	4.2	4.8	3.6	5.1	20.8
1-50	51.9	29.0	40.6	75.1	49.3	49.2	49.6	62.6	38.2
51-100	42.6	65.3	53.6	15.3	46.5	46.0	46.8	32.3	41.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.5c. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Living arrangement									
Homeless	100.0	3.2	6.4	†	19.8	35.5	†	26.5	7.0
Foster home/foster care	100.0	2.9	10.5	4.4	12.5	26.7	1.1	34.5	7.4
Residential care	100.0	2.2	3.4	2.8	11.8	16.7	†	59.9	2.7
Institutional setting	100.0	2.5	5.0	14.9	10.6	21.6	†	42.0	2.7
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	8.3	7.0	1.9	17.2	20.1	5.5	28.3	11.7
Private residence	100.0	2.6	9.3	1.4	19.1	40.7	†	23.7	2.7
Other	100.0	5.6	11.2	2.8	14.3	31.9	†	28.5	5.2
Total	100.0	2.7	8.6	2.2	17.9	37.2	†	27.8	3.1
SMI status ²									
SMI	100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Not SMI	100.0	10.3	16.1	6.2	10.0	34.3	†	7.5	15.0
Total	100.0	3.6	8.9	2.8	16.4	37.1	†	25.5	5.2
Functioning score (GAF) ³									
0	100.0	2.3	7.8	2.3	14.5	34.0	†	26.7	12.1
1-50	100.0	1.2	5.7	1.8	18.0	36.3	†	34.3	2.3
51-100	100.0	3.3	9.2	†	20.6	41.3	†	21.6	3.0
Total	100.0	2.2	7.3	1.3	18.9	38.3	†	28.4	3.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.6a. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Living arrangement									
Homeless	11,736	213	640	95	2,493	4,302	82	3,529	382
Foster home/foster care	2,449	37	182	110	281	493	20	1,183	143
Residential care	29,471	487	692	570	3,500	4,586	113	19,082	441
Institutional setting	16,539	133	597	1,643	1,904	3,342	98	8,485	337
Jail/correctional facility	2,609	98	210	47	552	451	185	948	118
Private residence	285,704	3,110	21,797	3,087	57,762	116,642	1,272	78,002	4,032
Other	12,010	357	1,043	188	2,097	3,408	46	4,457	414
Total	360,518	4,435	25,161	5,740	68,589	133,224	1,816	115,686	5,867
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	14,523	328	1,112	323	2,390	5,537	34	4,460	339
1-50	149,460	1,075	7,270	1,770	27,764	54,706	522	54,447	1,906
51-100	104,696	1,740	6,964	397	23,854	43,209	435	26,824	1,273
Total	268,679	3,143	15,346	2,490	54,008	103,452	991	85,731	3,518

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.6b. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	3.3	4.8	2.5	1.7	3.6	3.2	4.5	3.1	6.5
Foster home/foster care	†	†	†	1.9	†	†	1.1	1.0	2.4
Residential care	8.2	11.0	2.8	9.9	5.1	3.4	6.2	16.5	7.5
Institutional setting	4.6	3.0	2.4	28.6	2.8	2.5	5.4	7.3	5.7
Jail/correctional facility	†	2.2	†	†	†	†	10.2	†	2.0
Private residence	79.2	70.1	86.6	53.8	84.2	87.6	70.0	67.4	68.7
Other	3.3	8.0	4.1	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.5	3.9	7.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)³									
0	5.4	10.4	7.2	13.0	4.4	5.4	3.4	5.2	9.6
1-50	55.6	34.2	47.4	71.1	51.4	52.9	52.7	63.5	54.2
51-100	39.0	55.4	45.4	15.9	44.2	41.8	43.9	31.3	36.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.6c. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, and functioning score (GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement and functioning score (GAF)		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²		100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Living arrangement										
Homeless		100.0	1.8	5.5	†	21.2	36.7	†	30.1	3.3
Foster home/foster care		100.0	1.5	7.4	4.5	11.5	20.1	†	48.3	5.8
Residential care		100.0	1.7	2.3	1.9	11.9	15.6	†	64.7	1.5
Institutional setting		100.0	†	3.6	9.9	11.5	20.2	†	51.3	2.0
Jail/correctional facility		100.0	3.8	8.0	1.8	21.2	17.3	7.1	36.3	4.5
Private residence		100.0	1.1	7.6	1.1	20.2	40.8	†	27.3	1.4
Other		100.0	3.0	8.7	1.6	17.5	28.4	†	37.1	3.4
Total		100.0	1.2	7.0	1.6	19.0	37.0	†	32.1	1.6
Functioning score (GAF) ³										
0		100.0	2.3	7.7	2.2	16.5	38.1	†	30.7	2.3
1-50		100.0	†	4.9	1.2	18.6	36.6	†	36.4	1.3
51-100		100.0	1.7	6.7	†	22.8	41.3	†	25.6	1.2
Total		100.0	1.2	5.7	†	20.1	38.5	†	31.9	1.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.7a. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals aged 55 and older	693,277	25,428	62,346	19,913	113,156	256,129	4,186	174,872	37,247
Employment status									
Employed	37,777	1,875	4,317	275	7,109	16,152	261	6,175	1,613
Full time	11,710	828	1,481	50	2,023	5,386	50	1,133	759
Part time	14,841	486	1,590	67	3,064	6,153	92	2,929	460
Unemployed	72,608	1,978	6,668	790	14,050	30,645	300	15,883	2,294
Not in labor force (see detail below)	246,743	5,301	20,933	5,450	44,605	90,475	1,233	74,039	4,707
Total	357,128	9,154	31,918	6,515	65,764	137,272	1,794	96,097	8,614
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 55 and older not in labor force	246,743	5,301	20,933	5,450	44,605	90,475	1,233	74,039	4,707
Disabled	115,672	1,244	7,745	1,466	23,105	40,497	352	39,486	1,777
Student	1,353	47	131	20	246	527	5	331	46
Homemaker	6,714	235	779	63	1,253	3,177	20	1,063	124
Retired	28,056	1,273	2,564	1,504	4,953	12,051	83	4,918	710
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1,616	28	126	16	281	444	7	624	90
Other	93,332	2,474	9,588	2,381	14,767	33,779	766	27,617	1,960
Total	246,743	5,301	20,933	5,450	44,605	90,475	1,233	74,039	4,707

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.7b. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	10.6	20.5	13.5	4.2	10.8	11.8	14.5	6.4	18.7
Full time	3.3	9.0	4.6	†	3.1	3.9	2.8	1.2	8.8
Part time	4.2	5.3	5.0	1.0	4.7	4.5	5.1	3.0	5.3
Unemployed	20.3	21.6	20.9	12.1	21.4	22.3	16.7	16.5	26.6
Not in labor force (see detail below)	69.1	57.9	65.6	83.7	67.8	65.9	68.7	77.0	54.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 55 and older not in labor force	69.1	57.9	65.6	83.7	67.8	65.9	68.7	77.0	54.6
Disabled	46.9	23.5	37.0	26.9	51.8	44.8	28.5	53.3	37.8
Student	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Homemaker	2.7	4.4	3.7	1.2	2.8	3.5	1.6	1.4	2.6
Retired	11.4	24.0	12.2	27.6	11.1	13.3	6.7	6.6	15.1
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.9
Other	37.8	46.7	45.8	43.7	33.1	37.3	62.1	37.3	41.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.7c. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
Employment status	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	5.0	11.4	†	18.8	42.8	†	16.3	4.3
Full time	100.0	7.1	12.6	†	17.3	46.0	†	9.7	6.5
Part time	100.0	3.3	10.7	†	20.6	41.5	†	19.7	3.1
Unemployed	100.0	2.7	9.2	1.1	19.4	42.2	†	21.9	3.2
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	2.1	8.5	2.2	18.1	36.7	†	30.0	1.9
Total	100.0	2.6	8.9	1.8	18.4	38.4	†	26.9	2.4
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals aged 55 and older not in labor force	100.0	2.1	8.5	2.2	18.1	36.7	†	30.0	1.9
Disabled	100.0	1.1	6.7	1.3	20.0	35.0	†	34.1	1.5
Student	100.0	3.5	9.7	1.5	18.2	39.0	†	24.5	3.4
Homemaker	100.0	3.5	11.6	†	18.7	47.3	†	15.8	1.8
Retired	100.0	4.5	9.1	5.4	17.7	43.0	†	17.5	2.5
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	1.7	7.8	†	17.4	27.5	†	38.6	5.6
Other	100.0	2.7	10.3	2.6	15.8	36.2	†	29.6	2.1
Total	100.0	2.1	8.5	2.2	18.1	36.7	†	30.0	1.9

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.8a. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
		<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>Delirium/dementia</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
	<i>Total</i>				<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Employment status									
Employed	28,340	529	2,523	171	5,988	12,434	188	5,843	664
Full time	7,877	234	773	30	1,599	3,938	27	1,013	263
Part time	12,005	171	1,021	40	2,654	5,093	71	2,759	196
Unemployed	59,752	839	4,678	405	11,827	25,791	192	15,036	984
Not in labor force (see detail below)	209,435	2,108	14,147	3,140	40,187	75,114	995	71,429	2,315
Total	297,527	3,476	21,348	3,716	58,002	113,339	1,375	92,308	3,963
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older not in labor force	209,435	2,108	14,147	3,140	40,187	75,114	995	71,429	2,315
Disabled	102,075	450	5,095	1,078	21,552	34,395	280	38,303	922
Student	1,123	12	87	10	218	457	3	316	20
Homemaker	5,352	99	490	39	1,088	2,576	15	998	47
Retired	21,462	425	1,529	785	4,238	9,593	54	4,629	209
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1,364	16	81	11	245	375	4	599	33
Other	78,059	1,106	6,865	1,217	12,846	27,718	639	26,584	1,084
Total	209,435	2,108	14,147	3,140	40,187	75,114	995	71,429	2,315

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.8b. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	9.5	15.2	11.8	4.6	10.3	11.0	13.7	6.3	16.8
Full time	2.6	6.7	3.6	†	2.8	3.5	2.0	1.1	6.6
Part time	4.0	4.9	4.8	1.1	4.6	4.5	5.2	3.0	4.9
Unemployed	20.1	24.1	21.9	10.9	20.4	22.8	14.0	16.3	24.8
Not in labor force (see detail below)	70.4	60.6	66.3	84.5	69.3	66.3	72.4	77.4	58.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older not in labor force	70.4	60.6	66.3	84.5	69.3	66.3	72.4	77.4	58.4
Disabled	48.7	21.3	36.0	34.3	53.6	45.8	28.1	53.6	39.8
Student	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Homemaker	2.6	4.7	3.5	1.2	2.7	3.4	1.5	1.4	2.0
Retired	10.2	20.2	10.8	25.0	10.5	12.8	5.4	6.5	9.0
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.4
Other	37.3	52.5	48.5	38.8	32.0	36.9	64.2	37.2	46.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.8c. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
Employment status		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²		100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Employment status										
	Employed	100.0	1.9	8.9	†	21.1	43.9	†	20.6	2.3
	Full time	100.0	3.0	9.8	†	20.3	50.0	†	12.9	3.3
	Part time	100.0	1.4	8.5	†	22.1	42.4	†	23.0	1.6
	Unemployed	100.0	1.4	7.8	†	19.8	43.2	†	25.2	1.6
	Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	1.0	6.8	1.5	19.2	35.9	†	34.1	1.1
	Total	100.0	1.2	7.2	1.2	19.5	38.1	†	31.0	1.3
Detailed not in labor force										
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older not in labor force		100.0	1.0	6.8	1.5	19.2	35.9	†	34.1	1.1
	Disabled	100.0	†	5.0	1.1	21.1	33.7	†	37.5	†
	Student	100.0	1.1	7.7	†	19.4	40.7	†	28.1	1.8
	Homemaker	100.0	1.8	9.2	†	20.3	48.1	†	18.6	†
	Retired	100.0	2.0	7.1	3.7	19.7	44.7	†	21.6	†
	Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	1.2	5.9	†	18.0	27.5	†	43.9	2.4
	Other	100.0	1.4	8.8	1.6	16.5	35.5	†	34.1	1.4
	Total	100.0	1.0	6.8	1.5	19.2	35.9	†	34.1	1.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.9a. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older	693,277	25,428	62,346	19,913	113,156	256,129	4,186	174,872	37,247
Timing of admission									
New individuals	248,356	12,701	26,653	10,671	38,760	98,676	1,600	42,778	16,517
Continuing individuals	444,865	12,726	35,693	9,235	74,391	157,452	2,583	132,056	20,729
Total	693,221	25,427	62,346	19,906	113,151	256,128	4,183	174,834	37,246
Mental health service setting^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	19,303	227	278	1,502	2,970	2,342	319	10,756	909
Community-based program	676,578	25,098	61,935	18,411	110,832	253,895	3,924	166,846	35,637
Residential treatment center	6,273	99	235	92	864	1,022	49	3,505	407
Other psychiatric inpatient	18,140	258	907	887	3,338	4,451	153	7,211	935
Institutions under the justice system	4,449	347	316	89	769	788	205	1,204	731

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.9b. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Column percent distribution of individuals							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total individuals aged 55 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	35.8	50.0	42.8	53.6	34.3	38.5	38.3	24.5	44.3
Continuing individuals	64.2	50.0	57.2	46.4	65.7	61.5	61.7	75.5	55.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting ³		Column percent of individuals ²							
State psychiatric hospital	2.8	†	†	7.5	2.6	†	7.6	6.2	2.4
Community-based program	97.6	98.7	99.3	92.5	97.9	99.1	93.7	95.4	95.7
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.2	2.0	1.1
Other psychiatric inpatient	2.6	1.0	1.5	4.5	2.9	1.7	3.7	4.1	2.5
Institutions under the justice system	†	1.4	†	†	†	†	4.9	†	2.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.9c. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals aged 55 and older		100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Timing of admission										
	New individuals	100.0	5.1	10.7	4.3	15.6	39.7	†	17.2	6.7
	Continuing individuals	100.0	2.9	8.0	2.1	16.7	35.4	†	29.7	4.7
	Total	100.0	3.7	9.0	2.9	16.3	36.9	†	25.2	5.4
Mental health service setting ^{2,3}										
	State psychiatric hospital	100.0	1.2	1.4	7.8	15.4	12.1	1.7	55.7	4.7
	Community-based program	100.0	3.7	9.2	2.7	16.4	37.5	†	24.7	5.3
	Residential treatment center	100.0	1.6	3.7	1.5	13.8	16.3	†	55.9	6.5
	Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	1.4	5.0	4.9	18.4	24.5	†	39.8	5.2
	Institutions under the justice system	100.0	7.8	7.1	2.0	17.3	17.7	4.6	27.1	16.4

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.10a. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	519,085	8,581	35,073	9,148	95,083	197,076	2,520	159,899	11,705
Timing of admission									
New individuals	170,866	4,722	14,080	4,230	31,279	73,467	705	37,384	4,999
Continuing individuals	348,172	3,859	20,993	4,916	63,799	123,608	1,813	122,478	6,706
Total	519,038	8,581	35,073	9,146	95,078	197,075	2,518	159,862	11,705
Mental health service setting^{3,4}									
State psychiatric hospital	15,237	118	173	988	2,360	1,683	184	9,310	421
Community-based program	506,999	8,373	34,800	8,212	93,346	195,553	2,393	153,291	11,031
Residential treatment center	5,159	47	167	58	747	792	37	3,116	195
Other psychiatric inpatient	15,152	156	645	622	2,945	3,589	134	6,572	489
Institutions under the justice system	3,532	189	296	88	740	548	197	1,181	293

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.10b. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission									
New individuals	32.9	55.0	40.1	46.2	32.9	37.3	28.0	23.4	42.7
Continuing individuals	67.1	45.0	59.9	53.8	67.1	62.7	72.0	76.6	57.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting ⁴	Column percent of individuals ³								
State psychiatric hospital	2.9	1.4	†	10.8	2.5	†	7.3	5.8	3.6
Community-based program	97.7	97.6	99.2	89.8	98.2	99.2	95.0	95.9	94.2
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.5	1.9	1.7
Other psychiatric inpatient	2.9	1.8	1.8	6.8	3.1	1.8	5.3	4.1	4.2
Institutions under the justice system	†	2.2	†	†	†	†	7.8	†	2.5

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.10c. Individuals aged 55 and older with SMI, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	Delirium/ dementia	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total individuals with SMI aged 55 and older ²		100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Timing of admission										
New individuals		100.0	2.8	8.2	2.5	18.3	43.0	†	21.9	2.9
Continuing individuals		100.0	1.1	6.0	1.4	18.3	35.5	†	35.2	1.9
Total		100.0	1.7	6.8	1.8	18.3	38.0	†	30.8	2.3
Mental health service setting ^{3,4}										
State psychiatric hospital		100.0	†	1.1	6.5	15.5	11.0	1.2	61.1	2.8
Community-based program		100.0	1.7	6.9	1.6	18.4	38.6	†	30.2	2.2
Residential treatment center		100.0	†	3.2	1.1	14.5	15.4	†	60.4	3.8
Other psychiatric inpatient		100.0	1.0	4.3	4.1	19.4	23.7	†	43.4	3.2
Institutions under the justice system		100.0	5.4	8.4	2.5	21.0	15.5	5.6	33.4	8.3

† Less than one percent of individuals.

SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. This table focuses on the most frequently reported mental health diagnoses for this age group. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

³ Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

⁴ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 5.11. Individuals aged 55 and older, by mental health service setting, SMI status, and functioning score (GAF): Number and percent distribution, 2014

<i>SMI status and functioning score (GAF)</i>		<i>Mental health service setting¹</i>									
		<i>Number of individuals²</i>					<i>Percent distribution of individuals</i>				
		<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community-based program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>	<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community-based program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>
Total individuals aged 55 and older	<i>Total unique individuals</i> 810,700	22,563	790,448	6,785	20,635	4,898	2.8	97.5	†	2.5	†
SMI status³											
SMI	574,093	17,344	560,168	5,506	16,833	3,693	91.1	76.7	86.0	88.0	77.4
Not SMI	172,832	1,703	170,346	899	2,295	1,081	8.9	23.3	14.0	12.0	22.6
Total	746,925	19,047	730,514	6,405	19,128	4,774	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (GAF)⁴											
0	19,427	1,004	18,477	331	765	515	10.5	5.5	9.6	8.2	13.9
1-50	167,450	6,202	162,108	1,552	6,105	1,991	64.9	48.5	45.2	65.1	53.8
51-100	155,907	2,351	153,810	1,550	2,506	1,195	24.6	46.0	45.2	26.7	32.3
Total	342,784	9,557	334,395	3,433	9,376	3,701	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

² Numbers may not sum to the *Total unique individuals* column because individuals could receive services in more than one mental health service setting during the reporting period.

³ The definition for SMI status can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.1a. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Number, 2014

Gender and age		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Number of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815
Gender										
Male		412,283	13,848	33,650	6,556	97,774	100,030	5,499	103,764	51,162
Female		328,856	9,646	41,527	2,412	101,369	106,512	3,444	39,371	24,575
Total		741,139	23,494	75,177	8,968	199,143	206,542	8,943	143,135	75,737
Age ²										
12 to 17 years		50,493	3,338	4,904	3,585	9,153	11,253	113	973	17,174
18 to 20 years		32,697	1,652	3,590	1,084	8,504	7,782	368	3,939	5,778
21 to 25 years		73,700	2,962	8,912	1,057	21,124	17,786	1,180	13,153	7,526
26 to 29 years		72,187	2,603	9,112	797	20,940	18,023	1,106	13,220	6,386
30 to 34 years		92,443	2,995	11,587	882	27,104	23,049	1,308	17,851	7,667
35 to 39 years		76,808	2,301	8,659	539	22,993	20,198	1,073	15,198	5,847
40 to 44 years		77,767	2,021	7,845	365	23,484	21,853	1,017	15,329	5,853
45 to 49 years		83,394	1,897	7,329	301	23,346	25,287	1,022	17,957	6,255
50 to 54 years		85,062	1,726	6,673	207	21,781	27,816	910	19,979	5,970
55 to 59 years		56,216	1,087	3,943	95	12,679	19,533	506	14,584	3,789
60 to 64 years		26,500	538	1,734	50	5,540	9,326	225	7,109	1,978
65 years and older		14,656	394	933	11	2,735	4,907	123	3,961	1,592
Total		741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Age is based on the individual's age at the midpoint of the reporting period.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.1b. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender and age		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender										
Male		55.6	58.9	44.8	73.1	49.1	48.4	61.5	72.5	67.6
Female		44.4	41.1	55.2	26.9	50.9	51.6	38.5	27.5	32.4
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age ²										
12 to 17 years		6.8	14.2	6.5	40.0	4.6	5.4	1.3	†	22.7
18 to 20 years		4.4	7.0	4.8	12.1	4.3	3.8	4.1	2.7	7.6
21 to 25 years		9.9	12.6	11.8	11.8	10.6	8.6	13.2	9.2	9.9
26 to 29 years		9.7	11.1	12.1	8.9	10.5	8.7	12.4	9.2	8.4
30 to 34 years		12.5	12.7	15.4	9.8	13.6	11.1	14.6	12.5	10.1
35 to 39 years		10.4	9.8	11.5	6.0	11.5	9.8	12.0	10.6	7.7
40 to 44 years		10.5	8.6	10.4	4.1	11.8	10.6	11.4	10.7	7.7
45 to 49 years		11.2	8.1	9.7	3.4	11.7	12.2	11.4	12.5	8.3
50 to 54 years		11.5	7.3	8.9	2.3	10.9	13.4	10.2	13.9	7.9
55 to 59 years		7.6	4.6	5.2	1.1	6.4	9.4	5.7	10.2	5.0
60 to 64 years		3.6	2.3	2.3	†	2.8	4.5	2.5	5.0	2.6
65 years and older		2.0	1.7	1.2	†	1.4	2.4	1.4	2.8	2.1
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Age is based on the individual's age at the midpoint of the reporting period.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.1c. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Row percent distribution, 2014

Gender and age		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Gender										
Male		100.0	3.4	8.2	1.6	23.7	24.3	1.3	25.2	12.4
Female		100.0	2.9	12.6	†	30.8	32.4	1.0	12.0	7.5
Total		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Age ²										
12 to 17 years		100.0	6.6	9.7	7.1	18.1	22.3	†	1.9	34.0
18 to 20 years		100.0	5.1	11.0	3.3	26.0	23.8	1.1	12.0	17.7
21 to 25 years		100.0	4.0	12.1	1.4	28.7	24.1	1.6	17.8	10.2
26 to 29 years		100.0	3.6	12.6	1.1	29.0	25.0	1.5	18.3	8.8
30 to 34 years		100.0	3.2	12.5	†	29.3	24.9	1.4	19.3	8.3
35 to 39 years		100.0	3.0	11.3	†	29.9	26.3	1.4	19.8	7.6
40 to 44 years		100.0	2.6	10.1	†	30.2	28.1	1.3	19.7	7.5
45 to 49 years		100.0	2.3	8.8	†	28.0	30.3	1.2	21.5	7.5
50 to 54 years		100.0	2.0	7.8	†	25.6	32.7	1.1	23.5	7.0
55 to 59 years		100.0	1.9	7.0	†	22.6	34.7	†	25.9	6.7
60 to 64 years		100.0	2.0	6.5	†	20.9	35.2	†	26.8	7.5
65 years and older		100.0	2.7	6.4	†	18.7	33.5	†	27.0	10.9
Total		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Age is based on the individual's age at the midpoint of the reporting period.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.2a. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	12,283	596	1,761	196	2,583	3,563	148	1,754	1,682
Asian ²	5,799	146	366	36	1,096	1,266	42	2,053	794
Black or African American	134,259	3,730	7,558	1,139	29,225	33,279	1,697	44,961	12,670
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1,512	64	124	10	314	375	10	416	199
White	479,377	15,947	56,988	6,715	142,412	143,033	5,797	71,995	36,490
Other	57,826	1,729	4,762	509	12,284	13,763	609	11,466	12,704
Total	691,056	22,212	71,559	8,605	187,914	195,279	8,303	132,645	64,539
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	551,434	17,326	59,229	7,101	155,692	158,108	6,655	106,334	40,989
Hispanic or Latino Origin	97,239	3,531	9,047	1,225	21,951	25,455	1,151	18,486	16,393
Total	648,673	20,857	68,276	8,326	177,643	183,563	7,806	124,820	57,382
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	5,672	344	845	108	1,203	1,878	35	754	505
Puerto Rican	7,253	263	892	77	1,662	2,654	90	1,296	319
Cuban	883	51	92	15	240	248	8	196	33
Other specific	9,187	548	1,414	216	2,145	2,924	63	1,297	580
Total	22,995	1,206	3,243	416	5,250	7,704	196	3,543	1,437

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.2b. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.3	2.6
Asian ²	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.5	1.2
Black or African American	19.4	16.8	10.6	13.2	15.6	17.0	20.4	33.9	19.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	69.4	71.8	79.6	78.0	75.8	73.2	69.8	54.3	56.5
Other	8.4	7.8	6.7	5.9	6.5	7.0	7.3	8.6	19.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	85.0	83.1	86.7	85.3	87.6	86.1	85.3	85.2	71.4
Hispanic or Latino Origin	15.0	16.9	13.3	14.7	12.4	13.9	14.7	14.8	28.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	24.7	28.5	26.1	26.0	22.9	24.4	17.9	21.3	35.1
Puerto Rican	31.5	21.8	27.5	18.5	31.7	34.4	45.9	36.6	22.2
Cuban	3.8	4.2	2.8	3.6	4.6	3.2	4.1	5.5	2.3
Other specific	40.0	45.4	43.6	51.9	40.9	38.0	32.1	36.6	40.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.2c. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Race and ethnicity		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Race										
American Indian or Alaska Native		100.0	4.9	14.3	1.6	21.0	29.0	1.2	14.3	13.7
Asian ²		100.0	2.5	6.3	†	18.9	21.8	†	35.4	13.7
Black or African American		100.0	2.8	5.6	†	21.8	24.8	1.3	33.5	9.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		100.0	4.2	8.2	†	20.8	24.8	†	27.5	13.2
White		100.0	3.3	11.9	1.4	29.7	29.8	1.2	15.0	7.6
Other		100.0	3.0	8.2	†	21.2	23.8	1.1	19.8	22.0
Total		100.0	3.2	10.4	1.2	27.2	28.3	1.2	19.2	9.3
Ethnicity										
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	3.1	10.7	1.3	28.2	28.7	1.2	19.3	7.4
Hispanic or Latino Origin		100.0	3.6	9.3	1.3	22.6	26.2	1.2	19.0	16.9
Total		100.0	3.2	10.5	1.3	27.4	28.3	1.2	19.2	8.8
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
Mexican		100.0	6.1	14.9	1.9	21.2	33.1	†	13.3	8.9
Puerto Rican		100.0	3.6	12.3	1.1	22.9	36.6	1.2	17.9	4.4
Cuban		100.0	5.8	10.4	1.7	27.2	28.1	†	22.2	3.7
Other specific		100.0	6.0	15.4	2.4	23.3	31.8	†	14.1	6.3
Total		100.0	5.2	14.1	1.8	22.8	33.5	†	15.4	6.2

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² For some states, "Asian" includes "Pacific Islanders." See Appendix C.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 6.3a. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and substance abuse diagnosis:
Number, 2014**

<i>Substance abuse diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ²								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815
Alcoholic psychoses	5,057	150	477	25	1,021	1,402	66	556	1,360
Alcohol intoxication	2,486	179	174	11	529	633	51	308	601
Drug psychoses	11,771	285	884	111	2,294	2,212	246	1,826	3,913
Dependence									
Alcohol	103,830	2,314	10,276	501	29,326	36,276	1,275	16,474	7,388
Cocaine	21,639	425	1,582	100	6,866	6,085	231	5,061	1,289
Marijuana	42,846	1,329	4,089	780	13,066	10,661	639	8,221	4,061
Opioid	38,141	1,148	6,349	423	10,242	12,905	394	2,246	4,434
Other	140,324	2,913	11,056	980	43,885	30,549	3,013	35,289	12,639
Non-dependent abuse									
Alcohol	70,402	2,543	6,220	507	18,435	20,903	682	15,074	6,038
Cocaine	11,323	234	630	41	3,455	3,034	80	3,299	550
Marijuana	67,704	2,492	5,055	1,771	18,380	15,672	543	13,431	10,360
Opioid	5,529	213	721	58	1,608	2,026	76	491	336
Other	24,795	745	2,080	225	6,962	5,380	332	6,340	2,731
None reported	10,457	578	2,316	401	2,392	3,385	21	989	375

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Substance abuse diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix D.

² "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.3b. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and substance abuse diagnosis: Column percent distribution, 2014

<i>Substance abuse diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ²								
	<i>Column percent distribution of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Alcoholic psychoses	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	2.4
Alcohol intoxication	†	1.2	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.1
Drug psychoses	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.5	3.2	1.7	7.0
Substance dependence									
Alcohol	18.7	14.9	19.8	8.4	18.5	24.0	16.7	15.0	13.2
Cocaine	3.9	2.7	3.0	1.7	4.3	4.0	3.0	4.6	2.3
Marijuana	7.7	8.5	7.9	13.1	8.2	7.1	8.4	7.5	7.2
Opioid	6.9	7.4	12.2	7.1	6.5	8.5	5.2	2.0	7.9
Other	25.2	18.7	21.3	16.5	27.7	20.2	39.4	32.2	22.5
Non-dependent substance abuse									
Alcohol	12.7	16.4	12.0	8.5	11.6	13.8	8.9	13.8	10.8
Cocaine	2.0	1.5	1.2	†	2.2	2.0	1.0	3.0	†
Marijuana	12.2	16.0	9.7	29.8	11.6	10.4	7.1	12.3	18.5
Opioid	†	1.4	1.4	†	1.0	1.3	†	†	†
Other	4.5	4.8	4.0	3.8	4.4	3.6	4.3	5.8	4.9
None reported	1.9	3.7	4.5	6.8	1.5	2.2	†	†	†

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Substance abuse diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix D.

² "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.3c. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and substance abuse diagnosis: Row percent distribution, 2014

<i>Substance abuse diagnosis</i> ¹	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ²								
	<i>Row percent distribution of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Alcoholic psychoses	100.0	3.0	9.4	†	20.2	27.7	1.3	11.0	26.9
Alcohol intoxication	100.0	7.2	7.0	†	21.3	25.5	2.1	12.4	24.2
Drug psychoses	100.0	2.4	7.5	†	19.5	18.8	2.1	15.5	33.2
Substance dependence									
Alcohol	100.0	2.2	9.9	†	28.2	34.9	1.2	15.9	7.1
Cocaine	100.0	2.0	7.3	†	31.7	28.1	1.1	23.4	6.0
Marijuana	100.0	3.1	9.5	1.8	30.5	24.9	1.5	19.2	9.5
Opioid	100.0	3.0	16.6	1.1	26.9	33.8	1.0	5.9	11.6
Other	100.0	2.1	7.9	†	31.3	21.8	2.1	25.1	9.0
Non-dependent substance abuse									
Alcohol	100.0	3.6	8.8	†	26.2	29.7	†	21.4	8.6
Cocaine	100.0	2.1	5.6	†	30.5	26.8	†	29.1	4.9
Marijuana	100.0	3.7	7.5	2.6	27.1	23.1	†	19.8	15.3
Opioid	100.0	3.9	13.0	1.0	29.1	36.6	1.4	8.9	6.1
Other	100.0	3.0	8.4	†	28.1	21.7	1.3	25.6	11.0
None reported	100.0	5.5	22.1	3.8	22.9	32.4	†	9.5	3.6

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ Substance abuse diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix D.

² "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.4a. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF): Number, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815
Living arrangement									
Homeless	41,271	1,064	3,374	205	11,966	11,966	588	9,143	2,965
Foster home/foster care	2,735	197	353	138	522	597	23	355	550
Residential care	32,882	503	1,984	323	7,154	6,443	277	13,842	2,356
Institutional setting	11,761	239	522	75	2,114	1,988	348	5,631	844
Jail/correctional facility	27,804	2,710	2,838	264	6,272	4,802	1,974	4,417	4,527
Private residence	444,290	13,054	47,857	5,721	128,125	134,259	3,899	80,102	31,273
Other	21,430	988	3,291	440	4,915	5,900	247	3,815	1,834
Total	582,173	18,755	60,219	7,166	161,068	165,955	7,356	117,305	44,349
SMI/SED status²									
SMI	527,894	7,460	40,894	2,367	158,575	150,858	6,563	134,404	26,773
SED	40,138	1,970	3,944	2,635	7,891	9,365	86	891	13,356
Not SMI/SED	154,370	13,009	27,616	3,554	27,783	40,772	2,107	5,124	34,405
Total	722,402	22,439	72,454	8,556	194,249	200,995	8,756	140,419	74,534
Functioning score (CGAS/GAF)³									
0	14,631	398	953	48	3,562	3,337	135	3,437	2,761
1-50	266,811	3,822	19,058	1,748	77,175	70,619	2,227	70,448	21,714
51-100	179,533	7,709	20,813	2,612	48,611	49,706	2,345	25,866	21,871
Total	460,975	11,929	40,824	4,408	129,348	123,662	4,707	99,751	46,346

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.4b. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF): Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF)	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	7.1	5.7	5.6	2.9	7.4	7.2	8.0	7.8	6.7
Foster home/foster care	†	1.1	†	1.9	†	†	†	†	1.2
Residential care	5.6	2.7	3.3	4.5	4.4	3.9	3.8	11.8	5.3
Institutional setting	2.0	1.3	†	1.0	1.3	1.2	4.7	4.8	1.9
Jail/correctional facility	4.8	14.4	4.7	3.7	3.9	2.9	26.8	3.8	10.2
Private residence	76.3	69.6	79.5	79.8	79.5	80.9	53.0	68.3	70.5
Other	3.7	5.3	5.5	6.1	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.3	4.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI/SED status²									
SMI	73.1	33.2	56.4	27.7	81.6	75.1	75.0	95.7	35.9
SED	5.6	8.8	5.4	30.8	4.1	4.7	†	†	17.9
Not SMI/SED	21.4	58.0	38.1	41.5	14.3	20.3	24.1	3.6	46.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning score (CGAS/GAF)³									
0	3.2	3.3	2.3	1.1	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.4	6.0
1-50	57.9	32.0	46.7	39.7	59.7	57.1	47.3	70.6	46.9
51-100	38.9	64.6	51.0	59.3	37.6	40.2	49.8	25.9	47.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.4c. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF): Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, SMI/SED status, and functioning score (CGAS/GAF)		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Living arrangement										
Homeless		100.0	2.6	8.2	†	29.0	29.0	1.4	22.2	7.2
Foster home/foster care		100.0	7.2	12.9	5.0	19.1	21.8	†	13.0	20.1
Residential care		100.0	1.5	6.0	†	21.8	19.6	†	42.1	7.2
Institutional setting		100.0	2.0	4.4	†	18.0	16.9	3.0	47.9	7.2
Jail/correctional facility		100.0	9.7	10.2	†	22.6	17.3	7.1	15.9	16.3
Private residence		100.0	2.9	10.8	1.3	28.8	30.2	†	18.0	7.0
Other		100.0	4.6	15.4	2.1	22.9	27.5	1.2	17.8	8.6
	Total	100.0	3.2	10.3	1.2	27.7	28.5	1.3	20.1	7.6
SMI/SED status ²										
SMI		100.0	1.4	7.7	†	30.0	28.6	1.2	25.5	5.1
SED		100.0	4.9	9.8	6.6	19.7	23.3	†	2.2	33.3
Not SMI/SED		100.0	8.4	17.9	2.3	18.0	26.4	1.4	3.3	22.3
	Total	100.0	3.1	10.0	1.2	26.9	27.8	1.2	19.4	10.3
Functioning score (CGAS/GAF) ³										
0		100.0	2.7	6.5	†	24.3	22.8	†	23.5	18.9
1-50		100.0	1.4	7.1	†	28.9	26.5	†	26.4	8.1
51-100		100.0	4.3	11.6	1.5	27.1	27.7	1.3	14.4	12.2
	Total	100.0	2.6	8.9	†	28.1	26.8	1.0	21.6	10.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

³ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 6.5a. Individuals aged 18 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and employment status:
Number, 2014**

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹								
	<i>Number of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older	691,430	20,176	70,317	5,388	190,230	195,560	8,838	142,280	58,641
Employment status									
Employed	77,933	3,931	10,685	1,147	22,637	26,609	766	7,759	4,399
Full time	32,461	2,406	5,227	548	8,215	11,378	293	1,784	2,610
Part time	31,067	1,224	4,356	408	8,976	10,082	344	4,132	1,545
Unemployed	150,498	4,679	18,434	1,340	45,652	50,472	1,355	22,003	6,563
Not in labor force (see detail below)	211,673	3,431	19,881	1,444	59,319	59,356	1,903	58,691	7,648
Total	440,104	12,041	49,000	3,931	127,608	136,437	4,024	88,453	18,610
Detailed not in labor force									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older not in labor force	211,673	3,431	19,881	1,444	59,319	59,356	1,903	58,691	7,648
Disabled	97,772	894	6,863	268	27,778	25,364	537	34,230	1,838
Student	13,051	500	1,350	391	3,336	3,067	98	1,615	2,694
Homemaker	7,538	269	1,331	60	2,213	2,691	87	611	276
Retired	4,536	175	376	4	1,038	1,823	31	794	295
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	1,896	21	152	9	514	458	21	475	246
Other	86,880	1,572	9,809	712	24,440	25,953	1,129	20,966	2,299
Total	211,673	3,431	19,881	1,444	59,319	59,356	1,903	58,691	7,648

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 6.5b. Individuals aged 18 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and employment status:
Column percent distribution, 2014**

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Column percent distribution of individuals</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>Personality disorders</i>	<i>Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders</i>	<i>Other</i>
					<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	17.7	32.6	21.8	29.2	17.7	19.5	19.0	8.8	23.6
Full time	7.4	20.0	10.7	13.9	6.4	8.3	7.3	2.0	14.0
Part time	7.1	10.2	8.9	10.4	7.0	7.4	8.5	4.7	8.3
Unemployed	34.2	38.9	37.6	34.1	35.8	37.0	33.7	24.9	35.3
Not in labor force (see detail below)	48.1	28.5	40.6	36.7	46.5	43.5	47.3	66.4	41.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older not in labor force	48.1	28.5	40.6	36.7	46.5	43.5	47.3	66.4	41.1
Disabled	46.2	26.1	34.5	18.6	46.8	42.7	28.2	58.3	24.0
Student	6.2	14.6	6.8	27.1	5.6	5.2	5.1	2.8	35.2
Homemaker	3.6	7.8	6.7	4.2	3.7	4.5	4.6	1.0	3.6
Retired	2.1	5.1	1.9	†	1.7	3.1	1.6	1.4	3.9
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.1	†	3.2
Other	41.0	45.8	49.3	49.3	41.2	43.7	59.3	35.7	30.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 6.5c. Individuals aged 18 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis and employment status:
Row percent distribution, 2014**

Employment status		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older		100.0	2.9	10.2	†	27.5	28.3	1.3	20.6	8.5
Employment status										
Employed	100.0	5.0	13.7	1.5	29.0	34.1	†	10.0	5.6	
Full time	100.0	7.4	16.1	1.7	25.3	35.1	†	5.5	8.0	
Part time	100.0	3.9	14.0	1.3	28.9	32.5	1.1	13.3	5.0	
Unemployed	100.0	3.1	12.2	†	30.3	33.5	†	14.6	4.4	
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	1.6	9.4	†	28.0	28.0	†	27.7	3.6	
Total		100.0	2.7	11.1	†	29.0	31.0	†	20.1	4.2
Detailed not in labor force										
Total co-occurring individuals aged 18 and older not in labor force		100.0	1.6	9.4	†	28.0	28.0	†	27.7	3.6
Disabled	100.0	†	7.0	†	28.4	25.9	†	35.0	1.9	
Student	100.0	3.8	10.3	3.0	25.6	23.5	†	12.4	20.6	
Homemaker	100.0	3.6	17.7	†	29.4	35.7	1.2	8.1	3.7	
Retired	100.0	3.9	8.3	†	22.9	40.2	†	17.5	6.5	
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	1.1	8.0	†	27.1	24.2	1.1	25.1	13.0	
Other	100.0	1.8	11.3	†	28.1	29.9	1.3	24.1	2.6	
Total		100.0	1.6	9.4	†	28.0	28.0	†	27.7	3.6

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.6a. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Number, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
					Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older	741,923	23,514	75,221	8,973	199,383	206,813	8,951	143,253	75,815
Timing of admission									
New individuals	379,111	16,408	44,103	4,702	99,371	115,764	4,282	51,473	43,008
Continuing individuals	362,614	7,104	31,116	4,270	99,992	91,044	4,662	91,652	32,774
Total	741,725	23,512	75,219	8,972	199,363	206,808	8,944	143,125	75,782
Mental health service setting ^{2,3}									
State psychiatric hospital	35,583	771	1,085	122	8,850	6,037	948	15,675	2,095
Community-based program	711,014	22,650	73,478	8,827	192,074	202,468	8,185	134,966	68,366
Residential treatment center	10,654	185	711	169	2,448	1,801	154	3,585	1,601
Other psychiatric inpatient	41,281	562	2,284	225	12,172	10,576	494	12,179	2,789
Institutions under the justice system	34,084	2,524	2,998	147	8,156	4,047	2,166	5,824	8,222

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.6b. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Column percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Timing of admission										
New individuals		51.1	69.8	58.6	52.4	49.8	56.0	47.9	36.0	56.8
Continuing individuals		48.9	30.2	41.4	47.6	50.2	44.0	52.1	64.0	43.2
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting ³		Column percent of individuals ²								
State psychiatric hospital		4.8	3.3	1.4	1.4	4.4	2.9	10.6	10.9	2.8
Community-based program		95.8	96.3	97.7	98.4	96.3	97.9	91.4	94.2	90.2
Residential treatment center		1.4	†	†	1.9	1.2	†	1.7	2.5	2.1
Other psychiatric inpatient		5.6	2.4	3.0	2.5	6.1	5.1	5.5	8.5	3.7
Institutions under the justice system		4.6	10.7	4.0	1.6	4.1	2.0	24.2	4.1	10.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages for timing of admission may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 6.6c. Individuals aged 12 and older with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder, by mental health diagnosis, timing of admission, and mental health service setting: Row percent distribution, 2014

Timing of admission and mental health service setting		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of individuals								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Mood disorders		Personality disorders	Schizophrenia, other psychotic disorders	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders			
Total co-occurring individuals aged 12 and older		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Timing of admission										
New individuals		100.0	4.3	11.6	1.2	26.2	30.5	1.1	13.6	11.3
Continuing individuals		100.0	2.0	8.6	1.2	27.6	25.1	1.3	25.3	9.0
Total		100.0	3.2	10.1	1.2	26.9	27.9	1.2	19.3	10.2
Mental health service setting ^{2,3}										
State psychiatric hospital		100.0	2.2	3.0	†	24.9	17.0	2.7	44.1	5.9
Community-based program		100.0	3.2	10.3	1.2	27.0	28.5	1.2	19.0	9.6
Residential treatment center		100.0	1.7	6.7	1.6	23.0	16.9	1.4	33.6	15.0
Other psychiatric inpatient		100.0	1.4	5.5	†	29.5	25.6	1.2	29.5	6.8
Institutions under the justice system		100.0	7.4	8.8	†	23.9	11.9	6.4	17.1	24.1

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Individuals could receive services in more than one service setting during the reporting period.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.1. TEDS admissions, by mental health service setting, and month and year of admission: Number and percent distribution, 2014

Month and year of admission		Mental health service setting ¹										
		Number of admissions					Percent distribution of admissions					
		State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system	State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system	Total
Total												
Prior to July 2013	231,955	3,617	225,635	1,015	1,435	253	31.9	59.0	38.2	21.1	43.0	57.5
July 2013	16,052	703	14,667	174	492	16	6.2	3.8	6.5	7.2	2.7	4.0
August 2013	16,213	693	14,878	133	478	31	6.1	3.9	5.0	7.0	5.3	4.0
September 2013	15,689	671	14,437	122	430	29	5.9	3.8	4.6	6.3	4.9	3.9
October 2013	17,464	660	16,196	139	447	22	5.8	4.2	5.2	6.6	3.7	4.3
November 2013	14,938	579	13,805	131	399	24	5.1	3.6	4.9	5.9	4.1	3.7
December 2013	12,574	555	11,432	109	445	33	4.9	3.0	4.1	6.6	5.6	3.1
January 2014	14,510	642	13,231	133	459	45	5.7	3.5	5.0	6.8	7.6	3.6
February 2014	12,951	615	11,812	115	387	22	5.4	3.1	4.3	5.7	3.7	3.2
March 2014	13,946	617	12,664	157	457	51	5.4	3.3	5.9	6.7	8.7	3.5
April 2014	13,658	604	12,413	142	475	24	5.3	3.2	5.3	7.0	4.1	3.4
May 2014	12,304	692	10,951	152	487	22	6.1	2.9	5.7	7.2	3.7	3.0
June 2014	11,416	704	10,159	137	399	17	6.2	2.7	5.2	5.9	2.9	2.8
Total	403,670	11,352	382,280	2,659	6,790	589	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received 05.08.15 as part of 2014 reporting period.

Table 7.2a. TEDS admissions, by mental health diagnosis, and month and year of admission: Number, 2014

Month and year of admission	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Prior to July 2013	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
July 2013	15,536	687	1,521	598	158	3,483	4,941	188	3,960
August 2013	15,635	708	1,588	822	219	3,462	5,064	267	3,505
September 2013	15,136	861	1,504	917	278	3,159	4,705	313	3,399
October 2013	16,961	929	1,699	965	359	3,558	5,427	301	3,723
November 2013	14,596	751	1,338	789	350	2,827	4,557	449	3,535
December 2013	12,138	566	1,163	568	199	2,554	3,938	262	2,888
January 2014	14,034	730	1,406	641	196	3,026	4,637	244	3,154
February 2014	12,732	675	1,319	651	179	2,621	4,162	240	2,885
March 2014	13,476	701	1,447	712	194	2,757	4,302	216	3,147
April 2014	13,488	701	1,339	536	211	2,903	4,368	220	3,210
May 2014	12,019	689	1,258	496	160	2,547	3,697	208	2,964
June 2014	11,302	560	1,228	361	114	2,478	3,549	132	2,880
Total	357,758	15,055	33,384	24,730	6,159	69,985	110,746	7,778	89,921

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.2b. TEDS admissions, by mental health diagnosis, and month and year of admission: Column percent distribution, 2014

Month and year of admission	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Prior to July 2013	53.3	43.2	49.6	67.4	57.5	49.5	51.8	60.9	56.4
July 2013	4.3	4.6	4.6	2.4	2.6	5.0	4.5	2.4	4.4
August 2013	4.4	4.7	4.8	3.3	3.6	4.9	4.6	3.4	3.9
September 2013	4.2	5.7	4.5	3.7	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.8
October 2013	4.7	6.2	5.1	3.9	5.8	5.1	4.9	3.9	4.1
November 2013	4.1	5.0	4.0	3.2	5.7	4.0	4.1	5.8	3.9
December 2013	3.4	3.8	3.5	2.3	3.2	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.2
January 2014	3.9	4.8	4.2	2.6	3.2	4.3	4.2	3.1	3.5
February 2014	3.6	4.5	4.0	2.6	2.9	3.7	3.8	3.1	3.2
March 2014	3.8	4.7	4.3	2.9	3.1	3.9	3.9	2.8	3.5
April 2014	3.8	4.7	4.0	2.2	3.4	4.1	3.9	2.8	3.6
May 2014	3.4	4.6	3.8	2.0	2.6	3.6	3.3	2.7	3.3
June 2014	3.2	3.7	3.7	1.5	1.9	3.5	3.2	1.7	3.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.2c. TEDS admissions, by mental health diagnosis, and month and year of admission: Row percent distribution, 2014

Month and year of admission	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Prior to July 2013	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
July 2013	100.0	4.4	9.8	3.8	1.0	22.4	31.8	1.2	25.5
August 2013	100.0	4.5	10.2	5.3	1.4	22.1	32.4	1.7	22.4
September 2013	100.0	5.7	9.9	6.1	1.8	20.9	31.1	2.1	22.5
October 2013	100.0	5.5	10.0	5.7	2.1	21.0	32.0	1.8	22.0
November 2013	100.0	5.1	9.2	5.4	2.4	19.4	31.2	3.1	24.2
December 2013	100.0	4.7	9.6	4.7	1.6	21.0	32.4	2.2	23.8
January 2014	100.0	5.2	10.0	4.6	1.4	21.6	33.0	1.7	22.5
February 2014	100.0	5.3	10.4	5.1	1.4	20.6	32.7	1.9	22.7
March 2014	100.0	5.2	10.7	5.3	1.4	20.5	31.9	1.6	23.4
April 2014	100.0	5.2	9.9	4.0	1.6	21.5	32.4	1.6	23.8
May 2014	100.0	5.7	10.5	4.1	1.3	21.2	30.8	1.7	24.7
June 2014	100.0	5.0	10.9	3.2	1.0	21.9	31.4	1.2	25.5
Total	100.0	4.2	9.3	6.9	1.7	19.6	31.0	2.2	25.1

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.3a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Number, 2014

Gender and age	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
Gender									
Male	86,827	3,147	5,779	11,657	2,410	12,602	19,225	3,027	28,980
Female	102,679	3,345	10,752	4,891	1,118	21,735	37,782	1,699	21,357
Total	189,506	6,492	16,531	16,548	3,528	34,337	57,007	4,726	50,337
Age									
0 to 11 years	18,149	2,589	872	8,187	1,938	570	812	1,565	1,616
12 to 17 years	20,063	1,885	1,126	6,378	1,306	1,912	3,038	2,572	1,846
18 to 20 years	6,126	314	519	914	204	1,199	1,512	458	1,006
21 to 25 years	10,947	262	1,257	465	54	2,618	3,212	106	2,973
26 to 29 years	10,433	158	1,185	174	11	2,485	3,243	16	3,161
30 to 34 years	14,778	202	1,774	147	5	3,585	4,564	11	4,490
35 to 39 years	14,019	187	1,627	89	3	3,550	4,542	--	4,020
40 to 44 years	15,778	163	1,664	98	8	3,848	5,528	--	4,468
45 to 49 years	19,303	187	1,850	77	4	4,357	6,966	--	5,860
50 to 54 years	22,611	225	1,862	59	--	4,336	8,890	--	7,238
55 to 59 years	18,736	137	1,361	38	3	3,194	7,487	--	6,515
60 to 64 years	11,005	94	846	32	--	1,738	4,264	3	4,026
65 years and older	8,685	93	624	16	3	1,213	3,293	--	3,441
Total	190,633	6,496	16,567	16,674	3,542	34,605	57,351	4,738	50,660

† Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 7.3b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age:
Column percent distribution, 2014**

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
Gender and age		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions ²		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender										
	Male	45.8	48.5	35.0	70.4	68.3	36.7	33.7	64.0	57.6
	Female	54.2	51.5	65.0	29.6	31.7	63.3	66.3	36.0	42.4
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age										
	0 to 11 years	9.5	39.9	5.3	49.1	54.7	1.6	1.4	33.0	3.2
	12 to 17 years	10.5	29.0	6.8	38.3	36.9	5.5	5.3	54.3	3.6
	18 to 20 years	3.2	4.8	3.1	5.5	5.8	3.5	2.6	9.7	2.0
	21 to 25 years	5.7	4.0	7.6	2.8	1.5	7.6	5.6	2.2	5.9
	26 to 29 years	5.5	2.4	7.2	1.0	†	7.2	5.7	†	6.2
	30 to 34 years	7.8	3.1	10.7	†	†	10.4	8.0	†	8.9
	35 to 39 years	7.4	2.9	9.8	†	†	10.3	7.9	†	7.9
	40 to 44 years	8.3	2.5	10.0	†	†	11.1	9.6	†	8.8
	45 to 49 years	10.1	2.9	11.2	†	†	12.6	12.1	†	11.6
	50 to 54 years	11.9	3.5	11.2	†	†	12.5	15.5	†	14.3
	55 to 59 years	9.8	2.1	8.2	†	†	9.2	13.1	†	12.9
	60 to 64 years	5.8	1.4	5.1	†	†	5.0	7.4	†	7.9
	65 years and older	4.6	1.4	3.8	†	†	3.5	5.7	†	6.8
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 7.3c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age:
Row percent distribution, 2014**

		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of admissions							
Gender and age						Mood disorders			
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	ODD	Other
Total prior admissions ²	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Gender									
Male	100.0	3.6	6.7	13.4	2.8	14.5	22.1	3.5	33.4
Female	100.0	3.3	10.5	4.8	1.1	21.2	36.8	1.7	20.8
Total	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Age									
0 to 11 years	100.0	14.3	4.8	45.1	10.7	3.1	4.5	8.6	8.9
12 to 17 years	100.0	9.4	5.6	31.8	6.5	9.5	15.1	12.8	9.2
18 to 20 years	100.0	5.1	8.5	14.9	3.3	19.6	24.7	7.5	16.4
21 to 25 years	100.0	2.4	11.5	4.2	†	23.9	29.3	†	27.2
26 to 29 years	100.0	1.5	11.4	1.7	†	23.8	31.1	†	30.3
30 to 34 years	100.0	1.4	12.0	†	†	24.3	30.9	†	30.4
35 to 39 years	100.0	1.3	11.6	†	†	25.3	32.4	†	28.7
40 to 44 years	100.0	1.0	10.5	†	†	24.4	35.0	†	28.3
45 to 49 years	100.0	†	9.6	†	†	22.6	36.1	†	30.4
50 to 54 years	100.0	†	8.2	†	†	19.2	39.3	†	32.0
55 to 59 years	100.0	†	7.3	†	†	17.0	40.0	†	34.8
60 to 64 years	100.0	†	7.7	†	†	15.8	38.7	†	36.6
65 years and older	100.0	1.1	7.2	†	†	14.0	37.9	†	39.6
Total	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.2	30.1	2.5	26.6

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.4a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	4,347	280	483	193	86	878	1,186	91	1,150
Asian	751	20	78	25	--	138	170	3	315
Black or African American	71,382	2,051	3,483	9,233	2,030	8,914	20,384	2,985	22,302
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	175	9	12	5	4	46	36	--	63
White	100,457	3,763	11,090	6,213	1,267	22,274	31,744	1,497	22,609
Other	6,743	272	1,064	412	92	1,065	1,713	103	2,022
Total	183,855	6,395	16,210	16,081	3,481	33,315	55,233	4,679	48,461
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	159,394	5,622	14,257	14,770	3,255	29,017	46,483	4,424	41,566
Hispanic or Latino Origin	7,800	334	1,276	326	93	1,225	2,217	99	2,230
Total	167,194	5,956	15,533	15,096	3,348	30,242	48,700	4,523	43,796
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	347	33	36	73	13	49	77	14	52
Puerto Rican	3,161	63	682	47	12	446	856	7	1,048
Cuban	96	--	19	12	--	16	24	--	22
Other specific	1,385	48	259	30	--	207	387	--	450
Total	4,989	145	996	162	28	718	1,344	24	1,572

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.4b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.4	4.4	3.0	1.2	2.5	2.6	2.1	1.9	2.4
Asian	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Black or African American	38.8	32.1	21.5	57.4	58.3	26.8	36.9	63.8	46.0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	54.6	58.8	68.4	38.6	36.4	66.9	57.5	32.0	46.7
Other	3.7	4.3	6.6	2.6	2.6	3.2	3.1	2.2	4.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	95.3	94.4	91.8	97.8	97.2	95.9	95.4	97.8	94.9
Hispanic or Latino Origin	4.7	5.6	8.2	2.2	2.8	4.1	4.6	2.2	5.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	7.0	22.8	3.6	45.1	46.4	6.8	5.7	58.3	3.3
Puerto Rican	63.4	43.4	68.5	29.0	42.9	62.1	63.7	29.2	66.7
Cuban	1.9	†	1.9	7.4	3.6	2.2	1.8	4.2	1.4
Other specific	27.8	33.1	26.0	18.5	7.1	28.8	28.8	8.3	28.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.4c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	6.4	11.1	4.4	2.0	20.2	27.3	2.1	26.5
Asian	100.0	2.7	10.4	3.3	†	18.4	22.6	†	41.9
Black or African American	100.0	2.9	4.9	12.9	2.8	12.5	28.6	4.2	31.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	5.1	6.9	2.9	2.3	26.3	20.6	†	36.0
White	100.0	3.7	11.0	6.2	1.3	22.2	31.6	1.5	22.5
Other	100.0	4.0	15.8	6.1	1.4	15.8	25.4	1.5	30.0
Total	100.0	3.5	8.8	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.0	2.5	26.4
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	3.5	8.9	9.3	2.0	18.2	29.2	2.8	26.1
Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	4.3	16.4	4.2	1.2	15.7	28.4	1.3	28.6
Total	100.0	3.6	9.3	9.0	2.0	18.1	29.1	2.7	26.2
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	100.0	9.5	10.4	21.0	3.7	14.1	22.2	4.0	15.0
Puerto Rican	100.0	2.0	21.6	1.5	†	14.1	27.1	†	33.2
Cuban	100.0	1.0	19.8	12.5	1.0	16.7	25.0	1.0	22.9
Other specific	100.0	3.5	18.7	2.2	†	14.9	27.9	†	32.5
Total	100.0	2.9	20.0	3.2	†	14.4	26.9	†	31.5

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.5a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Number of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older ²		152,421	2,022	14,569	2,109	298	32,123	53,501	601	47,198
Highest school grade completed										
0 to 8	14,022	199	1,308	381	76	2,447	5,053	185	4,373	
9 to 11	25,534	323	2,359	447	114	4,905	8,477	233	8,676	
12 (or GED)	50,698	638	5,122	504	43	10,801	17,862	76	15,652	
More than 12	28,660	453	3,487	296	4	7,372	10,467	4	6,577	
Total	118,914	1,613	12,276	1,628	237	25,525	41,859	498	35,278	
Marital status										
Never married	68,467	1,043	6,283	1,604	276	12,623	19,722	570	26,346	
Currently married	22,644	342	2,811	165	4	5,390	9,402	--	4,528	
Separated	10,127	149	1,072	40	--	2,474	4,300	--	2,089	
Divorced	29,900	273	3,081	132	--	7,404	11,797	--	7,209	
Widowed	5,176	52	536	7	--	885	2,494	--	1,199	
Total	136,314	1,859	13,783	1,948	284	28,776	47,715	578	41,371	

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.5b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period age 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older ²		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed										
0 to 8	11.8	12.3	10.7	23.4	32.1	9.6	12.1	37.1	12.4	
9 to 11	21.5	20.0	19.2	27.5	48.1	19.2	20.3	46.8	24.6	
12 (or GED)	42.6	39.6	41.7	31.0	18.1	42.3	42.7	15.3	44.4	
More than 12	24.1	28.1	28.4	18.2	1.7	28.9	25.0	†	18.6	
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status										
Never married	50.2	56.1	45.6	82.3	97.2	43.9	41.3	98.6	63.7	
Currently married	16.6	18.4	20.4	8.5	1.4	18.7	19.7	†	10.9	
Separated	7.4	8.0	7.8	2.1	†	8.6	9.0	†	5.0	
Divorced	21.9	14.7	22.4	6.8	†	25.7	24.7	†	17.4	
Widowed	3.8	2.8	3.9	†	†	3.1	5.2	†	2.9	
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.5c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period age 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of admissions							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older ²	100.0	1.3	9.6	1.4	†	21.1	35.1	†	31.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	1.4	9.3	2.7	†	17.5	36.0	1.3	31.2
9 to 11	100.0	1.3	9.2	1.8	†	19.2	33.2	†	34.0
12 (or GED)	100.0	1.3	10.1	†	†	21.3	35.2	†	30.9
More than 12	100.0	1.6	12.2	1.0	†	25.7	36.5	†	22.9
Total	100.0	1.4	10.3	1.4	†	21.5	35.2	†	29.7
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	1.5	9.2	2.3	†	18.4	28.8	†	38.5
Currently married	100.0	1.5	12.4	†	†	23.8	41.5	†	20.0
Separated	100.0	1.5	10.6	†	†	24.4	42.5	†	20.6
Divorced	100.0	†	10.3	†	†	24.8	39.5	†	24.1
Widowed	100.0	1.0	10.4	†	†	17.1	48.2	†	23.2
Total	100.0	1.4	10.1	1.4	†	21.1	35.0	†	30.3

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.6a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Number, 2014

Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
Living arrangement									
Homeless	3,653	62	306	42	10	943	1,408	10	872
Foster home/foster care	180	29	21	43	--	17	24	14	30
Residential care	2,703	26	124	31	12	390	343	18	1,759
Institutional setting	1,296	15	67	17	--	110	291	10	784
Jail/correctional facility	763	8	50	6	3	143	150	8	395
Private residence	142,685	5,625	12,104	14,393	3,294	26,692	42,995	4,442	33,140
Other	119	--	10	--	--	25	10	--	70
Total	151,399	5,766	12,682	14,533	3,323	28,320	45,221	4,504	37,050
Health insurance									
Private insurance ³	1,921	12	101	67	7	526	857	10	341
Medicare	2,829	16	181	8	4	679	764	6	1,171
Medicaid	49,939	1,981	3,021	4,379	928	9,087	16,207	841	13,495
Other	8,872	25	261	59	6	2,094	3,267	4	3,156
None	1,358	21	69	31	3	265	452	5	512
Total	64,919	2,055	3,633	4,544	948	12,651	21,547	866	18,675
Veteran status									
Total admissions aged 18 and older	152,421	2,022	14,569	2,109	298	32,123	53,501	601	47,198
Veteran	3,028	47	325	22	--	548	835	4	1,245
Not a veteran	125,123	1,703	12,909	1,787	271	26,628	43,681	554	37,590
Total	128,151	1,750	13,234	1,809	273	27,176	44,516	558	38,835

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.6b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	2.4	1.1	2.4	†	†	3.3	3.1	†	2.4
Foster home/foster care	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Residential care	1.8	†	†	†	†	1.4	†	†	4.7
Institutional setting	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	2.1
Jail/correctional facility	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	1.1
Private residence	94.2	97.6	95.4	99.0	99.1	94.3	95.1	98.6	89.4
Other	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Health insurance									
Private insurance ³	3.0	†	2.8	1.5	†	4.2	4.0	1.2	1.8
Medicare	4.4	†	5.0	†	†	5.4	3.5	†	6.3
Medicaid	76.9	96.4	83.2	96.4	97.9	71.8	75.2	97.1	72.3
Other	13.7	1.2	7.2	1.3	†	16.6	15.2	†	16.9
None	2.1	1.0	1.9	†	†	2.1	2.1	†	2.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Veteran status									
Total admissions aged 18 and older	152,421	2,022	14,569	2,109	298	32,123	53,501	601	47,198
Veteran	2.4	2.7	2.5	1.2	†	2.0	1.9	†	3.2
Not a veteran	97.6	97.3	97.5	98.8	99.3	98.0	98.1	99.3	96.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.6c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status		Row percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions ²	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6	
Living arrangement										
Homeless	100.0	1.7	8.4	1.1	†	25.8	38.5	†	23.9	
Foster home/foster care	100.0	16.1	11.7	23.9	1.1	9.4	13.3	7.8	16.7	
Residential care	100.0	†	4.6	1.1	†	14.4	12.7	†	65.1	
Institutional setting	100.0	1.2	5.2	1.3	†	8.5	22.5	†	60.5	
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	1.0	6.6	†	†	18.7	19.7	1.0	51.8	
Private residence	100.0	3.9	8.5	10.1	2.3	18.7	30.1	3.1	23.2	
Other	100.0	†	8.4	†	†	21.0	8.4	1.7	58.8	
Total	100.0	3.8	8.4	9.6	2.2	18.7	29.9	3.0	24.5	
Health insurance										
Private insurance ³	100.0	†	5.3	3.5	†	27.4	44.6	†	17.8	
Medicare	100.0	†	6.4	†	†	24.0	27.0	†	41.4	
Medicaid	100.0	4.0	6.0	8.8	1.9	18.2	32.5	1.7	27.0	
Other	100.0	†	2.9	†	†	23.6	36.8	†	35.6	
None	100.0	1.5	5.1	2.3	†	19.5	33.3	†	37.7	
Total	100.0	3.2	5.6	7.0	1.5	19.5	33.2	1.3	28.8	
Veteran status										
Total admissions aged 18 and older	152,421	2,022	14,569	2,109	298	32,123	53,501	601	47,198	
Veteran	100.0	1.6	10.7	†	†	18.1	27.6	†	41.1	
Not a veteran	100.0	1.4	10.3	1.4	†	21.3	34.9	†	30.0	
Total	100.0	1.4	10.3	1.4	†	21.2	34.7	†	30.3	

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.7a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
Employment status									
Employed	15,758	405	2,211	254	12	3,934	6,525	15	2,402
Full time	8,792	242	1,351	150	4	2,161	3,707	5	1,172
Part time	6,966	163	860	104	8	1,773	2,818	10	1,230
Unemployed	28,476	362	3,089	167	11	7,501	11,284	12	6,050
Not in labor force (see detail below)	69,652	800	5,354	1,067	234	13,858	23,499	510	24,330
Total	113,886	1,567	10,654	1,488	257	25,293	41,308	537	32,782
Detailed not in labor force									
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older not in labor force	69,652	800	5,354	1,067	234	13,858	23,499	510	24,330
Disabled	37,399	230	2,569	109	18	7,174	11,519	19	15,761
Student	5,164	245	434	815	201	901	1,251	462	855
Homemaker	3,070	37	406	14	--	764	1,461	--	388
Retired	1,878	35	196	--	--	304	976	--	366
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	4,399	20	192	11	3	1,138	1,928	--	1,106
Other	17,612	229	1,545	117	12	3,545	6,337	28	5,799
Total	69,522	796	5,342	1,067	234	13,826	23,472	510	24,275

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.7b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	13.8	25.8	20.8	17.1	4.7	15.6	15.8	2.8	7.3
Full time	7.7	15.4	12.7	10.1	1.6	8.5	9.0	†	3.6
Part time	6.1	10.4	8.1	7.0	3.1	7.0	6.8	1.9	3.8
Unemployed	25.0	23.1	29.0	11.2	4.3	29.7	27.3	2.2	18.5
Not in labor force (see detail below)	61.2	51.1	50.3	71.7	91.1	54.8	56.9	95.0	74.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older not in labor force	61.2	51.1	50.3	71.7	91.1	54.8	56.9	95.0	74.2
Disabled	53.8	28.9	48.1	10.2	7.7	51.9	49.1	3.7	64.9
Student	7.4	30.8	8.1	76.4	85.9	6.5	5.3	90.6	3.5
Homemaker	4.4	4.6	7.6	1.3	†	5.5	6.2	†	1.6
Retired	2.7	4.4	3.7	†	†	2.2	4.2	†	1.5
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	6.3	2.5	3.6	1.0	1.3	8.2	8.2	†	4.6
Other	25.3	28.8	28.9	11.0	5.1	25.6	27.0	5.5	23.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.7c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of admissions							
Employment status	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older ²	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	2.6	14.0	1.6	†	25.0	41.4	†	15.2
Full time	100.0	2.8	15.4	1.7	†	24.6	42.2	†	13.3
Part time	100.0	2.3	12.3	1.5	†	25.5	40.5	†	17.7
Unemployed	100.0	1.3	10.8	†	†	26.3	39.6	†	21.2
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	1.1	7.7	1.5	†	19.9	33.7	†	34.9
Total	100.0	1.4	9.4	1.3	†	22.2	36.3	†	28.8
Detailed not in labor force									
Total prior admissions aged 18 and older not in labor force	100.0	1.1	7.7	1.5	†	19.9	33.7	†	34.9
Disabled	100.0	†	6.9	†	†	19.2	30.8	†	42.1
Student	7.4	4.7	8.4	15.8	3.9	17.4	24.2	8.9	16.6
Homemaker	4.4	1.2	13.2	†	†	24.9	47.6	†	12.6
Retired	2.7	1.9	10.4	†	†	16.2	52.0	†	19.5
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	6.3	†	4.4	†	†	25.9	43.8	†	25.1
Other	25.3	1.3	8.8	†	†	20.1	36.0	†	32.9
Total	100.0	1.1	7.7	1.5	†	19.9	33.8	†	34.9

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.8a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED status, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Number, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Number of admissions							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total prior admissions ²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
SMI/SED status ³									
SMI	108,626	774	8,185	585	64	24,814	40,828	99	33,277
SED	29,866	2,770	1,316	12,568	2,661	2,031	3,189	3,670	1,661
Not SMI/SED	10,422	1,229	2,232	1,210	245	1,006	1,899	480	2,121
Total	148,914	4,773	11,733	14,363	2,970	27,851	45,916	4,249	37,059
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴									
0	3,064	46	473	68	- -	369	539	9	1,558
1-50	55,420	1,153	5,618	1,664	478	11,618	16,665	621	17,603
51-100	40,287	1,773	4,387	2,271	580	8,483	13,077	363	9,353
Total	98,771	2,972	10,478	4,003	1,060	20,470	30,281	993	28,514
Co-occurring substance use problem									
Total prior admissions aged 12 and older	172,484	3,907	15,695	8,487	1,604	34,035	56,539	3,173	49,044
Yes	30,816	561	4,274	428	36	6,823	8,657	42	9,995
No	73,363	1,182	6,197	2,017	450	16,007	25,796	586	21,128
Total	104,179	1,743	10,471	2,445	486	22,830	34,453	628	31,123

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.8b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED status, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Column percent distribution, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI/SED status ³										
SMI	72.9	16.2	69.8	4.1	2.2	89.1	88.9	2.3	89.8	
SED	20.1	58.0	11.2	87.5	89.6	7.3	6.9	86.4	4.5	
Not SMI/SED	7.0	25.7	19.0	8.4	8.2	3.6	4.1	11.3	5.7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴										
0	3.1	1.5	4.5	1.7	†	1.8	1.8	†	5.5	
1-50	56.1	38.8	53.6	41.6	45.1	56.8	55.0	62.5	61.7	
51-100	40.8	59.7	41.9	56.7	54.7	41.4	43.2	36.6	32.8	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Co-occurring substance use problem										
Total prior admissions aged 12 and older										
Yes	29.6	32.2	40.8	17.5	7.4	29.9	25.1	6.7	32.1	
No	70.4	67.8	59.2	82.5	92.6	70.1	74.9	93.3	67.9	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.8c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED status, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Row percent distribution, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions ²		100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
SMI/SED status ³										
SMI		100.0	†	7.5	†	†	22.8	37.6	†	30.6
SED		100.0	9.3	4.4	42.1	8.9	6.8	10.7	12.3	5.6
Not SMI/SED		100.0	11.8	21.4	11.6	2.4	9.7	18.2	4.6	20.4
	Total	100.0	3.2	7.9	9.6	2.0	18.7	30.8	2.9	24.9
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴										
0		100.0	1.5	15.4	2.2	†	12.0	17.6	†	50.8
1-50		100.0	2.1	10.1	3.0	†	21.0	30.1	1.1	31.8
51-100		100.0	4.4	10.9	5.6	1.4	21.1	32.5	†	23.2
	Total	100.0	3.0	10.6	4.1	1.1	20.7	30.7	1.0	28.9
Co-occurring substance use problem										
Total prior admissions aged 12 and older										
Yes		100.0	1.8	13.9	1.4	†	22.1	28.1	†	32.4
No		100.0	1.6	8.4	2.7	†	21.8	35.2	†	28.8
	Total	100.0	1.7	10.1	2.3	†	21.9	33.1	†	29.9

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 7.9a. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source:
Number, 2014**

<i>Mental health service setting and referral source</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis</i> ¹								
	<i>Number of admissions</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Conduct disorder</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>ODD</i>	<i>Other</i>
						<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>		
Total prior admissions ²	190,705	6,497	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,610	57,399	4,738	50,671
Mental health service setting ³									
State psychiatric hospital	1,632	9	32	18	--	163	179	6	1,224
Community-based program	187,992	6,482	16,464	16,637	3,534	34,251	57,042	4,724	48,858
Residential treatment center	592	--	49	18	6	78	63	6	372
Other psychiatric inpatient	249	--	3	--	--	73	45	--	124
Institutions under the justice system	232	5	26	--	--	44	68	--	89
Total	190,697	6,496	16,574	16,674	3,542	34,609	57,397	4,738	50,667
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	85,322	3,261	8,937	8,588	1,742	15,741	26,163	2,313	18,577
Health care provider	33,051	707	2,946	1,662	279	6,398	9,937	433	10,689
School	8,666	832	437	3,093	844	574	645	1,164	1,077
Other community referral	16,652	523	1,185	599	120	3,581	6,518	113	4,013
Court/criminal justice	6,473	238	517	223	232	1,168	1,312	262	2,521
Other	176	13	31	11	3	25	59	--	33
Total	150,340	5,574	14,053	14,176	3,220	27,487	44,634	4,286	36,910

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 7.9b. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source:
Column percent distribution, 2014**

Mental health service setting and referral source	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total prior admissions ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting ³									
State psychiatric hospital	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	2.4
Community-based program	98.6	99.8	99.3	99.8	99.8	99.0	99.4	99.7	96.4
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Other psychiatric inpatient	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Institutions under the justice system	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	56.8	58.5	63.6	60.6	54.1	57.3	58.6	54.0	50.3
Health care provider	22.0	12.7	21.0	11.7	8.7	23.3	22.3	10.1	29.0
School	5.8	14.9	3.1	21.8	26.2	2.1	1.4	27.2	2.9
Other community referral	11.1	9.4	8.4	4.2	3.7	13.0	14.6	2.6	10.9
Court/criminal justice	4.3	4.3	3.7	1.6	7.2	4.2	2.9	6.1	6.8
Other	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

**Table 7.9c. TEDS admissions prior to the start of the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source:
Row percent distribution, 2014**

<i>Mental health service setting and referral source</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Row percent distribution of admissions</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Conduct disorder</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>ODD</i>	<i>Other</i>
						<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>		
Total prior admissions²	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Mental health service setting³									
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	†	2.0	1.1	†	10.0	11.0	†	75.0
Community-based program	100.0	3.4	8.8	8.8	1.9	18.2	30.3	2.5	26.0
Residential treatment center	100.0	†	8.3	3.0	1.0	13.2	10.6	1.0	62.8
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	†	1.2	†	†	29.3	18.1	†	49.8
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	2.2	11.2	†	†	19.0	29.3	†	38.4
Total	100.0	3.4	8.7	8.7	1.9	18.1	30.1	2.5	26.6
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	100.0	3.8	10.5	10.1	2.0	18.4	30.7	2.7	21.8
Health care provider	100.0	2.1	8.9	5.0	†	19.4	30.1	1.3	32.3
School	100.0	9.6	5.0	35.7	9.7	6.6	7.4	13.4	12.4
Other community referral	100.0	3.1	7.1	3.6	†	21.5	39.1	†	24.1
Court/criminal justice	100.0	3.7	8.0	3.4	3.6	18.0	20.3	4.0	38.9
Other	100.0	7.4	17.6	6.3	1.7	14.2	33.5	†	18.8
Total	100.0	3.7	9.3	9.4	2.1	18.3	29.7	2.9	24.6

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Prior admissions are defined as those episodes of treatment with (1) an admission date prior to the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013) and (2) a discharge date after the start of the reporting period (July 1, 2013).

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.10a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Number, 2014

Gender and age		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Number of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		167,053	8,558	16,810	8,056	2,617	35,375	53,347	3,040	39,250
Gender										
Male		80,962	4,072	6,516	5,623	1,808	15,598	21,432	1,973	23,940
Female		85,762	4,485	10,278	2,412	803	19,688	31,801	1,057	15,238
	Total	166,724	8,557	16,794	8,035	2,611	35,286	53,233	3,030	39,178
Age										
0 to 11 years		14,622	3,294	1,115	4,731	1,573	513	1,011	1,318	1,067
12 to 17 years		15,668	1,986	1,483	2,144	938	2,093	4,180	1,577	1,267
18 to 20 years		8,768	385	1,094	325	56	2,174	2,761	96	1,877
21 to 25 years		17,660	465	2,097	288	21	4,462	5,443	26	4,858
26 to 29 years		14,472	384	1,761	161	12	3,737	4,521	14	3,882
30 to 34 years		18,002	429	2,180	164	6	4,706	5,762	4	4,751
35 to 39 years		14,352	347	1,547	68	--	3,766	4,892	--	3,731
40 to 44 years		14,066	284	1,447	78	5	3,717	4,978	--	3,556
45 to 49 years		15,108	253	1,397	42	--	3,647	5,817	--	3,949
50 to 54 years		14,341	240	1,242	24	--	3,059	5,879	--	3,893
55 to 59 years		10,617	226	780	16	--	2,017	4,465	--	3,112
60 to 64 years		5,476	134	400	10	--	937	2,163	--	1,831
65 years and older		3,848	127	262	5	--	535	1,453	--	1,466
	Total	167,000	8,554	16,805	8,056	2,617	35,363	53,325	3,040	39,240

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.10b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Column percent distribution, 2014

Gender and age		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender										
Male		48.6	47.6	38.8	70.0	69.2	44.2	40.3	65.1	61.1
Female		51.4	52.4	61.2	30.0	30.8	55.8	59.7	34.9	38.9
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age										
0 to 11 years		8.8	38.5	6.6	58.7	60.1	1.5	1.9	43.4	2.7
12 to 17 years		9.4	23.2	8.8	26.6	35.8	5.9	7.8	51.9	3.2
18 to 20 years		5.3	4.5	6.5	4.0	2.1	6.1	5.2	3.2	4.8
21 to 25 years		10.6	5.4	12.5	3.6	†	12.6	10.2	†	12.4
26 to 29 years		8.7	4.5	10.5	2.0	†	10.6	8.5	†	9.9
30 to 34 years		10.8	5.0	13.0	2.0	†	13.3	10.8	†	12.1
35 to 39 years		8.6	4.1	9.2	†	†	10.6	9.2	†	9.5
40 to 44 years		8.4	3.3	8.6	†	†	10.5	9.3	†	9.1
45 to 49 years		9.0	3.0	8.3	†	†	10.3	10.9	†	10.1
50 to 54 years		8.6	2.8	7.4	†	†	8.7	11.0	†	9.9
55 to 59 years		6.4	2.6	4.6	†	†	5.7	8.4	†	7.9
60 to 64 years		3.3	1.6	2.4	†	†	2.6	4.1	†	4.7
65 years and older		2.3	1.5	1.6	†	†	1.5	2.7	†	3.7
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.10c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, gender, and age: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of admissions								
Gender and age		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
							Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period ²		100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Gender										
	Male	100.0	5.0	8.0	6.9	2.2	19.3	26.5	2.4	29.6
	Female	100.0	5.2	12.0	2.8	†	23.0	37.1	1.2	17.8
	Total	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Age										
	0 to 11 years	100.0	22.5	7.6	32.4	10.8	3.5	6.9	9.0	7.3
	12 to 17 years	100.0	12.7	9.5	13.7	6.0	13.4	26.7	10.1	8.1
	18 to 20 years	100.0	4.4	12.5	3.7	†	24.8	31.5	1.1	21.4
	21 to 25 years	100.0	2.6	11.9	1.6	†	25.3	30.8	†	27.5
	26 to 29 years	100.0	2.7	12.2	1.1	†	25.8	31.2	†	26.8
	30 to 34 years	100.0	2.4	12.1	†	†	26.1	32.0	†	26.4
	35 to 39 years	100.0	2.4	10.8	†	†	26.2	34.1	†	26.0
	40 to 44 years	100.0	2.0	10.3	†	†	26.4	35.4	†	25.3
	45 to 49 years	100.0	1.7	9.2	†	†	24.1	38.5	†	26.1
	50 to 54 years	100.0	1.7	8.7	†	†	21.3	41.0	†	27.1
	55 to 59 years	100.0	2.1	7.3	†	†	19.0	42.1	†	29.3
	60 to 64 years	100.0	2.4	7.3	†	†	17.1	39.5	†	33.4
	65 years and older	100.0	3.3	6.8	†	†	13.9	37.8	†	38.1
	Total	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.11a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Number, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	167,053	8,558	16,810	8,056	2,617	35,375	53,347	3,040	39,250
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	5,866	428	621	162	81	1,379	1,916	81	1,198
Asian	847	52	67	11	6	143	249	8	311
Black or African American	47,005	1,902	3,038	3,670	1,320	7,248	13,928	1,711	14,188
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	350	18	43	6	--	85	103	5	90
White	99,831	5,314	11,495	3,512	1,027	24,076	32,722	1,029	20,656
Other	9,358	615	1,215	321	109	1,752	3,100	113	2,133
Total	163,257	8,329	16,479	7,682	2,543	34,683	52,018	2,947	38,576
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	141,758	7,238	14,440	6,889	2,338	30,773	43,337	2,777	33,966
Hispanic or Latino Origin	12,686	794	1,527	259	96	2,562	4,439	100	2,909
Total	154,444	8,032	15,967	7,148	2,434	33,335	47,776	2,877	36,875
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	330	33	62	26	13	31	111	17	37
Puerto Rican	5,365	204	679	42	4	1,062	2,060	--	1,314
Cuban	81	3	10	--	--	15	27	--	25
Other specific	2,856	114	343	28	--	649	1,045	--	675
Total	8,632	354	1,094	96	17	1,757	3,243	20	2,051

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.11b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Column percent distribution, 2014

Race and ethnicity	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Race									
American Indian or Alaska Native	3.6	5.1	3.8	2.1	3.2	4.0	3.7	2.7	3.1
Asian	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Black or African American	28.8	22.8	18.4	47.8	51.9	20.9	26.8	58.1	36.8
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
White	61.1	63.8	69.8	45.7	40.4	69.4	62.9	34.9	53.5
Other	5.7	7.4	7.4	4.2	4.3	5.1	6.0	3.8	5.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity									
Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	91.8	90.1	90.4	96.4	96.1	92.3	90.7	96.5	92.1
Hispanic or Latino Origin	8.2	9.9	9.6	3.6	3.9	7.7	9.3	3.5	7.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin									
Mexican	3.8	9.3	5.7	27.1	76.5	1.8	3.4	85.0	1.8
Puerto Rican	62.2	57.6	62.1	43.8	23.5	60.4	63.5	†	64.1
Cuban	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	5.0	1.2
Other specific	33.1	32.2	31.4	29.2	†	36.9	32.2	10.0	32.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.11c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, race, and ethnicity: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of admissions								
Race and ethnicity						Mood disorders				
		Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders	ODD	Other	
	Total									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Race										
	American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	7.3	10.6	2.8	1.4	23.5	32.7	1.4	20.4
	Asian	100.0	6.1	7.9	1.3	†	16.9	29.4	†	36.7
	Black or African American	100.0	4.0	6.5	7.8	2.8	15.4	29.6	3.6	30.2
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	5.1	12.3	1.7	†	24.3	29.4	1.4	25.7
	White	100.0	5.3	11.5	3.5	1.0	24.1	32.8	1.0	20.7
	Other	100.0	6.6	13.0	3.4	1.2	18.7	33.1	1.2	22.8
	Total	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.7	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.6
Ethnicity										
	Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	5.1	10.2	4.9	1.6	21.7	30.6	2.0	24.0
	Hispanic or Latino Origin	100.0	6.3	12.0	2.0	†	20.2	35.0	†	22.9
	Total	100.0	5.2	10.3	4.6	1.6	21.6	30.9	1.9	23.9
Specific Hispanic or Latino Origin										
	Mexican	100.0	10.0	18.8	7.9	3.9	9.4	33.6	5.2	11.2
	Puerto Rican	100.0	3.8	12.7	†	†	19.8	38.4	†	24.5
	Cuban	100.0	3.7	12.3	†	†	18.5	33.3	1.2	30.9
	Other specific	100.0	4.0	12.0	†	†	22.7	36.6	†	23.6
	Total	100.0	4.1	12.7	1.1	†	20.4	37.6	†	23.8

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.12a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Number, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Number of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older ²		136,710	3,274	14,207	1,181	106	32,757	48,134	145	36,906
Highest school grade completed										
0 to 8	9,363	167	918	87	6	1,974	3,357	8	2,846	
9 to 11	20,569	404	2,080	148	25	4,995	7,124	41	5,752	
12 (or GED)	42,657	955	4,798	381	23	10,632	14,815	40	11,013	
More than 12	24,455	763	3,180	292	5	6,092	9,124	- -	4,998	
	Total	97,044	2,289	10,976	908	59	23,693	34,420	90	24,609
Marital status										
Never married	64,795	1,377	6,589	798	67	14,775	19,835	103	21,251	
Currently married	17,748	612	2,246	124	4	4,441	7,323	- -	2,998	
Separated	7,935	195	874	17	3	2,045	3,442	- -	1,357	
Divorced	23,034	416	2,496	108	- -	6,077	9,242	- -	4,693	
Widowed	3,513	85	348	10	- -	672	1,613	- -	784	
	Total	117,025	2,685	12,553	1,057	76	28,010	41,455	106	31,083

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.12b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older ²		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest school grade completed										
0 to 8	9.6	7.3	8.4	9.6	10.2	8.3	9.8	8.9	11.6	
9 to 11	21.2	17.6	19.0	16.3	42.4	21.1	20.7	45.6	23.4	
12 (or GED)	44.0	41.7	43.7	42.0	39.0	44.9	43.0	44.4	44.8	
More than 12	25.2	33.3	29.0	32.2	8.5	25.7	26.5	1.1	20.3	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Marital status										
Never married	55.4	51.3	52.5	75.5	88.2	52.7	47.8	97.2	68.4	
Currently married	15.2	22.8	17.9	11.7	5.3	15.9	17.7	†	9.6	
Separated	6.8	7.3	7.0	1.6	3.9	7.3	8.3	1.9	4.4	
Divorced	19.7	15.5	19.9	10.2	2.6	21.7	22.3	†	15.1	
Widowed	3.0	3.2	2.8	†	†	2.4	3.9	†	2.5	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.12c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis, education, and marital status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Education and marital status		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of admissions							
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders								
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older ²	100.0	2.4	10.4	†	†	24.0	35.2	†	27.0
Highest school grade completed									
0 to 8	100.0	1.8	9.8	†	†	21.1	35.9	†	30.4
9 to 11	100.0	2.0	10.1	†	†	24.3	34.6	†	28.0
12 (or GED)	100.0	2.2	11.2	†	†	24.9	34.7	†	25.8
More than 12	100.0	3.1	13.0	1.2	†	24.9	37.3	†	20.4
Total	100.0	2.4	11.3	†	†	24.4	35.5	†	25.4
Marital status									
Never married	100.0	2.1	10.2	1.2	†	22.8	30.6	†	32.8
Currently married	100.0	3.4	12.7	†	†	25.0	41.3	†	16.9
Separated	100.0	2.5	11.0	†	†	25.8	43.4	†	17.1
Divorced	100.0	1.8	10.8	†	†	26.4	40.1	†	20.4
Widowed	100.0	2.4	9.9	†	†	19.1	45.9	†	22.3
Total	100.0	2.3	10.7	†	†	23.9	35.4	†	26.6

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; GED = General Educational Development; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.13a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Number, 2014

Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	167,053	8,558	16,810	8,056	2,617	35,375	53,347	3,040	39,250
Living arrangement									
Homeless	7,006	203	602	32	6	2,046	2,175	6	1,936
Foster home/foster care	122	26	8	33	6	9	22	11	7
Residential care	3,787	38	224	33	7	737	710	6	2,032
Institutional setting	2,932	9	37	60	9	400	400	5	2,012
Jail/correctional facility	1,459	24	87	7	--	316	208	6	810
Private residence	110,864	6,591	12,419	6,833	2,306	23,117	35,985	2,744	20,869
Other	362	--	30	--	--	56	53	--	219
Total	126,532	6,892	13,407	7,000	2,335	26,681	39,553	2,779	27,885
Health insurance									
Private insurance ³	2,486	102	197	62	6	605	1,190	11	313
Medicare	1,801	17	125	13	4	513	491	4	634
Medicaid	37,007	2,924	3,343	2,957	994	6,970	12,895	856	6,068
Other	3,588	48	184	40	3	1,015	1,479	5	814
None	1,225	25	108	43	9	191	423	8	418
Total	46,107	3,116	3,957	3,115	1,016	9,294	16,478	884	8,247
Veteran status									
Total admissions aged 18 and older	136,710	3,274	14,207	1,181	106	32,757	48,134	145	36,906
Veteran	3,455	125	418	14	3	712	982	--	1,201
Not a veteran	105,258	2,537	11,388	969	65	25,639	36,795	102	27,763
Total	108,713	2,662	11,806	983	68	26,351	37,777	102	28,964

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.13b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admission								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living arrangement									
Homeless	5.5	2.9	4.5	†	†	7.7	5.5	†	6.9
Foster home/foster care	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Residential care	3.0	†	1.7	†	†	2.8	1.8	†	7.3
Institutional setting	2.3	†	†	†	†	1.5	1.0	†	7.2
Jail/correctional facility	1.2	†	†	†	†	1.2	†	†	2.9
Private residence	87.6	95.6	92.6	97.6	98.8	86.6	91.0	98.7	74.8
Other	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Health insurance									
Private insurance ³	5.4	3.3	5.0	2.0	†	6.5	7.2	1.2	3.8
Medicare	3.9	†	3.2	†	†	5.5	3.0	†	7.7
Medicaid	80.3	93.8	84.5	94.9	97.8	75.0	78.3	96.8	73.6
Other	7.8	1.5	4.6	1.3	†	10.9	9.0	†	9.9
None	2.7	†	2.7	1.4	†	2.1	2.6	†	5.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Veteran status									
Total admissions aged 18 and older	136,710	3,274	14,207	1,181	106	32,757	48,134	145	36,906
Veteran	3.2	4.7	3.5	1.4	4.4	2.7	2.6	†	4.1
Not a veteran	96.8	95.3	96.5	98.6	95.6	97.3	97.4	100.0	95.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.13c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status: Row percent distribution, 2014

Living arrangement, health insurance, and veteran status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Row percent distribution of admission								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period ²	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Living arrangement									
Homeless	100.0	2.9	8.6	†	†	29.2	31.0	†	27.6
Foster home/foster care	100.0	21.3	6.6	27.0	4.9	7.4	18.0	9.0	5.7
Residential care	100.0	1.0	5.9	†	†	19.5	18.7	†	53.7
Institutional setting	100.0	†	1.3	2.0	†	13.6	13.6	†	68.6
Jail/correctional facility	100.0	1.6	6.0	†	†	21.7	14.3	†	55.5
Private residence	100.0	5.9	11.2	6.2	2.1	20.9	32.5	2.5	18.8
Other	100.0	†	8.3	†	†	15.5	14.6	†	60.5
Total	100.0	5.4	10.6	5.5	1.8	21.1	31.3	2.2	22.0
Health insurance									
Private insurance ³	100.0	4.1	7.9	2.5	†	24.3	47.9	†	12.6
Medicare	100.0	†	6.9	†	†	28.5	27.3	†	35.2
Medicaid	100.0	7.9	9.0	8.0	2.7	18.8	34.8	2.3	16.4
Other	100.0	1.3	5.1	1.1	†	28.3	41.2	†	22.7
None	100.0	2.0	8.8	3.5	†	15.6	34.5	†	34.1
Total	100.0	6.8	8.6	6.8	2.2	20.2	35.7	1.9	17.9
Veteran status									
Total admissions aged 18 and older	136,710	3,274	14,207	1,181	106	32,757	48,134	145	36,906
Veteran	100.0	3.6	12.1	†	†	20.6	28.4	†	34.8
Not a veteran	100.0	2.4	10.8	†	†	24.4	35.0	†	26.4
Total	100.0	2.4	10.9	†	†	24.2	34.7	†	26.6

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Private insurance includes the following subcategories: private insurance, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and health maintenance organization.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.14a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Number, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older²	136,710	3,274	14,207	1,181	106	32,757	48,134	145	36,906
Employment status									
Employed	17,666	725	2,703	289	7	4,086	7,113	8	2,735
Full time	10,170	469	1,574	167	4	2,234	4,197	4	1,521
Part time	7,496	256	1,129	122	3	1,852	2,916	4	1,214
Unemployed	30,969	640	3,471	208	11	8,722	11,284	11	6,622
Not in labor force (see detail below)	50,469	901	4,828	415	46	11,220	16,337	79	16,643
Total	99,104	2,266	11,002	912	64	24,028	34,734	98	26,000
Detailed not in labor force									
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older not in labor force	50,469	901	4,828	415	46	11,220	16,337	79	16,643
Disabled	25,390	258	2,036	90	9	5,568	6,911	9	10,509
Student	2,224	116	349	123	20	444	792	52	328
Homemaker	2,067	66	390	16	--	474	950	--	171
Retired	1,347	75	139	--	--	205	635	--	292
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	4,821	92	293	33	--	1,501	2,120	--	780
Other	14,378	285	1,579	148	15	2,980	4,868	18	4,485
Total	50,227	892	4,786	411	46	11,172	16,276	79	16,565

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.14b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Column percent distribution, 2014

Employment status	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of individuals								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period age 18 and older²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employment status									
Employed	17.8	32.0	24.6	31.7	10.9	17.0	20.5	8.2	10.5
Full time	10.3	20.7	14.3	18.3	6.3	9.3	12.1	4.1	5.9
Part time	7.6	11.3	10.3	13.4	4.7	7.7	8.4	4.1	4.7
Unemployed	31.2	28.2	31.5	22.8	17.2	36.3	32.5	11.2	25.5
Not in labor force (see detail below)	50.9	39.8	43.9	45.5	71.9	46.7	47.0	80.6	64.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Detailed not in labor force									
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older not in labor force	50.9	39.8	43.9	45.5	71.9	46.7	47.0	80.6	64.0
Disabled	50.6	28.9	42.5	21.9	19.6	49.8	42.5	11.4	63.4
Student	4.4	13.0	7.3	29.9	43.5	4.0	4.9	65.8	2.0
Homemaker	4.1	7.4	8.1	3.9	†	4.2	5.8	†	1.0
Retired	2.7	8.4	2.9	†	†	1.8	3.9	†	1.8
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	9.6	10.3	6.1	8.0	4.3	13.4	13.0	†	4.7
Other	28.6	32.0	33.0	36.0	32.6	26.7	29.9	22.8	27.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.14c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period aged 18 and older, by mental health diagnosis and employment status: Row percent distribution, 2014

		Mental health diagnosis ¹							
		Row percent distribution of individuals							
Employment status	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period age 18 and older ²	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Employment status									
Employed	100.0	4.1	15.3	1.6	†	23.1	40.3	†	15.5
Full time	100.0	4.6	15.5	1.6	†	22.0	41.3	†	15.0
Part time	100.0	3.4	15.1	1.6	†	24.7	38.9	†	16.2
Unemployed	100.0	2.1	11.2	†	†	28.2	36.4	†	21.4
Not in labor force (see detail below)	100.0	1.8	9.6	†	†	22.2	32.4	†	33.0
Total	100.0	2.3	11.1	†	†	24.2	35.0	†	26.2
Detailed not in labor force									
Total admissions during reporting period aged 18 and older not in labor force	100.0	1.8	9.6	†	†	22.2	32.4	†	33.0
Disabled	100.0	1.0	8.0	†	†	21.9	27.2	†	41.4
Student	100.0	5.2	15.7	5.5	†	20.0	35.6	2.3	14.7
Homemaker	100.0	3.2	18.9	†	†	22.9	46.0	†	8.3
Retired	100.0	5.6	10.3	†	†	15.2	47.1	†	21.7
Sheltered/non-competitive employment	100.0	1.9	6.1	†	†	31.1	44.0	†	16.2
Other	100.0	2.0	11.0	1.0	†	20.7	33.9	†	31.2
Total	100.0	1.8	9.5	†	†	22.2	32.4	†	33.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.15a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED status, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Number, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Number of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		167,053	8,558	16,810	8,056	2,617	35,375	53,347	3,040	39,250
SMI/SED status ³										
SMI		95,136	829	6,739	468	37	24,450	35,644	53	26,916
SED		19,393	2,659	1,545	4,992	1,894	1,767	3,249	2,218	1,069
Not SMI/SED		13,524	1,893	4,767	770	82	941	2,086	114	2,871
Total		128,053	5,381	13,051	6,230	2,013	27,158	40,979	2,385	30,856
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴										
0		6,698	112	526	45	- -	1,586	2,162	4	2,262
1-50		67,709	1,969	6,091	1,387	506	16,802	21,588	558	18,808
51-100		34,834	3,019	5,146	1,522	519	7,601	12,238	342	4,447
Total		109,241	5,100	11,763	2,954	1,026	25,989	35,988	904	25,517
Co-occurring substance use problem										
Total admissions during reporting period aged 12 and older		152,378	5,260	15,690	3,325	1,044	34,850	52,314	1,722	38,173
Yes		46,239	1,284	5,166	475	37	12,526	14,214	32	12,505
No		76,147	2,599	7,457	1,400	480	17,923	27,825	612	17,851
Total		122,386	3,883	12,623	1,875	517	30,449	42,039	644	30,356

- - Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.15b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED status, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Column percent distribution, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Column percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SMI/SED status ³										
SMI		74.3	15.4	51.6	7.5	1.8	90.0	87.0	2.2	87.2
SED		15.1	49.4	11.8	80.1	94.1	6.5	7.9	93.0	3.5
Not SMI/SED		10.6	35.2	36.5	12.4	4.1	3.5	5.1	4.8	9.3
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴										
0		6.1	2.2	4.5	1.5	†	6.1	6.0	†	8.9
1-50		62.0	38.6	51.8	47.0	49.3	64.7	60.0	61.7	73.7
51-100		31.9	59.2	43.7	51.5	50.6	29.2	34.0	37.8	17.4
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Co-occurring substance use problem										
Total admissions during reporting period aged 12 and older										
Yes		37.8	33.1	40.9	25.3	7.2	41.1	33.8	5.0	41.2
No		62.2	66.9	59.1	74.7	92.8	58.9	66.2	95.0	58.8
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.15c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, SMI/SED score, functioning score (CGAS/GAF), and co-occurring substance use problem: Row percent distribution, 2014

SMI/SED status, functioning score, and co-occurring substance use problem		Mental health diagnosis ¹								
		Row percent distribution of admissions								
		Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders									
Total admissions during reporting period ²		100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
SMI/SED status ³										
SMI		100.0	†	7.1	†	†	25.7	37.5	†	28.3
SED		100.0	13.7	8.0	25.7	9.8	9.1	16.8	11.4	5.5
Not SMI/SED		100.0	14.0	35.2	5.7	†	7.0	15.4	†	21.2
Total		100.0	4.2	10.2	4.9	1.6	21.2	32.0	1.9	24.1
Functioning (CGAS/GAF) ⁴										
0		100.0	1.7	7.9	†	†	23.7	32.3	†	33.8
1-50		100.0	2.9	9.0	2.0	†	24.8	31.9	†	27.8
51-100		100.0	8.7	14.8	4.4	1.5	21.8	35.1	†	12.8
Total		100.0	4.7	10.8	2.7	†	23.8	32.9	†	23.4
Co-occurring substance use problem										
Total admissions during reporting period aged 12 and older										
Yes		100.0	2.8	11.2	1.0	†	27.1	30.7	†	27.0
No		100.0	3.4	9.8	1.8	†	23.5	36.5	†	23.4
Total		100.0	3.2	10.3	1.5	†	24.9	34.3	†	24.8

† Less than one percent of individuals.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; CGAS = Children's Global Assessment Scale; GAF = Global Assessment of Function; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder; SED = serious emotional disturbance; SMI = serious mental illness.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ The definitions for SMI and SED statuses can be found in Appendix D.

⁴ Functioning is measured by the Children's Global Assessment Scale (CGAS) for children and adolescents, and the Global Assessment of Function (GAF) for adults. Further information on CGAS and GAF can be found in Appendix D.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.16a. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source: Number, 2014

Mental health service setting and referral source	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	167,053	8,558	16,810	8,056	2,617	35,375	53,347	3,040	39,250
Mental health service setting³									
State psychiatric hospital	6,031	44	90	58	12	1,043	1,007	6	3,771
Community-based program	142,018	7,755	15,359	7,786	2,474	29,248	47,500	2,926	28,970
Residential treatment center	1,539	10	71	18	19	407	352	5	657
Other psychiatric inpatient	4,289	44	96	38	4	1,457	1,076	4	1,570
Institutions under the justice system	318	3	46	--	--	130	80	--	56
Total	154,195	7,856	15,662	7,900	2,510	32,285	50,015	2,943	35,024
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	70,247	4,335	8,952	4,258	1,127	14,437	22,609	1,305	13,224
Health care provider	36,971	1,069	3,164	941	443	8,898	12,352	661	9,443
School	4,742	921	495	1,043	486	387	614	508	288
Other community referral	16,575	966	1,567	621	138	3,973	6,247	153	2,910
Court/criminal justice	13,283	526	837	241	200	3,021	2,934	208	5,316
Other	170	17	38	10	--	21	50	--	32
Total	141,988	7,834	15,053	7,114	2,396	30,737	44,806	2,835	31,213

-- Less than three admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.16b. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source: Column percent distribution, 2014

Mental health service setting and referral source	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of admissions								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total admissions during reporting period²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mental health service setting³									
State psychiatric hospital	3.9	†	†	†	†	3.2	2.0	†	10.8
Community-based program	92.1	98.7	98.1	98.6	98.6	90.6	95.0	99.4	82.7
Residential treatment center	†	†	†	†	†	1.3	†	†	1.9
Other psychiatric inpatient	2.8	†	†	†	†	4.5	2.2	†	4.5
Institutions under the justice system	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	49.5	55.3	59.5	59.9	47.0	47.0	50.5	46.0	42.4
Health care provider	26.0	13.6	21.0	13.2	18.5	28.9	27.6	23.3	30.3
School	3.3	11.8	3.3	14.7	20.3	1.3	1.4	17.9	†
Other community referral	11.7	12.3	10.4	8.7	5.8	12.9	13.9	5.4	9.3
Court/criminal justice	9.4	6.7	5.6	3.4	8.3	9.8	6.5	7.3	17.0
Other	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.16c. TEDS admissions during the reporting period, by mental health diagnosis, mental health service setting, and referral source: Row percent distribution, 2014

<i>Mental health service setting and referral source</i>	<i>Mental health diagnosis¹</i>								
	<i>Row percent distribution of admissions</i>								
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Adjustment disorders</i>	<i>Anxiety disorders</i>	<i>ADD/ADHD</i>	<i>Conduct disorder</i>	<i>Mood disorders</i>		<i>ODD</i>	<i>Other</i>
						<i>Bipolar disorders</i>	<i>Depressive disorders</i>		
Total admissions during reporting period²	100.0	5.1	10.1	4.8	1.6	21.2	31.9	1.8	23.5
Mental health service setting³									
State psychiatric hospital	100.0	†	1.5	†	†	17.3	16.7	†	62.5
Community-based program	100.0	5.5	10.8	5.5	1.7	20.6	33.4	2.1	20.4
Residential treatment center	100.0	†	4.6	1.2	1.2	26.4	22.9	†	42.7
Other psychiatric inpatient	100.0	1.0	2.2	†	†	34.0	25.1	†	36.6
Institutions under the justice system	100.0	†	14.5	†	†	40.9	25.2	†	17.6
Total	100.0	5.1	10.2	5.1	1.6	20.9	32.4	1.9	22.7
Referral source									
Individual (includes self)	100.0	6.2	12.7	6.1	1.6	20.6	32.2	1.9	18.8
Health care provider	100.0	2.9	8.6	2.5	1.2	24.1	33.4	1.8	25.5
School	100.0	19.4	10.4	22.0	10.2	8.2	12.9	10.7	6.1
Other community referral	100.0	5.8	9.5	3.7	†	24.0	37.7	†	17.6
Court/criminal justice	100.0	4.0	6.3	1.8	1.5	22.7	22.1	1.6	40.0
Other	100.0	10.0	22.4	5.9	1.2	12.4	29.4	†	18.8
Total	100.0	5.5	10.6	5.0	1.7	21.6	31.6	2.0	22.0

† Less than one percent of admissions.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

² Admissions during the reporting period are defined as those admissions occurring on or between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

³ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.17. TEDS discharges, by mental health service setting, and month and year of discharge: Number and percent distribution, 2014

Month and year of discharge		Mental health service setting ¹									
		Number of discharges					Percent distribution of discharges				
		State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system	State psychiatric hospital	Community-based program	Residential treatment center	Other psychiatric inpatient	Institutions under the justice system
Total											
July 2013	8,693	566	7,442	127	555	3	8.0	6.5	8.5	9.0	1.1
August 2013	8,247	461	7,121	122	532	11	6.6	6.2	8.1	8.6	4.2
September 2013	8,022	495	6,911	115	484	17	7.0	6.0	7.7	7.8	6.4
October 2013	9,499	556	8,251	137	538	17	7.9	7.2	9.1	8.7	6.4
November 2013	8,452	543	7,332	120	442	15	7.7	6.4	8.0	7.1	5.7
December 2013	8,566	511	7,438	107	493	17	7.3	6.5	7.1	8.0	6.4
January 2014	8,912	549	7,731	94	522	16	7.8	6.7	6.3	8.4	6.0
February 2014	8,706	540	7,618	99	429	20	7.7	6.6	6.6	6.9	7.5
March 2014	9,748	540	8,590	109	487	22	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.9	8.3
April 2014	11,884	574	10,651	111	529	19	8.2	9.3	7.4	8.6	7.2
May 2014	11,476	615	10,162	125	554	20	8.7	8.9	8.3	9.0	7.5
June 2014	12,336	580	11,142	96	503	15	8.2	9.7	6.4	8.1	5.7
After June 2014	15,094	506	14,264	137	114	73	7.2	12.4	9.1	1.8	27.5
Total	129,635	7,036	114,653	1,499	6,182	265	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.18. TEDS discharges, by mental health service setting, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode: Number and percent distribution, 2014

<i>Reason for discharge and days in treatment</i>		<i>Mental health service setting¹</i>									
		<i>Number of discharges</i>					<i>Percent distribution of discharges</i>				
		<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community-based program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>	<i>State psychiatric hospital</i>	<i>Community program</i>	<i>Residential treatment center</i>	<i>Other psychiatric inpatient</i>	<i>Institutions under the justice system</i>
	<i>Total</i>										
Total discharges	129,635	7,036	114,653	1,499	6,182	265	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Reason for discharge											
Treatment completed	35,100	4,867	26,559	715	2,924	35	77.1	23.3	49.9	68.0	13.3
Dropped out of treatment	36,086	585	35,278	57	28	138	9.3	30.9	4.0	†	52.3
Terminated by facility	6,384	--	6,330	51	--	--	†	5.5	3.6	†	†
Transferred to another treatment program	18,865	623	16,539	430	1,254	19	9.9	14.5	30.0	29.2	7.2
Incarcerated or released to courts	1,674	55	1,545	15	6	53	†	1.4	1.0	†	20.1
Other	28,277	184	27,822	166	88	17	2.9	24.4	11.6	2.0	6.4
Total	126,386	6,315	114,073	1,434	4,300	264	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Days in treatment episode											
0 to 30 days	37,164	3,480	27,072	674	5,915	23	51.2	23.6	45.0	95.7	8.7
31 to 90 days	13,291	1,909	10,826	302	221	33	28.1	9.4	20.1	3.6	12.5
91 to 180 days	17,900	667	17,014	131	29	59	9.8	14.8	8.7	†	22.3
181 to 365 days	27,368	381	26,733	136	11	107	5.6	23.3	9.1	†	40.4
More than 365 days	33,677	366	33,006	256	6	43	5.4	28.8	17.1	†	16.2
Total	129,400	6,803	114,651	1,499	6,182	265	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

-- Less than three admissions: † Less than one percent of discharges.

¹ Mental health services setting category definitions can be found in Appendix B.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.19a. TEDS discharges, by mental health diagnosis, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode: Number, 2014

Reason for discharge and days in treatment episode	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Number of discharges								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total discharges	117,163	5,657	11,945	4,173	1,474	26,247	36,067	1,539	30,061
Reason for discharge									
Treatment completed	30,922	1,442	2,314	721	306	7,660	9,404	280	8,795
Dropped out of treatment	25,751	1,530	3,575	1,380	492	5,597	8,914	517	3,746
Terminated by facility	5,964	331	679	596	184	1,077	1,833	210	1,054
Transferred to another treatment program	16,960	493	1,349	439	119	3,600	5,689	144	5,127
Incarcerated or released to courts	1,422	44	160	65	14	356	372	13	398
Other	34,271	1,802	3,802	918	348	7,687	9,450	364	9,900
Total	115,290	5,642	11,879	4,119	1,463	25,977	35,662	1,528	29,020
Days in treatment episode									
0 to 30 days	44,055	1,463	3,071	472	197	11,357	12,864	149	14,482
31 to 90 days	11,439	580	1,339	332	152	2,448	3,264	107	3,217
91 to 180 days	15,181	1,148	2,127	571	312	3,100	4,856	279	2,788
181 to 365 days	20,237	1,454	2,809	1,130	408	3,949	6,510	468	3,509
More than 365 days	26,064	1,011	2,599	1,668	402	5,369	8,567	536	5,912
Total	116,976	5,656	11,945	4,173	1,471	26,223	36,061	1,539	29,908

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each discharge. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.19b. TEDS discharges, by mental health diagnosis, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode: Column percent distribution, 2014

Reason for discharge and days in treatment episode	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Column percent distribution of discharges								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total discharges	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Reason for discharge									
Treatment completed	26.8	25.6	19.5	17.5	20.9	29.5	26.4	18.3	30.3
Dropped out of treatment	22.3	27.1	30.1	33.5	33.6	21.5	25.0	33.8	12.9
Terminated by facility	5.2	5.9	5.7	14.5	12.6	4.1	5.1	13.7	3.6
Transferred to another treatment program	14.7	8.7	11.4	10.7	8.1	13.9	16.0	9.4	17.7
Incarcerated or released to courts	1.2	†	1.3	1.6	†	1.4	1.0	†	1.4
Other	29.7	31.9	32.0	22.3	23.8	29.6	26.5	23.8	34.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Days in treatment episode									
0 to 30 days	37.7	25.9	25.7	11.3	13.4	43.3	35.7	9.7	48.4
31 to 90 days	9.8	10.3	11.2	8.0	10.3	9.3	9.1	7.0	10.8
91 to 180 days	13.0	20.3	17.8	13.7	21.2	11.8	13.5	18.1	9.3
181 to 365 days	17.3	25.7	23.5	27.1	27.7	15.1	18.1	30.4	11.7
More than 365 days	22.3	17.9	21.8	40.0	27.3	20.5	23.8	34.8	19.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

† Less than one percent of discharges.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

Table 7.19c. TEDS discharges, by mental health diagnosis, reason for discharge, and days in treatment episode: Row percent distribution, 2014

Reason for discharge and days in treatment episode	Mental health diagnosis ¹								
	Percent distribution of discharges								
	Total	Adjustment disorders	Anxiety disorders	ADD/ADHD	Conduct disorder	Mood disorders		ODD	Other
						Bipolar disorders	Depressive disorders		
Total discharges	100.0	4.8	10.2	3.6	1.3	22.4	30.8	1.3	25.7
Reason for discharge									
Treatment completed	100.0	4.7	7.5	2.3	†	24.8	30.4	†	28.4
Dropped out of treatment	100.0	5.9	13.9	5.4	1.9	21.7	34.6	2.0	14.5
Terminated by facility	100.0	5.5	11.4	10.0	3.1	18.1	30.7	3.5	17.7
Transferred to another treatment program	100.0	2.9	8.0	2.6	†	21.2	33.5	†	30.2
Incarcerated or released to courts	100.0	3.1	11.3	4.6	†	25.0	26.2	†	28.0
Other	100.0	5.3	11.1	2.7	1.0	22.4	27.6	1.1	28.9
Total	100.0	4.9	10.3	3.6	1.3	22.5	30.9	1.3	25.2
Days in treatment episode									
0 to 30 days	100.0	3.3	7.0	1.1	†	25.8	29.2	†	32.9
31 to 90 days	100.0	5.1	11.7	2.9	1.3	21.4	28.5	†	28.1
91 to 180 days	100.0	7.6	14.0	3.8	2.1	20.4	32.0	1.8	18.4
181 to 365 days	100.0	7.2	13.9	5.6	2.0	19.5	32.2	2.3	17.3
More than 365 days	100.0	3.9	10.0	6.4	1.5	20.6	32.9	2.1	22.7
Total	100.0	4.8	10.2	3.6	1.3	22.4	30.8	1.3	25.6

† Less than one percent of discharges.

ADD/ADHD = attention deficit disorder/attention deficit hyperactivity disorder; ODD = oppositional defiant disorder.

¹ "Mental health diagnosis" refers to the first-mention mental health diagnosis, which is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for each admission. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes.

NOTE: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 2014 reporting period. Data received through 05.08.15.

APPENDIX A
MH-TEDS/MH-CLD CROSSWALK TABLES

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
System Transaction Type	SDS 1		DIS 1	A=Add C=Change D=Delete	Transaction Type	C-00	R-00	A=Add C=Change D=Delete
State Code — Key field	SDS 2		DIS 2	2 alphanumeric	Reporting State Code	H-02	H-01	2 alphanumeric
Reporting Date	SDS 3		DIS 3	MMYYYY	contained in the file name algorithm			MMDDYYYY
CLIENT RECORD					CLIENT RECORD			
State Provider Identifier – Key field	MDS 1	DIS 11	DIS 4	1-15 alphanumeric	Not reported			
Client Identifier – Key field	MDS 2	DIS 12	DIS 5	1-15 alphanumeric	Client Identifier	C-01	R-01	1-15 alphanumeric
Codependent or Collateral – Key field	MDS 3	DIS 13	DIS 6	1=codependent/collateral	Not reported			
Client Transaction Type – Key field	MDS 4			A=Initial Admission (SA) T=Transfer or change in service (SA) M=Initial Admission (MH) X=Transfer or change in service (MH)	Not reported			
Date of Admission – Key field	MDS 5	DIS 15		MMDDYYYY	Information used in determining client status - at start of reporting period	C-02		Start of reporting period: 1=New client; 2=Continuing client;
Date of Birth	MDS 8	DIS 17		MMDDYYYY 01010007=unknown 01010008=not collected	Information used in calculating age	C-05		
Gender	MDS 9	DIS 18		1=male 2=female 7=unknown 8=not collected	Gender	C-04		1=male 2=female 7=unknown 8=not collected
Race	MDS 10	DIS 19		01=Alaska Native 02=American Indian and Alaska Native 13=Asian 23=Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander 03=Asian or Pacific Islander 04= Black or African American 05=White 20=Other single race 21=Two or more races 97=unknown 98=not collected	Race	C-06		 02=American Indian and Alaska Native 13=Asian 23=Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander 03=Asian or Pacific Islander (temporary code) 04= Black or African American 05=White 20=Some other race alone 21=Two or more races 22=Hispanic (temporary code) 97=unknown 98=not collected

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS				MH-CLD				
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
Hispanic or Latino Origin (Ethnicity)	MDS 11	DIS 20		01=Puerto Rico 02=Mexican 03=Cuban 04=Other Specific Hispanic or Latino 05 Not of Hispanic Origin 06=Hispanic, specific origin not specified 97=unknown 98=not collected	Ethnicity	C-07		11=Puerto Rican (optional) 12=Mexican (optional) 13=Cuban (optional) 14=Other Specific Hispanic 02=Not of Hispanic Origin 01=Hispanic origin regardless of race 97=unknown 98=Not collected
Education	MDS 12		MHD 5 (reported only for ages 3-17 and up to 21 if in special education).	 00= less than one grade completed or no schooling 01-11=grades 1 thru 11th 12=12th grade or GED 13=Freshman or first year in a 2-year (Associate) Degree 14=Sophomore or second year in a 2-year (Associate) Degree 15=Junior in college 16=Senior in college or Bachelor's Degree 17=Some Post-Graduate Study- Degree not completed 18= Master's Degree completed 19-25= Post graduate study 70= graduate or professional school (can be used instead of codes 17-25) 71=vocational school 72=nursery school, pre-school 73=kindergarten 74=self-contained special education class 97=unknown 98=not collected	School Grade Level For ages 3-17 (and up to 21 if in special education), grade level is linked to School Attendance Status. For adults, report highest grade completed.	C-25		 00=no years of schooling 01-11=grades 1 thru 11th 12 = 12th grade 17=freshman (1st year in College) 18=sophomore (2nd year in College) 19=junior (3rd year in College) 20=senior (4th year in College) 21=Graduate or professional school 16=vocational school 13=nursery school, pre-school (head start) 14=kindergarten 15=self-contained special education class 97 = unknown 98=not collected

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS				MH-CLD				
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
Employment Status	MDS 13		DIS 24	01=full time 02=part-time 03=unemployed 04=not in the labor force 05=employed, full/part-time not specified (temporary code) 97=unknown 98=not collected	Competitive Employment Status at admission and end of the reporting period (>= 16 yrs old)	C-09 and C-10		01=full time 02=part time 03=unemployed 84=not in the labor force 05=employed, full/part-time not specified (temporary code) 97=unknown 98=not collected
Type of Treatment Service/ Treatment Setting – Key field	MDS 18	DIS 16	DIS 7	01=detox, 24-hr, hospital 02= detox, 24-hr, residential 03=rehabilitation/residential-hospital (not detox) 04=rehabilitation/residential-short term (<30 days) 05=rehabilitation/ residential-long term (>30 days) 06=ambulatory-intensive outpatient 07=ambulatory-non-intensive outpatient 08=ambulatory-detoxification 72=state psychiatric hospital 73=SMHA funded/operated community-based program 74=residential treatment center 75=other psychiatric inpatient 76=institutions under the justice system 96=Not applicable (use only for codependents or collateral clients (SA) and for MH clients receiving MH assessments, evaluation, or screening only)	Service Setting Status Throughout the Reporting Period	C-15		1=state psychiatric hospital 2=SMHA funded/operated community-based program 3=residential treatment center 4=other psychiatric inpatient 5=institutions under the justice system
Date of Last Contact or Data Update - Key field			DIS 8	MMDDYYYY 01010007 = Unknown 01010008 = Not Collected	Information used in determining client status			

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
Reason for Discharge, Transfer, or Discontinuance of Treatment			DIS 10	01=treatment completed 02= dropped out of treatment (lost contact, administrative discharge, left against medical advise, eloped, failed to return from leave, and client choice) 03=terminated by facility 04=transferred to another treatment program or facility provider 14=transferred to another treatment program/facility but did not report 05=incarcerated or released by or to courts 06=death 07=Other (includes aging out of the children's MH system, extended placement (conditional release), and all other reasons) 08= Unknown - This code will continue to be accepted. However, states are encouraged to use the code 97 Unknown instead 24=transferred to another treatment program or facility that is not in the state reporting system 34 =discharged temporarily to an acute medical facility for medical services 96 = Not applicable 97=unknown 98=not collected	Discharge reasons	BCI (C-03) completed 22= lost contact or administrative discharge 32=discharged to corrections, jail 43=death of client 52=aged out; 62= other specified reasons 72=reason unknown 82=reason not collected		SHR (R-03) 01=completed SH inpatient treatment 03=left against medical advise, eloped, failed to return from leave, non-compliance with treatment and/or policy; 04=client choice 07=discharged to other inpatient provider 02=released by or to courts 06=death 05=extended placement; 09=reason not classified elsewhere 08=discharged to an acute medical facility for medical services 97=unknown 98=not collected
Client Discharge Transaction Type - Key field		DIS 14	DIS 28	D=Discharge (SA client) E=Discharge (MH client) U=Data update (MH client)	Not reported			

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.	Categories	
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI		SHR
Co-occurring substance abuse and mental health problems (old name in TEDS: Psychiatric problem in addition to alcohol and drug)	SuDS 5			1=yes 2=no 7=unknown 8=not collected	Substance abuse problem	C-21	1=yes 2=no 7=unknown 8=not collected	
Date of Discharge - Key field			DIS 9	MMDDYYYY	Information used in determining Client status - at end of the reporting period	C-03		
Living Arrangements	SuDS 8		DIS 23	01=homeless 02=dependent living (under age 18 living with parents, relatives, or guardians) 22=dependent living: residential care and other residential status 32=dependent living: foster home/foster care 42=dependent living: crisis residence 52=dependent living:institutional setting 62=dependent living: jail and other institutions under the justice system 72=dependent living: adults in private residence who needs assistance in daily living 03=independent living 04=private residence, living arrangement not specified, adults (temporary code) 97=unknown 98=not collected	Residential status at start and end of the reporting period	C-12 and C-13	01=homeless 37=private residence (children only) 03=residential care 08=other residential status 02=fosterhome/foster care 04=crisis residence 05=institutional setting 06=jail/correctional facility 27=private residence, dependent living (adult) 17=private residence, independent living (adult) 07=private residence, living arrangement not specified (adult) 97=unknown 98=not collected	

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
Detailed Not-in-Labor Force	SuDS 12		DIS 25	01=homemaker 02=student 03=retired 04=disabled receiving services from institutional facilities such as hospitals, jails, prisons, etc. 06=other 07=sheltered/non-competitive employment 96=not applicable (if employment status is not 04, NILF) 97=unknown 98=not collected	Competitive Employment Status - at start and end of the reporting period	C-09 and C-10		14=homemaker 24=student 34=retired 44=disabled 64=other reported classification 74=sheltered/non-competitive employment 96=not applicable 97=unknown 84=NILF, classification not specified 98=not collected
Arrests in Past 30 Days	SuDS 16		DIS 26	00-96=number of arrests 97=unknown 98=not collected	Number of Arrests in Prior 30 days - at start and end of the reporting period	C-22 and C-23		00-96=number of arrests 97=unknown 98=not collected
Diagnostic Code Set Identifier	SuDS 18		MHD 1	1=DSM-IV 2=ICD-9 3=ICD-10 4=DSM-V 5=DSM-IIIR 7=unknown 8=not collected	Diagnostic Code Identifier	H-08		1=DSM IV 2=ICD-9 3=ICD 10
SH-Legal Status at Admission	MHA 4			01=voluntary-self 02=voluntary-others (parents, guardians, etc) 03=involuntary-civil 04=involuntary-criminal 05=involuntary-juvenile justice 06=involuntary-civil, sexual 96=not applicable 97=unknown 98=not collected	State Hospital-Admission Legal Status		R-05	01=voluntary-self 02=voluntary-others (parents, guardians, etc) 03=involuntary-civil 04=involuntary-criminal 05=involuntary-juvenile justice 06=involuntary-civil, sexual 97=unknown 98=not collected

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.	Categories	
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI		
SMI/SED Status	MHA 2		MHD 3	1=SMI 2=SED 3=at risk for SED (optional) 4=Not SMI/SED 7=unknown 8=not collected	SMI/SED Status	C-08		1=SMI 2=SED 3=at risk for SED (optional) 4=Not SMI/SED 7=unknown 8=not collected
School Attendance Status	MHA 3		MHD 4	1=Yes, client has attended school at any time in the past 3 months 2=No, client has not attended school at any time in the past three months 6=not applicable (non-school age) 7=unknown 8=not collected	School Attendance Status (reported only for school age children, 3-17, and up to 21 if in special education).	C-24		1=Yes, client has attended school at any time in the past 3 months 2=No, client has not attended school at any time in the past three months 6=not applicable 7=unknown 8=not collected
MH Diagnostic Code - one (ICD-10 Compatible)	MHA 1a		MHD 2a	xxx.xxxx; xxx-----; xxx.----; xxx.x---; xxx.xx--; xxx.xxx-; 999.9997 unknown 999.998=not collected	Mental Health Diagnosis - one	C-17		xxx.xxxx; xxx.xxx-; xxx.xx--; xxx.x---; xxx.-- 999.9997=unknown 999.9998=not collected
MH Diagnostic Code - two (ICD-10 Compatible)	MHA 1b		MHD 2b	xxx.xxxx; xxx-----; xxx.----; xxx.x---; xxx.xx--; xxx.xxx-; 999.9997 unknown 999.998=not collected	Mental Health Diagnosis - two	C-18		xxx.xxxx; xxx-----; xxx.----; xxx.x---; xxx.xx--; xxx.xxx- 999.9996 no second diagnosis 999.9997=unknown 999.9998=not collected
MH Diagnostic Code - three (ICD-10 Compatible)	MHA 1c		MHD 2c	xxx.xxxx; xxx-----; xxx.----; xxx.x---; xxx.xx--; xxx.xxx- 999.9997 unknown 999.998=not collected	Mental Health Diagnosis - three	C-19		xxx.xxxx; xxx.xxx-; xxx.xx--; xxx.x---; xxx.-- 999.9996 no third diagnosis 999.9997=unknown 999.9998=not collected

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.	Categories	
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI		
Diagnostic Code - ICD 10 Compatible, Substance Abuse	SuDS 19			optional reporting for MH	Substance Abuse Diagnosis	C-20		
				xxx.xxxx; xxx-----; xxx.----; xxx.x---; xxx.xx--; xxx.xxx-				xxx.xxxx; xxx.xxx-; xxx.xx--; xxx.x---; xxx--
				999.9997=unknown				999.9996 no substance abuse diagnosis
				999.9998=not collected				999.9997=unknown 999.9998=not collected
Marital Status	SuDS 14			optional reporting for MH	Marital Status	O-1		optional reporting
				01=never married				01=never married
				02=now married/living as couple or cohabiting				
				03=separated				02=married/living as couple
				04=divorced				03=separated
				05=widowed				04=divorced
				97=unknown				05=widowed
				98=not collected				97=unknown 98=not collected
GAF/CGAS Score – Optional	MHA 5		MHD 6	optional reporting	GAF/CGAS Score	O-02		
				0-100 GAF/CGAS Score				0-100 GAF/CGAS score
				997 = Unknown				997=unknown
				998 = Not collected				
Prior Treatment Episodes	MDS 6			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Referral Source	MDS 7			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Substance Abuse Problem (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary)	MDS 14a MDS 14b MDS 14c		DIS 21a DIS 21b DIS 21c	optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Route of Administration (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary Substances)	MDS 15a MDS 15b MDS 15c			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Frequency of Use (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary Substances)	MDS 16a MDS 16b MDS 16c		DIS 22a DIS 22b DIS 22c	optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Age at First Use (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Substances)	MDS 17a MDS 17b MDS 17c			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Medication-Assisted Opioid Therapy	MDS 19			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Detailed Drug Code (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary)	SuDS 1 SuDS 2 SuDS 3			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			

Table A.1. MH-TEDS/MH-CLD Crosswalk

MH-TEDS					MH-CLD			
Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.			Categories	Variable Name	Data Field Reference No.		Categories
	Admission Record	Discharge/Update Record				Data Files		
		Value taken from admission record	Value taken at discharge or data update			BCI	SHR	
Diagnostic Code (DSM/ICD)	SuDS 4			optional reporting	Not reported			
Pregnant at Admission	SuDS 6			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Veteran Status	SuDS 7			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Source of Income/Support	SuDS 9			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Health Insurance	SuDS 10			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Payment Source, Primary (Expected or Actual)	SuDS 11			optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Detailed Criminal Justice Referral	SuDS 13			optional reporting	Not reported			
Days Waiting to Enter Treatment	SuDS 15			optional reporting	Not reported			
Attendance at Self-Help Groups in Past 30 Days	SuDS 17		DIS 27	optional reporting for MH	Not reported			
Not reported					SH-Discharge Sequence Number		R-02	## - chronological order of discharge events from the earliest (numbering starts at 1 per client)
Not reported					SH-Number of Days Elapsed Before State Hospital Readmission		R-04	### - calculated difference between the discharge date and next admission date
Not reported					Competitive Employment - Update Flag	C-11		0=no update
								1=C-10 is an update
								8=unknown
Not reported					Residential Status - Update Flag	C-14		0=no update
								1=C13 is an update
								8=unknown
Not reported					One-service date flag	C-16		1=one service date
								2=multiple service dates
Not reported					Record Type	H-01		H=header record
Not reported					File Type	H-03	H-02	P=production; T=test
Not reported					Start of the reporting period	H-04	H-03	YYYYMM
Not reported					End of the reporting period	H-05	H-04	YYYYMM
Not reported					Client record count	H-06	H-05	##### - total # of client records
Not reported					Optional Data Elements Report Flag	H-07		1=Yes, state is reporting some or all of
								2=No, state is not reporting any of the optional data elements
LEGEND								
Key field = must not be blank. Key fields, taken together, are used to uniquely identify and link records.								
Variable highlighted in green = variable not reported in MH-CLD but required in MH-TEDS.								
Variable highlighted in orange = variable reported in MH-CLD and incorporated in MH-TEDS.								

APPENDIX B

MH-TEDS AND MH-CLD 2011-2014 REPORTING METHODS AND 2014 REPORTING PERIOD, BY STATE AND JURISDICTION

Appendix B Table 1. MH-TEDS and MH-CLD 2011-2014 Reporting Methods and 2014 Reporting Period, by State or Jurisdiction					
	Data Reporting Method (C: MH-CLD, T: MH-TEDS)				
State or Jurisdiction	2011	2012	2013	2014	2014 Reporting Period
Alabama	-	-	C	C	10/1/2013 to 9/30/2014
Alaska	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
American Samoa	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Arizona	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Arkansas	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
California	-	-	C	C	7/1/2012 to 6/30/2013
Colorado	C	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Connecticut	-	C	C	T, C ¹⁶	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Delaware	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
District of Columbia	-	-	-	T	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Federated States of Micronesia	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Florida	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Georgia	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Guam	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Hawaii	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Idaho	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Illinois	-	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Indiana	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Iowa	-	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Kansas	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Kentucky	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Louisiana	C	C	C	T	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Maine	-	-	C	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Marshall Islands	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Maryland	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Massachusetts	-	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Michigan	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>

¹⁶ Connecticut: MH-TEDS for adults, MH-CLD for children/adolescents.

Appendix B Table 1. MH-TEDS and MH-CLD 2011-2014 Reporting Methods and 2014 Reporting Period, by State or Jurisdiction

	Data Reporting Method (C: MH-CLD, T: MH-TEDS)				
State or Jurisdiction	2011	2012	2013	2014	2014 Reporting Period
Minnesota	-	-	-	C	1/1/2013 to 12/30/2013
Mississippi	-	-	C	T	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Missouri	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Montana	C	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Nebraska	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Nevada	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
New Jersey	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
New Mexico	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
New York	-	C	C	C	4/1/2013 to 3/30/2014
North Carolina	-	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
North Dakota	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	-	C	C	C	10/1/2013 to 9/30/2014
Ohio	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Oklahoma	C	C	C	T	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Oregon	-	-	C	C	1/1/2013 to 12/30/2013
Palau	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Pennsylvania	-	-	C	C	7/1/2012 to 6/30/2013
Puerto Rico	-	-	C	T	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Rhode Island	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
South Carolina	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
South Dakota	-	-	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Tennessee	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Texas	C	C	C	C	9/1/2013 to 8/30/2014
Utah	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Vermont	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
Virginia	-	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
U.S. Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Washington	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	<i>n.a.</i>
Wisconsin	C	C	C	C	1/1/2013 to 12/30/2013
Wyoming	C	C	C	C	7/1/2013 to 6/30/2014

n.a. = Not reporting.

APPENDIX C

MH-TEDS AND MH-CLD DATA DICTIONARY OF INCLUDED VARIABLES

Variable Name: Age

Description: This field is calculated from the client's date of birth at midpoint of the state's elected reporting period.

Guidelines: Do not round up age. For example, if the calculated age is 13 and 8 months, report only 13. When the client's calculated age is less than 12 months, report age as zero. If the reported date of birth of a client changes during the reporting period, use the most recent available information in calculating age.

Variable Name: Competitive Employment Status (Aged 16 +) Employment Status

Description: This data element is reported for all individuals (16 years old and over) who are receiving services in non-institutional settings. Institutional settings include correctional facilities like prison, jail, detention centers, and mental health care facilities like state hospitals, other psychiatric inpatient facilities, nursing homes or other institutions that keep a person, otherwise able, from entering the labor force.

Full Time – use state definition for full time employment; includes members of the Armed Forces, and individuals in full-time Supported Employment.

Part Time – use state definition for part time; includes individuals in part-time Supported Employment.

Unemployed – defined as actively looking for work or laid off from job (and waiting to be recalled) in the past 30 days.

Not in labor force – defined as not employed and not actively looking for work during the past 30 days, includes Homemaker, Student, Retired, Disabled, Other Reported Classification (e.g., volunteers), Sheltered/ Not-Competitive Employment, an inmate of an institution.

Guidelines: **Employment Status** is defined by SAMHSA as an outcome measure and is collected at admission and discharge/update to assess change.

Coding of individuals with overlapping employment statuses: When individuals are engaged in two or more activities (have overlapping status) during the period when their status is collected by the SMHA, use DOL's system of priorities to determine the appropriate employment status. The prioritization rule is, labor force activities (such as working or looking for work) take precedence over non-labor force activities (such as student and homemaker); and working or having a job takes precedence over looking for work.

Reporting of a person in an internship program: The Individual with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) ceases to apply for young individuals (18-21 years old) once they received their high school diploma. The following rules should be observed in making determination whether the adult client in an internship program should be reported as ‘Not in the Labor Force’ or ‘Employed’.

1. If the internship is a school requirement, whether paid or not, the person should be considered a “student” (Not In Labor Force).
2. If the internship is not a school requirement, an unpaid position, does not displace regular employees or does not entitle the person for the job at the end of the internship period, then report the person’s status as Not In Labor Force - (Other).
3. If the internship is not a school requirement, paid minimum wage and overtime provision, the employer benefits from the internship through the client’s engagement in actual operations of the business and performing productive work, then the person is employed (Full time or Part time).

Variable Name: Co-occurring Substance Use and Mental Health Disorders

Description: This field indicates whether the client has co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders.

Yes – Client has co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders/diagnoses

No – Client does not have co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders/diagnoses

Guidelines: Reporting of this field is optional.

The assessment of co-occurring substance use and mental health problems may be based on clinical diagnoses, screening results, claims information, or self-report.

Variable Name: Detailed Not In Labor Force

Description: This field provides more detailed information about those individuals who are coded as “Not in labor force” in Employment Status.

Homemaker, Student, Retired, Disabled,

Resident of Institution – Individuals receiving services from institutional facilities such as hospitals, jails, prisons, long-term residential care, etc.

Other – includes volunteer, seasonal worker, other categories used by the state not specified.

Guidelines: **Detailed Not in Labor Force** is defined by SAMHSA as an outcome measure, and is collected at admission and at discharge/update to assess change.

This field is reported for individuals aged 16 and older whose **Employment Status** is coded “Not in labor force.”

Variable Name: Ethnicity

Description: This field identifies whether or not the client is of Hispanic origin.

Guidelines: If the ethnicity of a client changes during the reporting period, report the most recent available information at the end of the reporting period.

Variable Name: Gender

Description: This field identifies the client's most recent reported sex at the end of the reporting period.

Guidelines: Report the most recent available information.

Variable Name: Global Assessment of Functioning (adult)/Children's Global Assessment Scale (Optional)

Description: This field specifies the client's last known Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) for adult individuals or Children's Global Assessment scale (CGAS) score for children and adolescents as reported in Axis V of the DSM.

Guidelines: Report only if the state is using the GAF/CGAS.

Variable Name: Health Insurance (MH-TEDS only)

Description: This field specifies the client's health insurance at admission. The insurance may or may not cover behavioral health treatment.

Guidelines: Reporting of this field is optional. States are encouraged to report data for all categories in the list of valid entries, but reporting a subset of the categories is acceptable. Health Insurance should be reported, if collected, whether or not it covers behavioral health treatment.

1. If the state collects a subset of the categories, individuals not fitting the subset should be coded as "Not collected." For example, if the state collects only Medicare and Medicaid, all other categories of Health Insurance should be coded as "Not collected."
 2. If a state collects Medicare and Medicaid as a single category, **Health Insurance** should be coded as "*Unknown*."
 3. If the state does not collect **Health Insurance**, all records should be coded "Not collected."
-

Variable Name: Living Arrangements (Residential Status)

Description: This field specifies client's residential status at time of admission (new individuals) or start of the reporting period (continuing individuals).

Homeless – person has no fixed address; includes homeless, shelters.

Foster Home/Foster Care – individual resides in foster home. A foster home is a home that is licensed by a county or state department to provide foster care to

children, adolescents, and/or individuals. This includes therapeutic foster care facilities. Therapeutic foster care is a service that provides treatment for troubled children within private homes of trained families.

Residential Care – individual resides in a residential care facility. This level of care may include a group home, therapeutic group home, board and care residential treatment, rehabilitation center, or agency-operated residential care facilities.

Institutional Setting – individual resides in a an institutional care facility with care provided on a 24 hour, 7 days a week basis. This level of care may include skilled nursing/intermediate care facility, nursing homes, institute of mental disease (IMD), inpatient psychiatric hospital, psychiatric health facility, veterans’ affairs hospital, state hospital, or intermediate care facility/MR.

Jail/Correctional Facility – individual resides in a jail and/or correctional facility with care provided on a 24 hour, 7 days a week basis. This includes a jail, correctional facility, detention centers, and prison.

Dependent Living: Private Residence – adult individuals living in a house, apartment, or other similar dwelling who are heavily dependent on others for daily living assistance.

Independent Living: Private Residence – individuals living alone or with others in a private residence and capable of self-care. Includes adult children (age 18 and over) living with parents and adolescents living independently. Also includes individuals who live independently with case management and supported housing support.

Other - Other residential status

Guidelines: **Living Arrangements** is defined by SAMHSA as an outcome measure and is collected at admission and at discharge/update to assess change.

Variable Name: Marital Status (Optional Reporting)

Description: This field identifies the client’s marital status. The following categories are compatible with categories used in the U.S. Census.

Never married – includes individuals who are single or whose only marriage was annulled.

Currently married – includes married couples, those living together as married, living with partners, or cohabitating.

Separated – includes those legally separated or otherwise absent from spouse because of marital discord.

Guidelines: Report marital status at time of discharge or the most recent available status at the end of the reporting period.

Variable Name: Mental Health Diagnosis

Description: This field specifies the client’s current mental health diagnoses during the reporting period.

Guidelines: This measure can be reported by using either the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM)* from the American Psychiatric Association or the *International Classification of Diseases (ICD)* from the World Health Organization.

States should report the most recent mental health diagnoses that are current during the reporting period. Most recent is defined by the date when the diagnosis is reported.

States can report up to three mental health diagnoses by completing the Mental Health Diagnosis 1, 2, and 3 data elements in sequential order.

If the client has more than three most recent mental health diagnoses, use the algorithm below. Use this if the diagnoses are collected through administrative method (i.e., based on the clinician's evaluation of the person and reported in the client's case record):

1. Report the primary and secondary diagnoses (if available). If the state does not classify diagnosis into primary/secondary; then
2. Conduct your search for diagnostic codes using both Axis I and II. Report all diagnoses in Axis I (clinical disorders) first followed by diagnosis in Axis II (personality disorders and mental retardation) unless a personality disorder in Axis II was labeled as primary diagnosis, then it should be reported first (note: this method is applicable if using DSM-IV and other earlier editions or if the state continues to use the DSM axial structure;
If primary/secondary labels and Axis classifications (I and II) are not used by the state, then
3. Report in chronological order starting from the diagnosis that appears on top of the list or first cited in the clinician's report. Report only mental health diagnosis.

If the state is using claims/encounter data to collect a client's diagnosis, use the three most frequently reported mental health diagnoses in the client's service claims/encounters data throughout the reporting period.

Variable Name: Race

Description: This field specifies the client's most recent reported race at the end of the reporting period.

Alaska Native – used in MH-TEDS only

American Indian or Alaskan Native – A person having origins in any of the original people of North American South America (including Central America and the original people of Alaska) and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Asian – A person having origins in any of the following people of the Far East, the Indian, Subcontinent, or Southeast Asia, including Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Asian or Pacific Islander (temporary code) – older racial category used only by some states that have not yet adopted the OMB recommended racial categories. Between 2011 and 2014, a minority of individuals classified in this report as “Asian” in ten states—Colorado, Iowa, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia—were classified by the reporting agency as “Asian or Pacific Islanders,” while the rest were classified as simply “Asian.” In three additional states— North Carolina, New Jersey, Vermont—a majority of individuals classified in this report as “Asian” were classified by the reporting agency as “Asian or Pacific Islanders.”

Black or African American – A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

Hispanic (temporary code) – used in MH-CLD only

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander – A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, American Samoa, or other Pacific Islander.

White – A person having origins in any of the original people of Europe, North Africa or the Middle East.

Some Other Race Alone – use this category for instances in which the client is not identified in any category above or whose origin group, because of area custom, is regarded as racial class distinct from the above categories (do not use this category for individuals indicating multiple or mixed races).

Guidelines: For states that collect “Other Race” or allow individuals to specify a single race different from the OMB racial categories, use “Some Other Race Alone.” Note that this category should not be used if the client is indicating multiple or mixed race.

[MH-TEDS only] States that collect “Alaska Native” as a separate category should use “American Indian/Alaska Native” for other American Indians.

In cases where the method of collecting race information differs between community programs and state hospitals, or where the race reported differs between data systems, the state should resolve the issue in accordance to the state business rule in resolving data quality issues. States may use the following guidelines in the absence of a state business rule or to supplement an existing one:

1. Use the most recent race reported if variation in a person’s race was reported by the same provider across time
2. Use the most frequently reported race if variation in a person’s race was reported by different providers across time

Variable Name: Reason for Discharge, Transfer, or Discontinuance of Treatment

Description: This field indicates the outcome of the treatment episode/event or the reason for transfer or discontinuance of treatment.

Treatment Completed – All parts of the treatment plan or program were completed.

Dropped out of Treatment – Client chose not to complete treatment program, with or without specific advice to continue treatment. Includes individuals who drop out of treatment for unknown reasons, individuals with whom contact is lost, individuals who failed to return from leave (“AWOL”), and individuals who have not received treatment for some time and are discharged for administrative purposes.

Terminated by Facility (Administrative Discharge) – Treatment terminated by action of facility, generally because of client non-compliance with treatment or violation of rules, laws, policy, or procedures.

Transferred to another Treatment Program or Facility – Client was transferred to another treatment program, provider, or facility for continuation of treatment.

Incarcerated, or Released by or to Courts – Individuals whose course of treatment is terminated because the client has been subject to jail, prison, or house confinement, or has been released by or to the courts.

Death

Other – Client transferred or discontinued treatment because of change in life circumstances. Example: change of residence, illness or hospitalization, “aging out” of children’s services, completion of MH assessment or evaluation that did not result to referral for a treatment service.

Transferred to another Treatment Program or Facility, but client is no show – Client was transferred to another treatment program, provider, or facility, and it is known that client did not report for treatment.

Transferred to another Treatment Program or Facility that is not in the SSA or SMHA reporting system

Discharged from the state hospital to an acute medical facility for medical services

Variable Name: Referral Source (MH-TEDS only)

Description: This field describes the person or agency referring the client to treatment.

Individual (includes self-referral) – Includes the client, a family member, friend, or any other individual who would not be included in any of the following categories; includes self-referral due to pending DWI/DUI.

Other Health Care Provider – A physician, psychiatrist, or other licensed health care professional; or general hospital, psychiatric hospital, mental health program, or nursing home.

School (Educational) – A school principal, counselor, or teacher; or student assistance program (SAP), the school system, or an educational agency.

Other Community Referral – Community or religious organization or any federal, state, or local agency that provides aid in the areas of poverty relief, unemployment, shelter, or social welfare. This category also includes defense attorneys and self-help groups such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon and Narcotics Anonymous (NA).

Court/Criminal Justice Referral/DUI/DWI – Any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer or other person affiliated with a federal, state, or county judicial system. Includes referral by a court for DWI/DUI, individuals referred in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication, includes individuals on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough or TASC. Client need not be officially designated as “on parole.” Includes individuals referred through civil commitment. Individuals in this category are further defined in Detailed Criminal Justice Referral.

Guidelines: All records with code “*Court/Criminal Justice Referral/DUI/DWI*” should provide detailed in Detailed Criminal Justice Referral.

Variable Name: School Grade Level – Education

Description: This field specifies the school grade level of three sub-populations of individuals, as follows:

Current grade level for school-age children (3-17 years old and 18-21 years of age if the client is in special education) who attended school at any time in the past three months.

Highest grade level completed for school-age children who have not attended school at any time within the past three months.

Highest educational attainment for all individuals, whether currently in school or not.

Guidelines: Information for this data element should be collected and reported for all individuals.

“School” includes, but is not limited to, any one or combination of home-schooling, online education, alternative school, vocational school, or regular school (public, private, charter, traditional, military, magnet, independent, parochial, etc.), at which the child is enrolled in any of the following school grade levels: nursery/preschool (including Head Start), kindergarten, elementary/middle school (Grades 1- 8), high school (Grades 9-12, including General Equivalency Degree or GED), vocational school (including business, technical, secretarial, trade, or correspondence courses which are not counted as regular school enrollment and are not for recreation or adult education classes), or college/professional degree.

This measure is to be reported only once during the reporting period, either at time of client discharge or at the end of the reporting period if the client is continuing to receive services.

If the information is collected at the time when the school year just ended, report the recent school grade level completed (not the grade level the child is advancing to in the next school year).

For children who are homeschooled or children in Special Education but have been mainstreamed in regular school grades, please report the equivalent grade level.

“A nursery school is defined as a group or class that is organized to provide educational experiences for children during the year or years preceding kindergarten. It

includes instruction as an important and integral phase of its program of child care. Private homes in which essentially custodial care is provided are not considered nursery schools. Children attending nursery school are classified as attending during either part of the day or the full day. Part-day attendance refers to those who attend either in the morning or in the afternoon, but not both. Full-day attendance refers to those who attend in both the morning and the afternoon. Children enrolled in Head Start programs or similar programs sponsored by local agencies to provide preschool education to young children are counted under nursery school” (The American Community Survey [ACS]).

A person who had reached the age of 18 prior to collecting this information should report the last grade completed, unless they meet the exception criteria for young individuals.

Report the highest educational attainment completed for all individuals 18 years and older (except the young individuals aged 18-21 in Special Education and receiving mental health services from the Children Mental Health System) whether they are currently in school or not.

Variable Name: Service Setting Status – Mental Health service setting

Description: This field indicates the type of mental health treatment setting(s) in which the client received services throughout the reporting period.

State Psychiatric Hospital – all SMHA-funded and SMHA-operated organizations operated as hospitals that provide primary inpatient care to individuals with mental illness from a specific geographical area and/or statewide.

SMHA-Funded/Operated Community-Based Program – include community mental health centers (CMHCs), outpatient clinics, partial care organizations, partial hospitalization programs, PACT programs, consumer run programs (including Club Houses and drop-in centers), and all community support programs (CSP).

Residential Treatment Center – an organization, not licensed as a psychiatric hospital, whose primary purpose is the provision of individually planned programs of mental health treatment services in conjunction with residential care for children and youth, and in some cases, adult care.

Other Psychiatric Inpatient – a private provider or medical provider licensed and/or contracted through the SMHA. This includes public/private hospitals with separate psychiatric wards.

Institutions under the Justice System – mental health services provided in a jail, prison, juvenile detention center, etc.

Guidelines: This data element refers to the place where services were provided and not particularly the residence of the client.

Variable Name: SMI/SED Status

Description: This field indicates whether the client has serious mental illness (SMI) or serious emotional disturbance (SED) using the state's definition.

Guidelines: Report the most recent available SMI/SED status at the end of the reporting period.

Variable Name: Timing of Admission

Description: This field indicates whether the client is already receiving services at the start of the reporting period (continuing) or is a new admission.

New admission – Admission that happened on the first day of the reporting period or thereafter.

Continuing – Already receiving services at the start of the reporting period. The admission date should have occurred at least a day prior to the start of the reporting period.

Variable Name: Veteran Status (MH-TEDS only)

Description: This field indicates whether the client has served in the uniform services (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Public Health Service Commissioned Corps, Coast and Geodetic Survey, etc.).

Guidelines: Reporting of this field is optional

A veteran is a person 16 years old or over who has served (even for a short time) but is not on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or Commissioned Corps of the U.S. Public Health Service or the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Individuals who served in the National Guard or Military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they have ever been called or ordered to active duty (excluding the 4-6 months of initial training and yearly summer camps).

Appendix C Table 1. Number of states reporting data, MH-CLD 2011-2014

<i>Number of states reporting</i>	<i>Number of states</i>			
	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>
Total	19	32	46	47
Gender	19	32	46	47
Age	19	32	46	47
Race	19	32	46	47
Ethnicity	19	31	45	46
Detailed Hispanic	9	20	28	30
Marital status	14	24	35	37
SED/SMI status	19	32	45	47
CGAS/GAF scores	17	26	32	31
Co-occurring substance use	19	32	46	46
Employment	19	32	45	47
Detailed NLF	19	32	45	47
Service settings	19	32	46	47
Timing of admission	19	32	46	47
Living arrangement	19	32	45	47

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) and Client-Level Data (CLD). Data received through 05.08.15 as part of year specific reporting period.

Appendix C Table 2. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: MH-CLD and MH-TEDS 2014

[Based on administrative data reported to MH-CLD or MH-TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Comparisons among states should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	First-mentioned mental health diagnosis ¹											
		Age	Gender	Race	Ethnicity	Marital status	Residence	SED/SMI	GAF/CGAS	Employment status	Service setting	Timing of admission
Total	88	100	100	93	83	53	59	93	41	39	100	100
Alabama	100	100	100	99	100	100	84	93	†	61	100	100
Arkansas	95	100	100	82	81	†	90	100	100	52	100	100
Arizona	100	100	100	97	97	55	34	97	100	26	100	100
California	99	100	100	78	76	†	56	100	100	15	100	100
Colorado	99	100	100	93	98	100	100	100	88	63	100	100
Connecticut	85	100	100	96	95	56	77	95	61	47	100	100
District of Columbia	12	100	100	93	8	51	8	64	†	3	100	100
Delaware	90	100	100	97	93	57	87	100	8	51	100	100
Florida	71	100	100	100	100	68	67	89	100	59	100	100
Hawaii	94	100	98	68	66	†	81	100	†	69	100	100
Iowa	76	100	100	77	3	†	24	100	†	15	100	100
Idaho	32	100	100	92	89	53	44	59	30	92	100	100
Illinois	100	100	100	93	96	97	93	97	97	71	100	100
Indiana	100	100	100	100	96	100	99	100	45	59	100	100
Kansas	64	99	99	95	98	†	59	57	62	37	100	100
Kentucky	97	100	100	100	98	100	99	98	†	64	100	100
Louisiana	11	100	97	84	80	78	63	38	67	46	100	100
Massachusetts	94	100	100	86	56	88	87	100	14	68	100	100
Maryland	100	100	100	98	95	81	100	100	†	55	100	100
Minnesota	100	100	100	96	100	†	99	100	†	65	100	100
Missouri	96	100	100	98	100	63	84	96	47	51	100	100
Northern Marianas	41	100	100	30	†	99	97	100	18	83	100	100
Mississippi	63	100	100	100	99	99	55	55	†	54	100	100
Montana	89	100	100	96	100	†	18	100	17	15	100	100
North Carolina	97	100	100	100	99	99	100	100	†	76	100	100
North Dakota	88	100	100	100	100	†	96	100	†	78	100	100
Nebraska	93	100	100	100	97	100	80	99	98	73	100	100
New Jersey	80	100	100	81	14	79	14	82	7	4	100	100
New Mexico	93	100	100	64	69	16	54	100	†	11	100	100
Nevada	88	100	99	86	79	77	68	62	73	45	100	100
New York	98	100	100	89	83	94	92	100	65	50	100	100

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Appendix C Table 2. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: MH-CLD and MH-TEDS 2014 (continued)

[Based on administrative data reported to MH-CLD or MH-TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Comparisons among states should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	First-mentioned mental health diagnosis ¹											
		Age	Gender	Race	Ethnicity	Marital status	Residence	SED/SMI	GAF/CGAS	Employment status	Service setting	Timing of admission
Total	100	99	86	79	100	68	62	73	45	100	100	100
Ohio	97	100	100	97	52	3	11	100	†	9	100	100
Oklahoma	†	100	100	100	100	80	83	64	82	83	100	100
Oregon	†	100	100	87	72	86	43	87	†	55	100	100
Pennsylvania	78	100	100	100	100	94	10	95	†	11	100	100
Puerto Rico	†	100	100	76	99	98	21	24	98	24	100	100
Rhode Island	83	100	100	81	96	92	74	82	78	57	100	100
South Carolina	97	100	100	99	77	99	95	99	97	61	100	100
South Dakota	100	100	100	100	100	68	63	92	†	42	100	100
Tennessee	95	100	98	86	57	49	61	100	4	40	100	100
Texas	72	100	100	100	100	55	68	93	74	54	100	100
Utah	87	100	100	92	92	92	93	94	87	59	100	100
Virginia	95	100	100	98	94	†	96	92	†	69	100	100
Vermont	75	100	100	95	90	93	78	38	65	24	100	100
Washington	89	100	100	93	84	†	77	81	81	58	100	100
Wisconsin	91	100	100	99	95	†	25	99	3	20	100	100
Wyoming	97	100	100	95	96	97	95	100	97	68	100	100

† Less than one percent of individuals.

¹ The first-mentioned mental health diagnosis is the first of up to three diagnoses reported for the individual. Mental health diagnostic category definitions can be found in Appendix E: Mental Health and Substance Use Diagnosis Codes.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 05.08.15.

APPENDIX D

SMI/SED FEDERAL DEFINITIONS AND CGAS/GAF SCALE

Serious Mental Illness (SMI)

Pursuant to section 1912 (c) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by Public Law 102-321 “adult with a serious mental illness” are individuals:

1. age 18 and over;
2. who currently or at any time during the past year, have had a diagnosable mental behavioral or emotional disorder of sufficient duration to meet diagnostic criteria specified within DSM-III-R; and
3. this disorder has resulted in functional impairment which substantially interferes with or limits one or more major life activities

“These disorders include any mental disorders (including those of biological etiology) listed in DSM-III-R or their ICD-9-CM equivalent (and subsequent revisions), with the exception of DSM-III-R “V” codes, substance use disorders, and developmental disorders, which are excluded, unless they co-occur with another diagnosable serious mental illness...” (p. 29425).

Serious Emotional Disability (SED)

Pursuant to section 1912 (c) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by Public Law 102-321 “children with a serious emotional disturbance” are individuals:

1. from birth up to age 18;
2. who currently or at any time during the past year have had a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder of sufficient duration to meet diagnostic criteria specified within DSM- III-R; and
3. this disorder resulted in functional impairment, which substantially interferes with or limits the child’s role or functioning in family, school, or community activities (p.29425).

“These disorders include any mental disorder (including those of biological etiology) listed in DSM-III-R or their ICD-9-CM equivalent (and subsequent revisions) with the exception of DSM-III-R ‘V’ codes, substance use, and developmental disorders, which are excluded, unless they co-occur with another diagnosable serious emotional disturbance...” (p. 29425).

“Functional impairment is defined as difficulties that substantially interfere with or limit a child or adolescent from achieving or maintaining one or more developmentally-appropriate social, behavioral, cognitive, communicative, or adaptive skills. Functional impairments of episodic, recurrent, and continuous duration are included unless they are temporary and expected responses to stressful events in their environment. Children who would have met functional impairment criteria during the referenced year without the benefit of treatment or other support services are included in this

definition....” (p. 29425). Source: Federal Register 58(96): 29422-29425. May 20, 1993; <http://www.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/federal-register-notice-58-96-definitions.pdf>

Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF)

GAF is a numeric scale (0-100) that subjectively rates individuals (18 years old and above) in the areas of social, occupational, and psychological functioning. A higher score means a higher level of functioning. This is reported as Axis V in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM). Source: MH-CLD Instruction Manual (V. 2.5)

Children’s Global Assessment Scale (CGAS)

CGAS is a numeric scale (0-100) widely used by mental health clinicians to measure the overall severity of disturbance among children under the age of 18. A higher score means higher level of functioning in all areas measured by the instrument (i.e., social, psychological, and occupational functioning of a child). This is reported as Axis V in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM). Source: MH-CLD Instruction Manual (V. 2.5)

Appendix D, Table 1. Children’s Global Assessment Scale (CGAS)

Code	Description of Functioning
100-91	Superior functioning
90-81	Good functioning
80-71	No more than a slight impairment in functioning
70-61	Some difficulty in a single area, but generally functioning pretty well
60-51	Variable functioning with sporadic difficulties
50-41	Moderate degree of interference in functioning
40-31	Major impairment to functioning in several areas
30-21	Unable to function in almost all areas
20-11	Need considerable supervision
10-1	Needs constant supervision
0	Inadequate information

Source:[http://www.excellenceforchildand youth.ca/sites/default/files/meas_attach/Childrens_Global_Assessment_Scale_\(CGAS\).pdf](http://www.excellenceforchildand youth.ca/sites/default/files/meas_attach/Childrens_Global_Assessment_Scale_(CGAS).pdf)

Appendix D, Table 2. Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) Scale

GAF Range	Description of Level of Functioning
100-91	Superior functioning in a wide range of activities, life's problems never seem to get out of hand, is sought out by others because of his or her many positive qualities. No symptoms.
90-81	Absent minimal symptoms (e.g., mild anxiety before an exam), good functioning in all areas, interested and involved in a wide range of activities, socially effective, generally satisfied with life, no more than everyday problems or concerns (e.g., an occasional argument with family members)
80-71	If symptoms are present, they are transient and expectable reactions to psychosocial stressors (e.g., difficulty concentration after family argument); no more than slight impairment in social, occupational, or school functioning (e.g., temporarily falling behind in school work).
70-61	Some mild symptoms (e.g., depressed mood and mild insomnia) OR some difficulty in social, occupational, or school functioning (e.g., occasional truancy, or theft within the household), but generally functioning pretty well, has some meaningful interpersonal relationships.
60-51	Moderate symptoms (e.g., flat and circumstantial speech, occasional panic attacks) OR moderate difficulty in social occupational, or social functioning (e.g., few friends, conflicts with co-workers)
50-41	Serious symptoms (e.g., suicidal ideation, severe obsession rituals, frequent shoplifting) OR any serious impairment in social, occupational, or school functioning (e.g., no friends, unable to keep a job).
40-31	Some impairment in reality testing or communication (e.g., speech is at times illogical, obscure, or irrelevant) OR major impairment in several areas, such as work or school, family relations, judgment, thinking, or mood (e.g., depressed man avoids friends, neglect family, and is unable to work, child frequently beats up younger children, is defiant at home, and is failing at school).
30-21	Behavior is considerably influenced by delusions or hallucinations OR serious impairment in communication or judgment (e.g., sometimes incoherent, acts grossly inappropriately, suicidal preoccupation) OR inability to function in almost all areas (e.g., stays in bed all day, no job, home or friends).
20-11	Some danger of hurting self or others (e.g., suicide attempts without clear expectation of death, frequently violent, manic excitement) OR occasionally fails to maintain minimal personal hygiene (e.g., smears faces) OR gross impairment in communication (e.g., largely incoherent or mute).
10-1	Persistent danger of severely hurting self or others (e.g., recurrent violence) OR persistent inability to maintain minimal personal hygiene OR serious suicidal act with clear expectation of death.
0	Inadequate information

Source:[https://www.omh.ny.gov/omhweb/childservice/mrt/global_assessment_functioning.pdf]

APPENDIX E

MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE USE DIAGNOSIS CODES

Mental Health Diagnostic Groups with Corresponding ICD-9 Diagnostic Codes

The listings below group ICD-9 codes into Clinical Classification Software (CCS) mental health “multi-level” diagnostic category codes (5.1, 5.2, and so on;) and their labels (adjustment disorders, anxiety disorders, and so on). Notes:

- Underlined CCS diagnostic groups are displayed in one or more tables in this report; records with ICD-9 codes in other diagnostic groups are grouped together as “other” mental health diagnoses.
- *Italicized codes* in parentheses are nonstandard ICD-9 codes in the data that were recognized to belong to the same CCS mental health diagnostic group.
- Entries in brackets ([650], [651], and so on) are “single level CCS diagnosis categories” that are otherwise ignored in this report but are noted here for convenience.
- The ICD-9 diagnostic codes shown below have omitted the decimal point after the first three digits.

5.1 Adjustment disorders [650]¹⁷

3090 3091 30922 30923 30924 30928 30929 3093 3094 30982 30983 30989 3099
(309 30900 30910 30920 30930 30940 30980 3098 30990)

5.2 Anxiety disorders [651]

29384 30000 30001 30002 30009 30010 30020 30021 30022 30023 30029 3003 3005 30089 3009
3080 3081 3082 3083 3084 3089 30981 3130 3131 31321 31322 3133 31382 31383
(3000 300 3001 3002 30030 30050 30090 30800 308 30810 30820 30830 30840 30890 313
31300 3138 31380)

5.3 Attention deficit, conduct, and disruptive behavior disorders [652.]

5.3.1 Conduct disorder [6521]

31200 31201 31202 31203 31210 31211 31212 31213 31220 31221 31222 31223 3124 3128 31281
31282 31289 3129
(312 3120 3121 3122 31240 31280 31290)

5.3.2 Oppositional defiant disorder [6522]

31381

¹⁷ For these and other underlined (i.e., tabulated) CCS diagnostic groups, table column and row headers drop the word “disorders” from the description.

5.3.3 Attention deficit disorder and Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder [6523]

31400 31401 3141 3142 3148 3149

(314 3140 31410 31480 31490)

5.4 Delirium, dementia, and amnestic and other cognitive disorders [653.]¹⁸

2900 29010 29011 29012 29013 29020 29021 2903 29040 29041 29042 29043 2908 2909 2930
2931 2940 2941 29410 29411 29420 29421 2948 2949 3100 3102 3108 31081 31089 3109
3310 3311 33111 33119 3312 33182 797

*(29000 290 2901 2902 29030 2904 29080 29090 293 29300 29400 294 2942 29480 29490 310
31000 31020 31090 331 33100 33110)*

5.5 Developmental disorders [654.]

5.5.1 Communication disorders [6541]

3070 3079 31531 31534 31535 31539 V401

(30700 307 30790)

5.5.2 Developmental disabilities [6542]

31501 31502 31509 31532 3155 3158

(31550 31580)

5.5.3 Intellectual disabilities [6543]

317 3180 3181 3182 319

(3170 31700 318 31800 31810 31820 31900)

5.5.4 Learning disorders [6544]

31500 3151 3152 3159 V400

(3150 315 31510 3152)

5.5.5 Motor skill disorders [6545]

3154

(31540)

5.6 Disorders usually diagnosed in infancy, childhood, or adolescence [655.]

5.6.1 Elimination disorders [6551]

3076 3077

(30760 30770)

¹⁸ Referred to as “delirium/dementia” in tables and text.

5.6.2 Other disorders of infancy, childhood, or adolescence [6552]

3073 30921 31323 31389 3139

(31390)

5.6.3 Pervasive developmental disorders [6553]

29900 29901 29910 29911 29980 29981 29990 29991

(299 2991 2998 2999)

5.6.4 Tic disorders [6554] 655

30720 30721 30722 30723

5.7 Impulse control disorders, not elsewhere classified [656.]

31230 31231 31232 31233 31234 31235 31239

(3123)

5.8 Mood disorders [657.]

5.8.1 Bipolar disorders [6571]

29600 29601 29602 29603 29604 29605 29606 29610 29611 29612 29613 29614 29615 29616
29640 29641 29642 29643 29644 29645 29646 29650 29651 29652 29653 29654 29655 29656
29660 29661 29662 29663 29664 29665 29666 2967 29680 29681 29682 29689 29690 29699

(296 2960 2961 2964 2965 2966 29670 2968 2969)

5.8.2 Depressive disorders [6572]

29383 29620 29621 29622 29623 29624 29625 29626 29630 29631 29632 29633 29634 29635
29636 3004 311

(2962 2963 30040 31100 3110)

5.9 Personality disorders [658]

3010 30110 30111 30112 30113 30120 30121 30122 3013 3014 30150 30151 30159 3016 3017
30181 30182 30183 30184 30189 3019

(30100 301 3011 3012 30130 30140 3015 30160 30170 30190)

5.10 Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders [659.]¹⁹

29381 29382 29500 29501 29502 29503 29504 29505 29510 29511 29512 29513 29514 29515
29520 29521 29522 29523 29524 29525 29530 29531 29532 29533 29534 29535 29540 29541
29542 29543 29544 29545 29550 29551 29552 29553 29554 29555 29560 29561 29562 29563
29564 29565 29570 29571 29572 29573 29574 29575 29580 29581 29582 29583 29584 29585
29590 29591 29592 29593 29594 29595 2970 2971 2972 2973 2978 2979 2980 2981 2982
2983 2984 2988 2989

¹⁹ Referred to as “Schizophrenia, other psychotic” in tables.

(295 2950 2951 2952 2953 2954 2955 2956 2957 2958 2959 29700 297 29710 29720 20730
20780 20790 29800 298 29810 29820 29830 29840 29880 29890)

5.11 Alcohol-related disorders [660]²⁰

2910 2911 2912 2913 2914 2915 2918 29181 29182 29189 2919 30300 30301 30302 30303
30390 30391 30392 30393 30500 30501 30502 30503 3575 4255 53530 53531 5710 5711 5712
5713 76071 9800

(29100 291 29110 29120 29130 29140 29150 29180 20190 303 3030 3039 305 3050)

5.12 Substance-related disorders [661]²⁰

2920 29211 29212 2922 29281 29282 29283 29284 29285 29289 2929 30400 30401 30402 30403
30410 30411 30412 30413 30420 30421 30422 30423 30430 30431 30432 30433 30440 30441
30442 30443 30450 30451 30452 30453 30460 30461 30462 30463 30470 30471 30472 30473
30480 30481 30482 30483 30490 30491 30492 30493 30520 30521 30522 30523 30530 30531
30532 30533 30540 30541 30542 30543 30550 30551 30552 30553 30560 30561 30562 30563
30570 30571 30572 30573 30580 30581 30582 30583 30590 30591 30592 30593 64830 64831 64832
64833 64834 65550 65551 65553 76072 76073 76075 7795 96500 96501 96502 96509 V6542

(292 29200 20220 20290 304 3040 3041 3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049 3052
3053 3054 3055 3057 3058 3059)

5.13 Suicide and intentional self-inflicted injury [662]

E9500 E9501 E9502 E9503 E9504 E9505 E9506 E9507 E9508 E9509 E9510 E9511 E9518
E9520 E9521 E9528 E9529 E9530 E9531 E9538 E9539 E954 E9550 E9551 E9552 E9553
E9554 E9555 E9556 E9557 E9559 E956 E9570 E9571 E9572 E9579 E9580 E9581 E9582
E9583 E9584 E9585 E9586 E9587 E9588 E9589 E959 V6284

5.14 Screening and history of mental health and substance use codes [663]

33392 V110 V111 V112 V114 V118 V119 V154 V1541 V1542 V1549 V1582 V6285
V663 V701 V702 V7101 V7102 V7109 V790 V792 V793 V798 V799 3051 30510
30511 30512 30513 5353 7903 V113 V791

²⁰ Regardless of their “co-occurring” flag in the data, individuals reported to be diagnosed with only alcohol-related disorders and/or substance-related disorders are not counted as having co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders for the purpose of Chapter 6; some other, non-alcohol and non-substance-related disorder diagnosis is necessary.

5.15 Miscellaneous mental disorders [670]

30012 30013 30014 30015 3006 3071 30750 30751 30752 30753 30754 30759 30016
30019 3060 3061 3062 3063 3064 30650 30652 30653 30659 3066 3067 3068 3069
3021 3022 3023 3024 30250 30251 30252 30253 3026 30270 30271 30272 30273 30274
30275 30276 30279 30281 30282 30283 30284 30285 30289 3029 30651 30740 30741
30742 30743 30744 30745 30746 30747 30748 30749 30011 3007 30081 30082 30780
30781 30789 29389 2939 3101 316 64840 64841 64842 64843 64844 V402 V403 V4031
V4039 V409 V673

*(30060 30710 3075 306 30600 30610 30630 30640 30680 30690 30210 30220 30230
30240 3025 30260 3027 30290 30070 3078 29390 31010 31600 316 3160 6484 V4020
V4030 V4090)*

TEDS substance use diagnosis codes

291 - 291.99: Alcoholic Psychoses

292.00-292.99: Drug Psychoses

303.00-303.89: Alcohol Intoxication

303.90-303.99: Alcohol Dependence

304.00-304.09: Opioid Dependence

304.20-304.29: Marijuana Dependence

304.30-304.39: Marijuana Dependence

304.10-304.19,

304.40-304.99,

305.10-305.19: Other Substance Dependence

305.00-305.09: Alcohol Use

305.60-305.69: Cocaine Use

305.20-305.29: Marijuana Use

305.50-305.59: Opioid Use

305.30-305.49,

305.70-305.99: Other Substance Use

APPENDIX F

TERMS AND ACRONYMS

Admission

Admission indicates the beginning of mental health service provision to a person with mental illness through programs under the auspices of the State Mental Health Agency (SMHA). This includes new admissions (someone who has never received any services from the SMHA) and readmissions (someone who had previously received services from the SMHA, had been discharged, and started receiving services during the reporting period).

ADHD – Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder.

ADHD is a chronic condition marked by persistent inattention, hyperactivity, and sometimes impulsivity. ADHD begins in childhood and often lasts into adulthood.

ADD – Attention Deficit Disorder.

ADD is a condition whose symptoms include impulsiveness and a short attention span. ADHD is a common condition that affects children and adolescents, while ADD is more common in individuals.

CBHSQ – Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality.

A center within the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), CBHSQ is the lead government agency for behavioral health statistics as designed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). [Source: <http://www.samhsa.gov/about-us/who-we-are/offices-centers/cbhsq>].

CD – Conduct disorder.

CD is a serious behavioral and emotional disorder that can occur in children and teens. A child with this disorder may display a pattern of disruptive and violent behavior and have problems following rules.

CGAS – Children's Global Assessment Scale.

CGAS is a numeric scale (0-100) widely used by mental health clinicians to measure the overall severity of disturbance among children under the age of 18. A higher score means higher level of functioning in all areas measured by the instrument (i.e., social, psychological, and occupational functioning of child). This is reported as Axis V in Diagnostic Statistical Manual of Mental Disorder (DSM).

DSM-5 – Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition.

DSM-5 is the standard classification of mental disorders used by mental health professionals in the United States. DSM consists of three major components: the diagnostic classification, the diagnostic criteria sets, and the descriptive text. [Source: APA <https://www.psychiatry.org/psychiatrists/practice/dsm>]

GED – General Educational Development.

GED is designed for people who, for various reasons, did not graduate from high school but want a certificate equivalent to the traditional high school diploma.

ICD-9-CM – International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification.

ICD-9-CM is based on the World Health Organization's Ninth Revision, International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9). ICD-9-CM is the official system of assigning codes to diagnoses and procedures associated with hospital utilization in the United States.

ODD – Oppositional Defiant Disorder.

ODD is a childhood disorder that is characterized by negative, defiant, disobedient, and often hostile behavior toward individuals and authority figures primarily.

PDD – Pervasive Developmental Disorders.

PDD refers to a group of conditions that involve delays in the development of many basic skills. Most notable among them are the ability to socialize with others, to communicate, and to use imagination.

Source: MH-CLD Instruction Manual (V. 2.5) and Combined SA and MH TEDS State Instruction Manual (V.4.1)

APPENDIX G

LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

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Production of the report at SAMHSA was managed by Cathie Alderks. SAMHSA contributors and reviewers, listed alphabetically, include Cathie Alderks, Herman Alvarado, Elizabeth Hoeffel, Sharon Liu, Laura Milazzo-Sayre, and Nichele Waller.